

Converting Colors

CIELCh(23, 2.553, 40.825)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(23, 2.553, 40.825) contains.

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Color

CIELCh(23, 2.703, 49.114)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	3B3634
RGB	59, 54, 52
RGB Percent	23%, 21%, 20%
CMY	0.7691, 0.7887, 0.7965
CMYK	0.00, 0.08, 0.12, 0.77
HSL	17°, 6%, 22%
HSV	17°, 12%, 23%
XYZ	3.7273, 3.8003, 3.7720
YIQ	55.2670, 3.6220, 0.4380

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

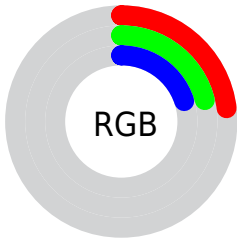
Format	Color
R_{YB}	59, 55, 52
Decimal	3880500
CIE Lab	23.00, 1.77, 2.04
CIE LCh	23, 2.703, 49.114
Yxy	3.8003, 0.3299, 0.3363
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4282070580 (0xFF3B3634)
YUV	55.2670, -1.6106, 3.2738
Hunter-Lab	19.4944, 0.0141, 2.1740

Details

The CIELCh color **23, 2.703, 49.114** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **333333**. A complement of this color would be **24, 2.553, 230.609**, and the grayscale version is **23, 0.004, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **43, 2.760, 60.078**, and **3, 2.830, 54.129** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **21, 5.146, 48.717**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **25, 0.414, 49.194**.

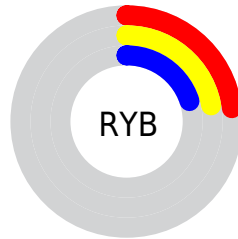
Distribution



Red (23%)

Green (21%)

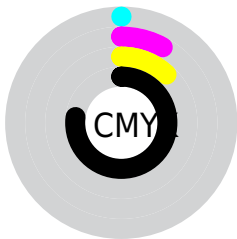
Blue (20%)



Red (23%)

Yellow (22%)

Blue (20%)

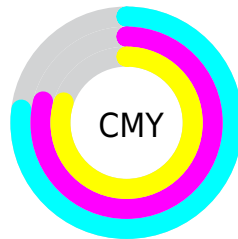


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (8%)

Yellow (12%)

Black (77%)



Cyan (77%)

Magenta (79%)

Yellow (80%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 23, 2.703, 49.114 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 23, 2.703, 49.114 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 23, 2.703, 49.114

■ 23, 2.703, 49.114

■ 100, 2.703, 49.114

■ 13, 2.703, 49.114

■ 43, 2.703, 49.114

■ 3, 2.703, 49.114

■ 53, 2.703, 49.114

■ 0, 2.703, 49.114

■ 63, 2.703, 49.114

■ 73, 2.703, 49.114

■ 83, 2.703, 49.114

■ 93, 2.703, 49.114

■ 23, 2.703, 49.114

■ 23, 2.703, 49.114

■ 21, 5.146, 48.717

■ 25, 0.414, 49.194

■ 20, 7.755, 48.334	■ 26, 1.736, 230.377
■ 19, 10.542, 48.020	■ 28, 3.759, 230.868
■ 17, 13.511, 47.793	■ 29, 5.669, 231.420
■ 16, 16.660, 47.665	■ 31, 7.477, 231.989
■ 15, 19.761, 47.087	■ 32, 9.196, 232.562
■ 13, 22.324, 45.146	■ 34, 10.835, 233.134
■ 12, 24.578, 42.951	■ 35, 12.402, 233.699
■ 11, 26.378, 41.728	■ 37, 13.906, 234.256

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



23, 2.703, 49.114



24, 2.553, 230.609

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



23, 2.703, 49.114



23, 2.703, 99.114



23, 2.703, 229.114



23, 2.703, 279.114

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



23, 2.703, 49.135



32, 1.103, 49.365



23, 4.657, 334.279



15, 0.770, 49.365



68, 0.008, 296.813



15, 0.003, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



23, 2.703, 49.135



30, 3.998, 49.019



24, 3.681, 98.191



11, 1.289, 49.268



21, 42.626, 46.274



51, 86.125, 46.387

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



24, 2.553, 230.609



31, 3.723, 230.788



22, 3.721, 280.648



11, 1.240, 230.419



26, 22.585, 249.874



62, 43.359, 254.095

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 23, 2.703, 49.114 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

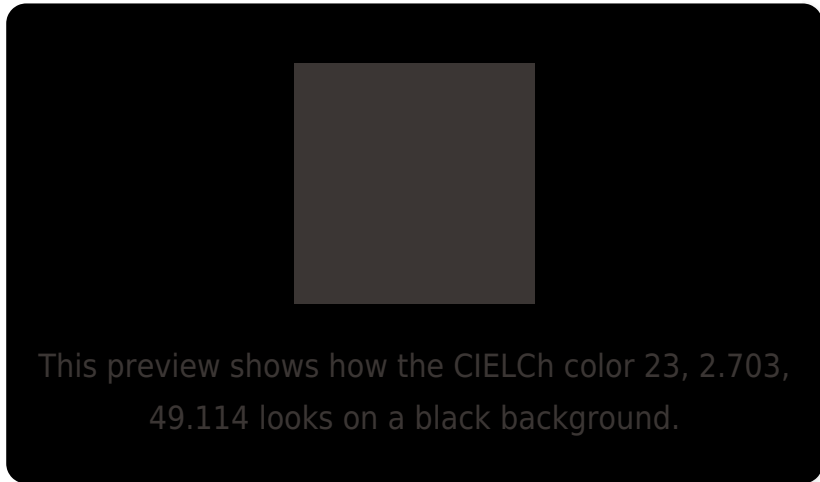
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

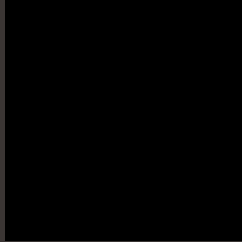
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

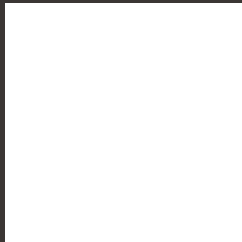
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 23, 2.703, 49.114

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 23, 2.703, 49.114.

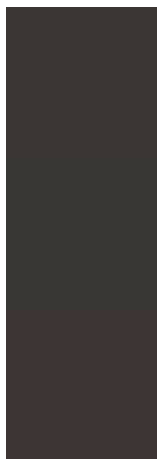


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 23, 2.703, 49.114.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

23, 2.703, 49.114

Protanopia

23, 2.042, 96.483

Deuteranopia

23, 3.849, 29.976



Tritanopia
23, 4.191, 340.742

Trichromacy



Original Color

23, 2.703, 49.114

Protanomaly

23, 2.195, 84.420

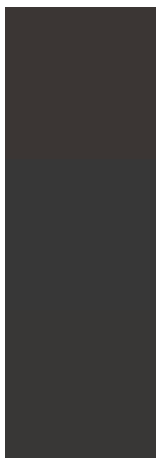
Deuteranomaly

23, 3.375, 31.300

Tritanomaly

23, 3.520, 357.865

Monochromacy



Original Color

23, 2.703, 49.114

Achromatopsia

23, 0.004, 296.813

Achromatomaly

23, 0.803, 74.866

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 23, 2.703, 49.114 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(59, 54, 52)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(59, 54, 52)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(59, 54, 52) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(59, 54, 52) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 23, 2.703, 49.114 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(59, 54, 52) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(59, 54, 52) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(59, 54, 52)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(59, 54, 52); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(59, 54, 52);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(59, 54, 52)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 23, 2.703, 49.114 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(59, 54, 52) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(59, 54,  
52) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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