

Converting Colors

CIELCh(24, 18.442, 293.734)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(24, 18.442, 293.734)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(24, 17.908, 292.671)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	363752
RGB	54, 55, 82
RGB Percent	21%, 22%, 32%
CMY	0.7890, 0.7850, 0.6792
CMYK	0.34, 0.33, 0.00, 0.68
HSL	238°, 21%, 27%
HSV	238°, 34%, 32%
XYZ	4.3842, 4.1002, 8.5038
YIQ	57.7790, -9.2630, 8.1850

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

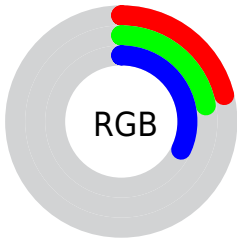
Format	Color
R_{YB}	54, 55, 82
Decimal	3553106
CIE _{Lab}	24.00, 6.90, -16.52
CIE _{LCh}	24, 17.908, 292.671
Yxy	4.1002, 0.2581, 0.2414
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4281743186 (0xFF363752)
YUV	57.7790, 11.9410, -3.3142
Hunter-Lab	20.2490, 3.2119, -10.7253

Details

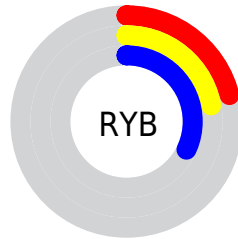
The CIELCh color $[24, 17.908, 292.671]$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex $\#333366$. A complement of this color would be $[34, 16.685, 105.599]$, and the grayscale version is $[24, 0.004, 296.813]$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $[44, 17.988, 292.691]$, and $[4, 17.895, 292.837]$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $[21, 23.586, 294.249]$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $[27, 12.440, 291.301]$.

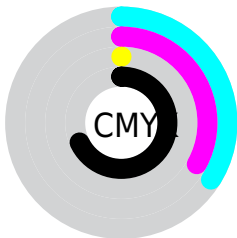
Distribution



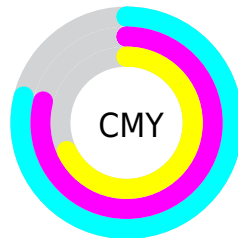
- Red (21%)
- Green (22%)
- Blue (32%)



- Red (21%)
- Yellow (22%)
- Blue (32%)



- Cyan (34%)
- Magenta (33%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (68%)



- Cyan (79%)
- Magenta (79%)
- Yellow (68%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 24, 17.908, 292.671 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 24, 17.908, 292.671 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 24, 17.908,
292.671

■ 24, 17.908,
292.671

■ 100, 17.908,
292.671

■ 14, 17.908,
292.671

■ 44, 17.908,
292.671

■ 4, 17.908, 292.671

■ 54, 17.908,
292.671

■ 0, 17.908, 292.671

■ 64, 17.908,
292.671

■ 74, 17.908,
292.671

■ 84, 17.908,
292.671

■ 94, 17.908,

292.671

■ 24, 17.908,
292.671

■ 24, 17.908,
292.671

■ 21, 23.586,
294.249

■ 27, 12.440,
291.301

■ 18, 29.474,
296.045

■ 30, 7.174, 290.121

■ 15, 35.537,
298.037

■ 33, 2.095, 289.115

■ 37, 2.811, 108.202

■ 12, 41.659,
300.156

■ 40, 7.554, 107.451

■ 9, 47.564, 302.256

■ 43, 12.146,
106.793

■ 7, 52.796, 304.008

■ 46, 16.597,
106.220

■ 6, 55.615, 304.714

■ 49, 20.914,
105.717

■ 52, 25.105,
105.276

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



24, 17.908, 292.671



34, 16.685, 105.599

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



24, 17.908, 292.671



24, 17.908, 342.671



24, 17.908, 112.671



24, 17.908, 162.671

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



24, 17.907, 292.671



41, 6.262, 289.711



33, 11.093, 193.237



20, 4.228, 289.792



74, 0.009, 296.813



22, 0.004, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



24, 17.907, 292.671



29, 27.230, 293.957



25, 19.223, 308.936



15, 2.788, 289.545



10, 67.398, 305.446



29, 123.135, 305.962

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



26, 13.479, 19.320



32, 20.675, 20.425



33, 18.307, 125.801



15, 2.020, 16.889



20, 50.801, 34.858



48, 95.936, 38.905

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 24, 17.908, 292.671 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 24, 17.908, 292.671 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

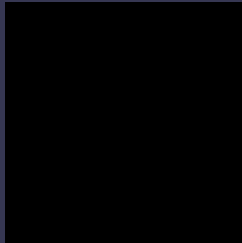
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 24, 17.908, 292.671

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 24, 17.908, 292.671.

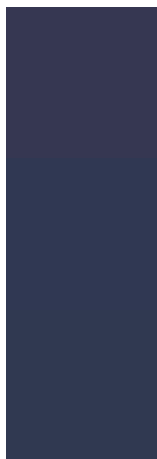


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 24, 17.908, 292.671.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

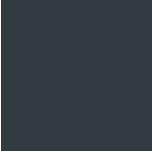
24, 17.908, 292.671

Protanopia

24, 18.031, 284.595

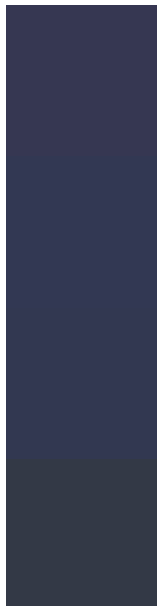
Deuteranopia

24, 16.113, 281.520



Tritanopia
24, 4.606, 234.129

Trichromacy



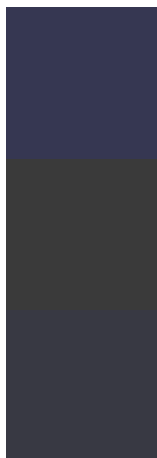
Original Color
24, 17.908, 292.671

Protanomaly
24, 17.952, 286.809

Deuteranomaly
24, 16.653, 285.884

Tritanomaly
24, 8.894, 276.020

Monochromacy



Original Color
24, 17.908, 292.671

Achromatopsia
24, 0.004, 296.813

Achromatomaly
24, 6.632, 287.905

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 24, 17.908, 292.671 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(54, 55, 82)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(54, 55, 82)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(54, 55, 82) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(54, 55, 82) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 24, 17.908, 292.671 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(54, 55, 82) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(54, 55, 82) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(54, 55, 82)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(54, 55, 82); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(54, 55, 82);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(54, 55, 82)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 24, 17.908, 292.671 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(54, 55, 82) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(54, 55,  
82) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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