

Converting Colors

CIELCh(23, 58.403, 304.081)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(23, 58.403, 304.081)
contains.

CIELCh(23, 58.667, 304.201)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	21
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	24
<i>CSS Examples</i>	27

Color

CIELCh(23, 58.667, 304.201)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	362781
RGB	54, 39, 129
RGB Percent	21%, 15%, 51%
CMY	0.7890, 0.8476, 0.4948
CMYK	0.58, 0.70, 0.00, 0.49
HSL	250°, 54%, 33%
HSV	250°, 70%, 51%
XYZ	6.1821, 3.8003, 21.1145
YIQ	53.7450, -19.9500, 31.1700

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

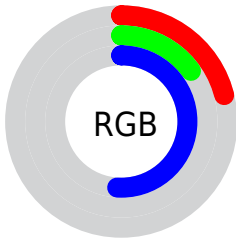
Format	Color
R_{YB}	54, 39, 129
Decimal	3549057
CIE _{Lab}	23.00, 32.98, -48.52
CIE _{LCh}	23, 58.667, 304.201
Yxy	3.8003, 0.1988, 0.1222
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4281739137 (0xFF362781)
YUV	53.7450, 37.1007, 0.2236
Hunter-Lab	19.4944, 22.4909, -50.5713

Details

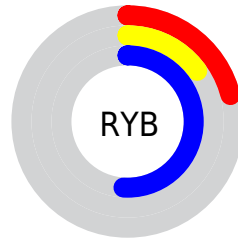
The CIELCh color **23, 58.667, 304.201** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **333399**. A complement of this color would be **51, 48.461, 112.330**, and the grayscale version is **22, 0.004, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **43, 59.034, 304.344**, and **5, 55.479, 305.160** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **19, 66.946, 305.447**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **27, 49.817, 302.854**.

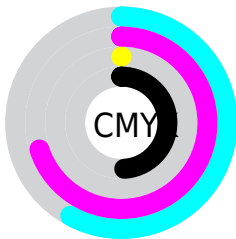
Distribution



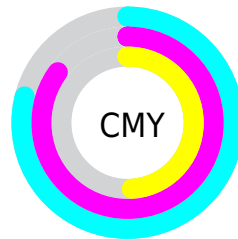
- Red (21%)
- Green (15%)
- Blue (51%)



- Red (21%)
- Yellow (15%)
- Blue (51%)



- Cyan (58%)
- Magenta (70%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (49%)





- Cyan (79%)
- Magenta (85%)
- Yellow (49%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 23, 58.667, 304.201 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 23, 58.667, 304.201 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 23, 58.667,
304.201


 23, 58.667,
304.201

 100, 58.667,
304.201


 13, 58.667,
304.201


 43, 58.667,
304.201


 3, 58.667, 304.201

 53, 58.667,
304.201

 0, 58.667, 304.201

 63, 58.667,
304.201

 73, 58.667,
304.201

 83, 58.667,
304.201

 93, 58.667,

304.201

■ 23, 58.667,
304.201

■ 23, 58.667,
304.201

■ 19, 66.946,
305.447

■ 27, 49.817,
302.854

■ 16, 73.841,
306.392

■ 31, 40.885,
301.534

■ 14, 79.424,
307.168

■ 36, 32.115,
300.312

■ 14, 79.518,
307.184

■ 40, 23.610,
299.215

■ 45, 15.405,
298.250

■ 49, 7.502, 297.408

■ 54, 0.111, 116.671

■ 58, 7.449, 116.049

■ 63, 14.529,
115.505

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



23, 58.667, 304.201



51, 48.461, 112.330

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



23, 58.667, 304.201



23, 58.667, 354.201



23, 58.667, 124.201



23, 58.667, 174.201

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



23, 58.667, 304.202



57, 20.349, 298.400



45, 23.305, 217.666



28, 13.768, 298.613



85, 0.010, 296.813



36, 0.005, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



23, 58.667, 304.202



25, 86.798, 306.077



28, 57.794, 316.712



24, 4.254, 297.350



14, 78.920, 307.191



0, 0.000, 0.000

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



32, 52.536, 333.714



40, 71.528, 334.833



48, 54.597, 131.066



25, 4.547, 329.876



28, 60.956, 335.883



0, 0.000, 0.000

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 23, 58.667, 304.201 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 23, 58.667, 304.201 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

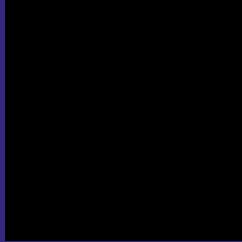
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 23, 58.667, 304.201

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 23, 58.667, 304.201.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 23, 58.667, 304.201.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

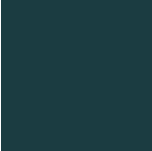
23, 58.667, 304.201

Protanopia

23, 40.277, 284.866

Deuteranopia

23, 28.313, 270.602



Tritanopia
23, 12.406, 213.210

Trichromacy



Original Color
23, 58.667, 304.201

Protanomaly
22, 47.202, 292.662

Deuteranomaly
22, 39.539, 288.489

Tritanomaly
22, 24.349, 283.936

Monochromacy



Original Color
23, 58.667, 304.201

Achromatopsia
23, 0.004, 296.813

Achromatomaly
22, 22.363, 300.650

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 23, 58.667, 304.201 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(54, 39, 129)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(54, 39, 129)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(54, 39, 129) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(54, 39, 129) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 23, 58.667, 304.201 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(54, 39, 129) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(54, 39, 129) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(54, 39, 129)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(54, 39, 129); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(54, 39, 129);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(54, 39,  
129) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 23, 58.667, 304.201 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(54, 39, 129) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(54, 39,  
129) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)

**Follow me
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor