

Converting Colors

CIE LCh(23, 2.134, 21.535)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(23, 2.134, 21.535) contains.

CIELCh(23, 1.860, 19.644)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	11
<i>Previews</i>	20
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	23
<i>CSS Examples</i>	26

Color

CIELCh(23, 1.860, 19.644)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	3A3636
RGB	58, 54, 54
RGB Percent	23%, 21%, 21%
CMY	0.7727, 0.7883, 0.7883
CMYK	0.00, 0.07, 0.07, 0.77
HSL	0°, 4%, 22%
HSV	0°, 7%, 23%
XYZ	3.7262, 3.8003, 4.0235
YIQ	55.1960, 2.3840, 0.8480

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

Format	Color
R_{YB}	58, 54, 54
Decimal	3814966
CIE Lab	23.00, 1.75, 0.63
CIE LCh	23, 1.860, 19.644
Yxy	3.8003, 0.3226, 0.3290
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4282005046 (0xFF3A3636)
YUV	55.1960, -0.5896, 2.4591
Hunter-Lab	19.4944, 0.0036, 1.4090

Details

The CIELCh color **23, 1.860, 19.644** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **333333**. A complement of this color would be **24, 1.792, 199.232**, and the grayscale version is **23, 0.004, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **43, 1.667, 19.414**, and **3, 1.591, 19.375** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **21, 4.711, 20.364**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **25, 0.807, 199.577**.

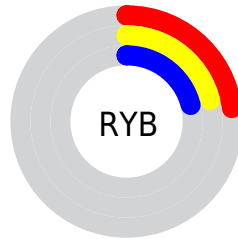
Distribution



Red (23%)

Green (21%)

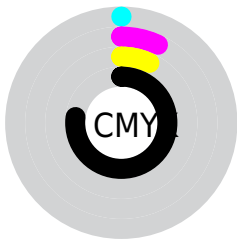
Blue (21%)



Red (23%)

Yellow (21%)

Blue (21%)

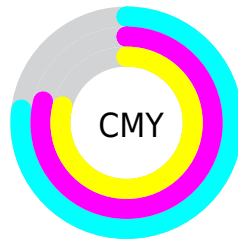


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (7%)

Yellow (7%)

Black (77%)



Cyan (77%)

Magenta (79%)

Yellow (79%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 23, 1.860, 19.644 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 23, 1.860, 19.644 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 23, 1.860, 19.644 ■ 23, 1.860, 19.644

100, 1.860, 19.644 ■ 13, 1.860, 19.644

■ 43, 1.860, 19.644 ■ 3, 1.860, 19.644

■ 53, 1.860, 19.644 ■ 0, 1.860, 19.644

■ 63, 1.860, 19.644

■ 73, 1.860, 19.644

■ 83, 1.860, 19.644

■ 93, 1.860, 19.644

■ 23, 1.860, 19.644 ■ 23, 1.860, 19.644

■ 21, 4.711, 20.364 ■ 25, 0.807, 199.577

19, 7.754, 21.158	27, 3.299, 198.953
17, 10.985, 22.139	29, 5.632, 198.590
15, 14.390, 23.370	31, 7.821, 198.302
14, 17.931, 24.919	33, 9.882, 198.066
12, 21.474, 26.447	35, 11.826, 197.869
11, 24.566, 26.607	38, 13.669, 197.704
10, 27.146, 26.081	40, 15.420, 197.563
8, 29.819, 25.102	42, 17.090, 197.443

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



23, 1.860, 19.644



24, 1.792, 199.232

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



23, 1.860, 19.644



23, 1.860, 69.644



23, 1.860, 199.644



23, 1.860, 249.644

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



23, 1.859, 19.668



32, 0.669, 19.124



23, 3.246, 324.733



15, 0.373, 19.045



68, 0.008, 296.813



15, 0.003, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



23, 1.859, 19.668



30, 2.731, 19.775



24, 1.611, 74.608



9, 1.458, 19.767



17, 46.054, 34.468



46, 93.314, 40.003

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



24, 1.792, 199.232



32, 2.610, 199.141



23, 1.593, 256.261



10, 1.395, 199.148



35, 23.749, 196.427



80, 44.702, 196.431

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 23, 1.860, 19.644 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

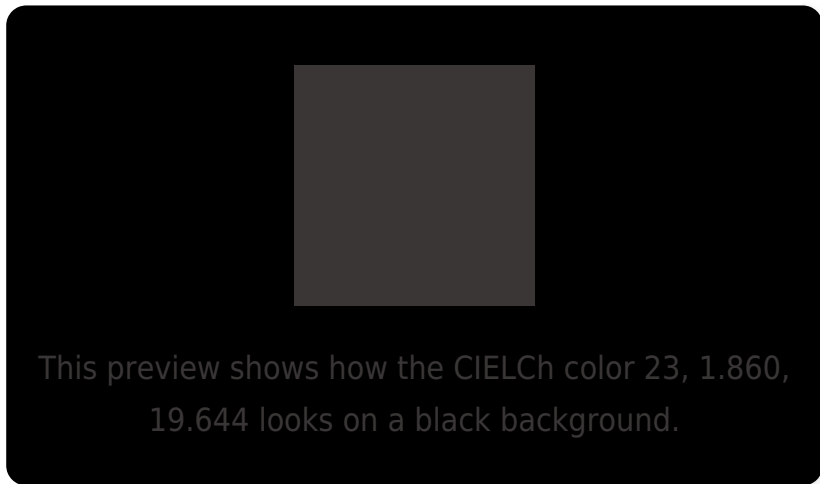
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

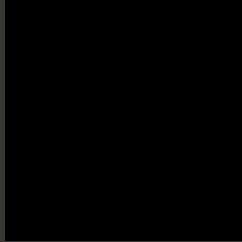
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 23, 1.860, 19.644

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 23, 1.860, 19.644.

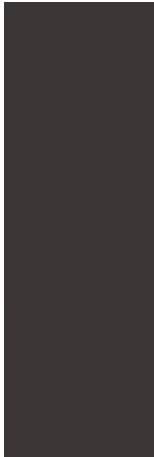


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 23, 1.860, 19.644.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color


23, 1.860, 19.644

Protanopia

23, 0.803, 74.866

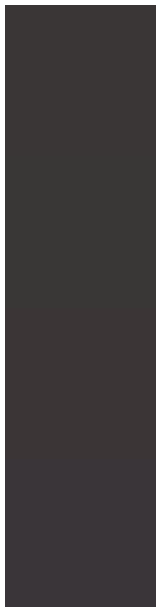
Deuteranopia

23, 3.340, 8.540



Tritanopia
23, 4.060, 324.820

Trichromacy



Original Color

23, 1.860, 19.644

Protanomaly

23, 1.134, 55.164

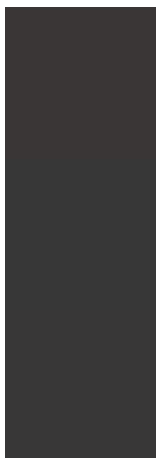
Deuteranomaly

23, 2.878, 6.546

Tritanomaly

23, 3.533, 330.950

Monochromacy



Original Color

23, 1.860, 19.644

Achromatopsia

23, 0.004, 296.813

Achromatomaly

23, 0.460, 19.007

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 23, 1.860, 19.644 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(58, 54, 54)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(58, 54, 54)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(58, 54, 54) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(58, 54, 54) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 23, 1.860, 19.644 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(58, 54, 54) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(58, 54, 54) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(58, 54, 54) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(58, 54, 54); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(58, 54, 54);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(58, 54, 54)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 23, 1.860, 19.644 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(58, 54, 54) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(58, 54,  
54) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)

**Follow me
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor