

# Converting Colors

CIELCh(23, 2.804, 19.867)

Have a look what the booklet for  
CIELCh(23, 2.804, 19.867) contains.

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# Color

**CIELCh(23, 2.804, 19.867)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	3C3636
RGB	60, 54, 54
RGB Percent	24%, 21%, 21%
CMY	0.7666, 0.7901, 0.7901
CMYK	0.00, 0.10, 0.10, 0.77
HSL	0°, 5%, 22%
HSV	0°, 10%, 23%
XYZ	3.7848, 3.8003, 3.9645
YIQ	55.7940, 3.5760, 1.2720

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	60, 54, 54
Decimal	3946038
CIELab	23.00, 2.64, 0.95
CIELCh	23, 2.804, 19.867
Yxy	3.8003, 0.3277, 0.3290
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4282136118 (0xFF3C3636)
YUV	55.7940, -0.8844, 3.6887
Hunter-Lab	19.4944, 0.5399, 1.5886

# Details

The CIELCh color **23, 2.804, 19.867** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **333333**. A complement of this color would be **25, 2.654, 199.033**, and the grayscale version is **23, 0.004, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **43, 2.508, 19.588**, and **3, 2.753, 19.388** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **21, 5.781, 20.597**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **25, 0.019, 7.093**.

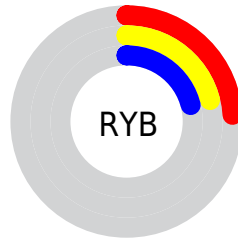
# Distribution



Red (24%)

Green (21%)

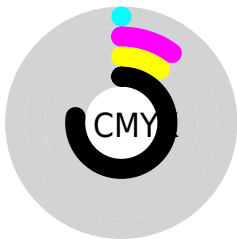
Blue (21%)



Red (24%)

Yellow (21%)

Blue (21%)

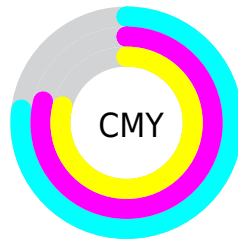


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (10%)

Yellow (10%)

Black (77%)



Cyan (77%)

Magenta (79%)

Yellow (79%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 23, 2.804, 19.867 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 23, 2.804, 19.867 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 23, 2.804, 19.867      ■ 23, 2.804, 19.867

■ 100, 2.804, 19.867      ■ 13, 2.804, 19.867

■ 43, 2.804, 19.867      ■ 3, 2.804, 19.867

■ 53, 2.804, 19.867      ■ 0, 2.804, 19.867

■ 63, 2.804, 19.867

■ 73, 2.804, 19.867

■ 83, 2.804, 19.867

■ 93, 2.804, 19.867

■ 23, 2.804, 19.867      ■ 23, 2.804, 19.867

■ 21, 5.781, 20.597      ■ 25, 0.019, 7.093

19, 8.956, 21.450	27, 2.583, 199.082
17, 12.322, 22.514	29, 5.017, 198.680
15, 15.854, 23.852	31, 7.298, 198.372
14, 19.509, 25.536	34, 9.442, 198.120
12, 23.067, 26.901	36, 11.464, 197.911
11, 26.078, 26.942	38, 13.376, 197.736
10, 28.655, 26.401	40, 15.192, 197.588
9, 31.413, 25.406	42, 16.921, 197.462

# Harmonies

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



23, 2.804, 19.867



25, 2.654, 199.033

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



23, 2.804, 19.867



23, 2.804, 69.867



23, 2.804, 199.867



23, 2.804, 249.867

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



23, 2.803, 19.883



32, 1.007, 19.306



23, 4.848, 324.894



15, 0.750, 19.368



68, 0.008, 296.813



15, 0.003, 296.813



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



23, 2.803, 19.883



29, 4.156, 20.052



24, 2.418, 74.301



10, 1.574, 19.773



17, 47.177, 34.878



46, 94.131, 40.001





# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



25, 2.654, 199.033



32, 3.881, 198.905



24, 2.371, 256.606



11, 1.503, 199.123



36, 24.209, 196.409



80, 45.100, 196.411



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 23, 2.804, 19.867 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

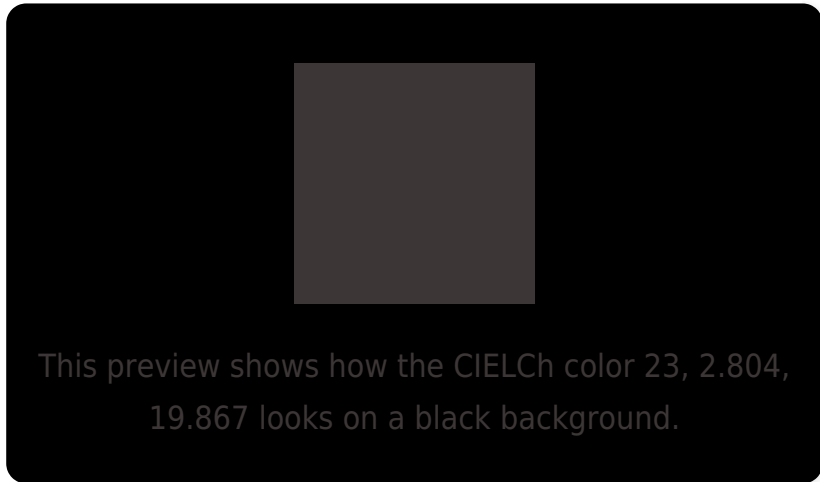
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

# Black Background



## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

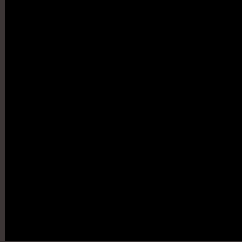
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**CIELCh 23, 2.804, 19.867**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 23, 2.804, 19.867.

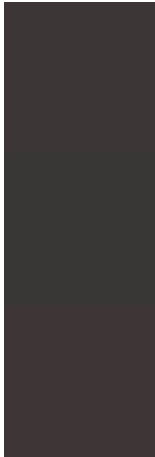


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 23, 2.804, 19.867.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

23, 2.804, 19.867

### Protanopia

23, 0.803, 74.866

### Deuteranopia

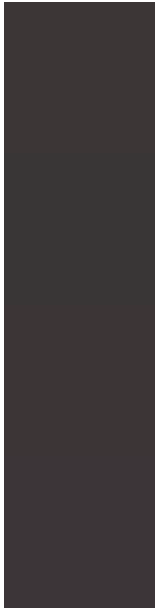
23, 3.807, 10.076



**Tritanopia**  
23, 4.191, 340.742



# Trichromacy



## Original Color

23, 2.804, 19.867

## Protanomaly

23, 1.391, 19.514

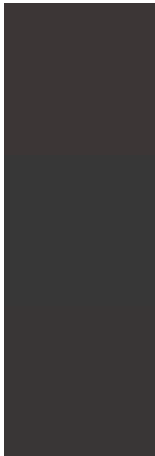
## Deuteranomaly

23, 3.340, 8.540

## Tritanomaly

23, 3.811, 348.540

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

23, 2.804, 19.867

## Achromatopsia

23, 0.004, 296.813

## Achromatomaly

23, 1.391, 19.514

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 23, 2.804, 19.867 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(60, 54, 54)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(60, 54, 54)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(60, 54, 54) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(60, 54, 54) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 23, 2.804, 19.867 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(60, 54, 54) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(60, 54, 54) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(60, 54, 54)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(60, 54, 54); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(60, 54, 54);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(60, 54, 54)  
}
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 23, 2.804, 19.867 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(60, 54, 54) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(60, 54,  
54) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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