

Converting Colors

CIELCh(23, 25.032, 206.579)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(23, 25.032, 206.579)
contains.

CIELCh(24, 17.927, 211.922)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	21
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	24
<i>CSS Examples</i>	27

Color

CIELCh(24, 17.927, 211.922)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	004047
RGB	0, 64, 71
RGB Percent	0%, 25%, 28%
CMY	1.0000, 0.7496, 0.7222
CMYK	1.00, 0.10, 0.00, 0.72
HSL	186°, 100%, 14%
HSV	186°, 100%, 28%
XYZ	2.9537, 4.1002, 6.5699
YIQ	45.6620, -40.3910, -11.3910

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

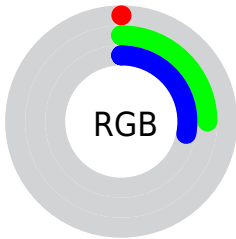
Format	Color
RYB	0, 34, 71
Decimal	16455
CIELab	24.00, -15.22, -9.48
CIELCh	24, 17.927, 211.922
Yxy	4.1002, 0.2168, 0.3010
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4278206535 (0xFF004047)
YUV	45.6620, 12.4916, -40.0456
Hunter-Lab	20.2490, -9.3979, -5.0628

Details

The CIELCh color **24, 17.927, 211.922** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **003333**. A complement of this color would be **13, 34.893, 33.946**, and the grayscale version is **19, 0.003, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **44, 17.910, 211.213**, and **6, 8.579, 225.750** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **24, 17.898, 211.950**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **24, 17.137, 211.080**.

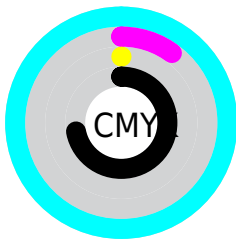
Distribution



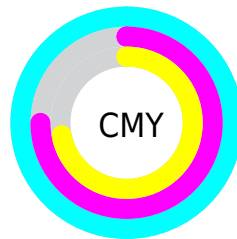
- Red (0%)
- Green (25%)
- Blue (28%)



- Red (0%)
- Yellow (13%)
- Blue (28%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (10%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (72%)





- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (75%)
- Yellow (72%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 24, 17.927, 211.922 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 24, 17.927, 211.922 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 24, 17.927,
211.922


 24, 17.927,
211.922

 100, 17.927,
211.922


 14, 17.927,
211.922


 44, 17.927,
211.922


 4, 17.927, 211.922

 54, 17.927,
211.922

 0, 17.927, 211.922

 64, 17.927,
211.922

 74, 17.927,
211.922

 84, 17.927,
211.922

 94, 17.927,

211.922

■ 24, 17.927,
211.922

■ 24, 17.927,
211.922

■ 24, 17.898,
211.950

■ 24, 17.137,
211.080

■ 25, 16.352,
210.159

■ 25, 15.265,
209.433

■ 26, 13.850,
208.905

■ 26, 12.127,
208.550

■ 27, 10.123,
208.340

■ 28, 7.871, 208.256

■ 28, 5.410, 208.281

■ 29, 2.775, 208.419

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



24, 17.927, 211.922



13, 34.893, 33.946

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



24, 17.927, 211.922



24, 17.927, 261.922



24, 17.927, 31.922



24, 17.927, 81.922

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



24, 17.898, 211.950



36, 9.722, 208.260



25, 45.417, 137.956



17, 6.494, 208.270



71, 0.009, 296.813



19, 0.004, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



24, 17.898, 211.950



32, 21.291, 212.637



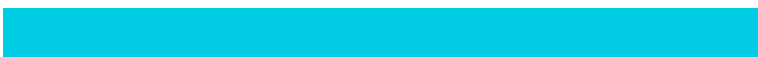
12, 30.089, 286.328



14, 1.561, 208.453



34, 22.496, 212.825



75, 40.867, 214.213

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



14, 42.830, 332.112



20, 50.963, 332.280



20, 30.370, 70.277



13, 2.918, 327.646



22, 53.850, 332.326



53, 97.831, 332.666

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 24, 17.927, 211.922 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 24, 17.927, 211.922 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

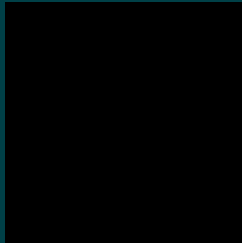
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

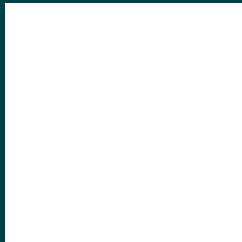
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 24, 17.927, 211.922

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 24, 17.927, 211.922.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 24, 17.927, 211.922.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

24, 17.927, 211.922

Protanopia

24, 5.972, 287.333

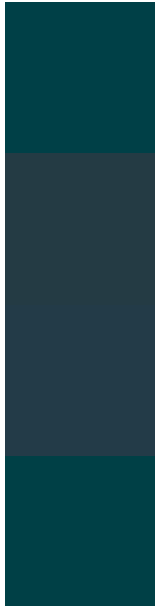
Deuteranopia

24, 10.620, 290.212



Tritanopia
24, 18.002, 207.377

Trichromacy



Original Color
24, 17.927, 211.922

Protanomaly
23, 10.401, 233.637

Deuteranomaly
24, 12.037, 244.676

Tritanomaly
24, 17.952, 209.645

Monochromacy



Original Color
24, 17.927, 211.922

Achromatopsia
19, 0.004, 296.813

Achromatomaly
20, 9.353, 210.480

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 24, 17.927, 211.922 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(0, 64, 71)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(0, 64, 71)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(0, 64, 71) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(0, 64, 71) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 24, 17.927, 211.922 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(0, 64, 71) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(0, 64, 71) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(0, 64, 71)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(0, 64, 71); -webkit-box-shadow:4px  
4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 64, 71); box-shadow:4px  
4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 64, 71) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 24, 17.927, 211.922 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(0, 64, 71) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(0, 64,  
71) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)

**Follow me
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor