

Converting Colors

CIELCh(23, 3.467, 305.845)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(23, 3.467, 305.845) contains.

CIELCh(23, 3.472, 305.855)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	11
<i>Previews</i>	20
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	23
<i>CSS Examples</i>	26

Color

CIELCh(23, 3.472, 305.855)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	38363B
RGB	56, 54, 59
RGB Percent	22%, 21%, 23%
CMY	0.7802, 0.7881, 0.7685
CMYK	0.05, 0.08, 0.00, 0.77
HSL	264°, 4%, 22%
HSV	264°, 8%, 23%
XYZ	3.7448, 3.8003, 4.6795
YIQ	55.1680, -0.4130, 1.9790

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

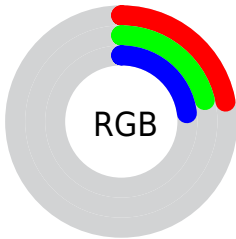
Format	Color
R_YB	56, 54, 59
Decimal	3683899
CIE Lab	23.00, 2.03, -2.81
CIE LCh	23, 3.472, 305.855
Yxy	3.8003, 0.3063, 0.3109
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4281873979 (0xFF38363B)
YUV	55.1680, 1.8892, 0.7297
Hunter-Lab	19.4944, 0.1737, -0.5860

Details

The CIELCh color **23, 3.472, 305.855** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **333333**. A complement of this color would be **25, 3.425, 125.152**, and the grayscale version is **23, 0.004, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **43, 3.131, 305.702**, and **3, 3.545, 304.950** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **21, 7.674, 306.328**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **25, 0.615, 125.493**.

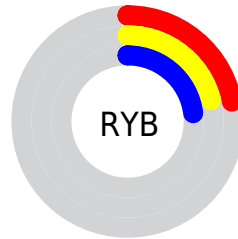
Distribution



 Red (22%)

 Green (21%)

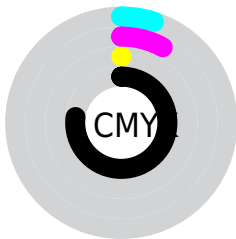
 Blue (23%)



 Red (22%)

 Yellow (21%)

 Blue (23%)

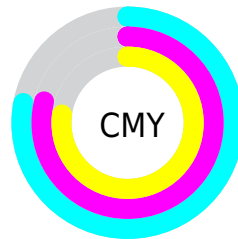


 Cyan (5%)

 Magenta (8%)

 Yellow (0%)

 Black (77%)



 Cyan (78%)

 Magenta (79%)

 Yellow (77%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 23, 3.472, 305.855 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 23, 3.472, 305.855 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 23, 3.472, 305.855

■ 23, 3.472, 305.855

100, 3.472,
305.855

■ 13, 3.472, 305.855

■ 43, 3.472, 305.855

■ 3, 3.472, 305.855

■ 53, 3.472, 305.855

■ 0, 3.472, 305.855

■ 63, 3.472, 305.855

■ 73, 3.472, 305.855

■ 83, 3.472, 305.855

■ 93, 3.472, 305.855

■ 23, 3.472, 305.855

■ 23, 3.472, 305.855

■ 21, 7.674, 306.328

■ 25, 0.615, 125.493

■ 19, 11.989,
306.845

■ 27, 4.584, 125.060

■ 16, 16.405,
307.401

■ 30, 8.440, 124.716

■ 14, 20.896,
307.988

■ 32, 12.186,
124.412

■ 12, 25.415,
308.586

■ 34, 15.828,
124.144

■ 10, 29.882,
309.166

■ 36, 19.369,
123.908

■ 8, 34.166, 309.680

■ 38, 22.816,
123.702

■ 6, 37.773, 309.764

■ 41, 26.174,
123.521

■ 5, 41.013, 309.561

■ 43, 29.446,
123.364

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



23, 3.472, 305.855



25, 3.425, 125.152

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



23, 3.472, 305.855



23, 3.472, 355.855



23, 3.472, 125.855



23, 3.472, 175.855

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



23, 3.471, 305.851



32, 1.518, 305.600



24, 1.854, 242.730



15, 1.130, 305.625



68, 0.008, 296.813



15, 0.003, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



23, 3.471, 305.851



30, 5.103, 305.943



23, 3.905, 321.564



10, 2.345, 305.852



11, 61.096, 310.578



33, 114.881, 309.738

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



23, 3.053, 339.122



30, 4.484, 339.265



24, 3.891, 140.905



10, 2.063, 339.123



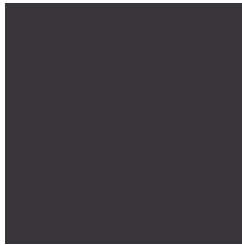
19, 42.737, 350.741



49, 78.505, 353.298

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 23, 3.472, 305.855 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

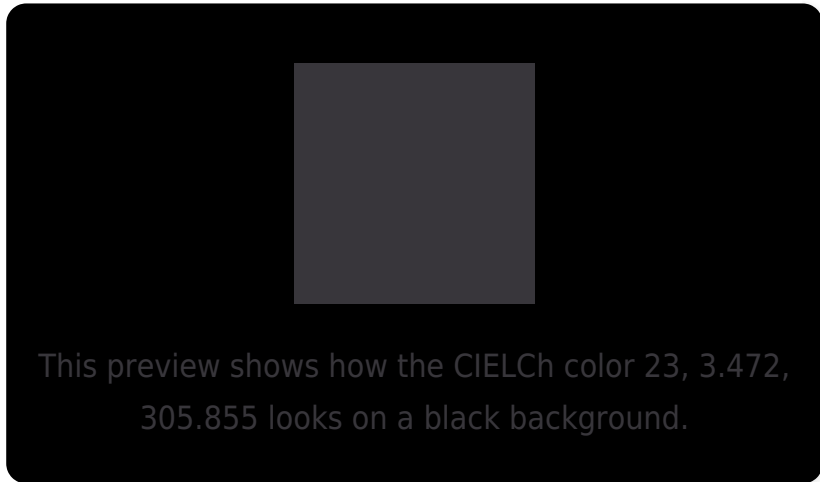
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

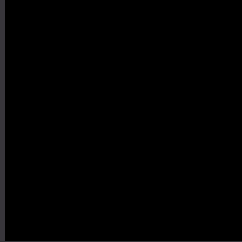
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

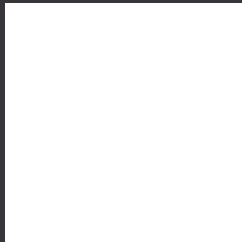
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 23, 3.472, 305.855

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 23, 3.472, 305.855.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 23, 3.472, 305.855.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color


23, 3.472, 305.855

Protanopia

23, 3.380, 298.504

Deuteranopia

23, 4.624, 320.175



Tritanopia
23, 2.834, 309.311

Trichromacy



Original Color

23, 3.472, 305.855

Protanomaly

23, 3.380, 298.504

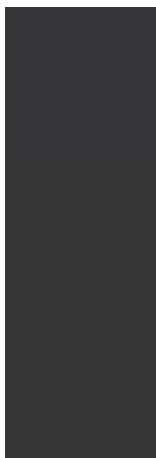
Deuteranomaly

23, 4.421, 315.016

Tritanomaly

23, 2.834, 309.311

Monochromacy



Original Color

23, 3.472, 305.855

Achromatopsia

23, 0.004, 296.813

Achromatomaly

23, 0.670, 290.364

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 23, 3.472, 305.855 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(56, 54, 59)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
  color:rgb(56, 54, 59)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(56, 54, 59) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(56, 54, 59) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 23, 3.472, 305.855 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(56, 54, 59) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(56, 54, 59) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(56, 54, 59)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(56, 54, 59); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(56, 54, 59);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(56, 54, 59)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 23, 3.472, 305.855 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(56, 54, 59) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(56, 54,  
59) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)

**Follow me
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor