

Converting Colors

CIELCh(24, 19.847, 137.704)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(24, 19.847, 137.704)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(24, 20.411, 137.152)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	293F24
RGB	41, 63, 36
RGB Percent	16%, 25%, 14%
CMY	0.8407, 0.7545, 0.8603
CMYK	0.35, 0.00, 0.43, 0.75
HSL	109°, 27%, 19%
HSV	109°, 43%, 25%
XYZ	2.9679, 4.1002, 2.2749
YIQ	53.3440, -4.4450, -13.0610

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

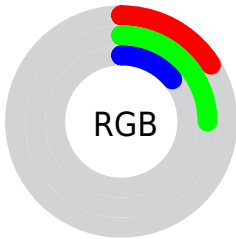
Format	Color
RYB	36, 63, 58
Decimal	2703140
CIELab	24.00, -14.96, 13.88
CIELCh	24, 20.411, 137.152
Yxy	4.1002, 0.3177, 0.4389
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4280893220 (0xFF293F24)
YUV	53.3440, -8.5506, -10.8257
Hunter-Lab	20.2490, -9.2728, 7.5132

Details

The CIELCh color $24, 20.411, 137.152$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex 333300 . A complement of this color would be $18, 20.714, 320.926$, and the grayscale version is $22, 0.004, 296.813$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $44, 20.560, 137.500$, and $5, 13.016, 144.443$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $24, 24.961, 136.545$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $24, 15.725, 137.728$.

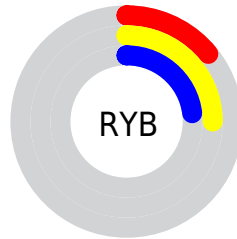
Distribution



Red (16%)

Green (25%)

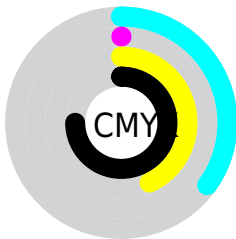
Blue (14%)



Red (14%)

Yellow (25%)

Blue (23%)

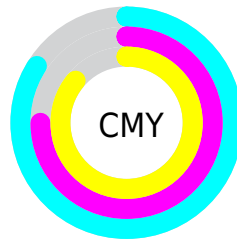


Cyan (35%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (43%)

Black (75%)



Cyan (84%)


Magenta (75%)


Yellow (86%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 24, 20.411, 137.152 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 24, 20.411, 137.152 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 24, 20.411,
137.152


 24, 20.411,
137.152


 100, 20.411,
137.152


 14, 20.411,
137.152


 44, 20.411,
137.152


 4, 20.411, 137.152

 54, 20.411,
137.152

 0, 20.411, 137.152

 64, 20.411,
137.152

 74, 20.411,
137.152

 84, 20.411,
137.152

 94, 20.411,

137.152

■ 24, 20.411,
137.152

■ 24, 20.411,
137.152

■ 24, 24.961,
136.545

■ 24, 15.725,
137.728

■ 23, 29.284,
135.931

■ 25, 10.969,
138.257

■ 23, 33.267,
135.357

■ 26, 6.197, 138.738

■ 26, 1.449, 139.210

■ 23, 36.756,
134.910

■ 27, 3.245, 319.488

■ 22, 39.758,
134.609

■ 28, 7.865, 319.831

■ 22, 41.766,
134.280

■ 28, 12.396,
320.120

■ 29, 16.827,
320.369

■ 30, 21.154,
320.585

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



24, 20.411, 137.152



18, 20.714, 320.926

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



24, 20.411, 137.152



24, 20.411, 187.152



24, 20.411, 317.152



24, 20.411, 7.152

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



24, 20.412, 137.153



34, 7.681, 138.716



24, 14.384, 95.981



16, 5.285, 138.669



69, 0.009, 296.813



16, 0.003, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



24, 20.412, 137.153



31, 30.452, 136.469



24, 17.421, 151.066



11, 2.574, 138.951



34, 56.475, 134.180



78, 106.244, 134.930

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



18, 20.714, 320.926



22, 30.965, 321.304



18, 17.619, 337.075



10, 2.586, 319.567



17, 56.690, 321.661



46, 105.812, 321.164

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 24, 20.411, 137.152 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

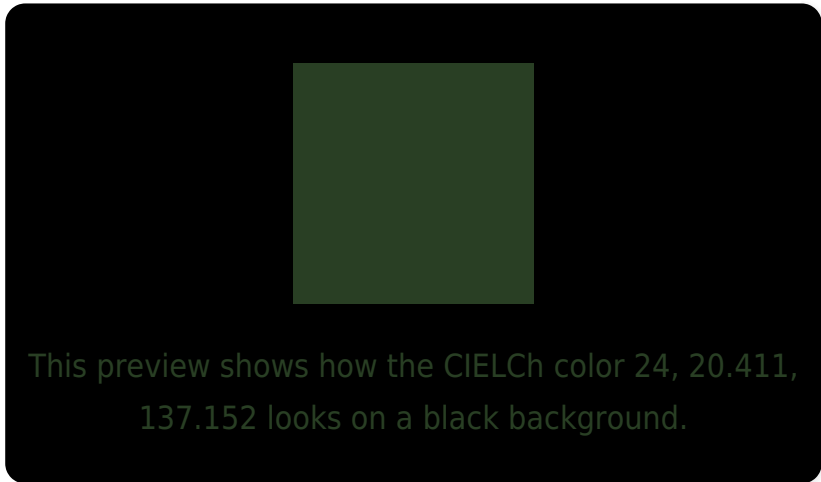
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 24, 20.411, 137.152

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 24, 20.411, 137.152.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 24, 20.411, 137.152.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

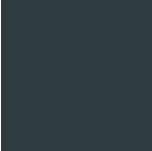
Dichromacy



Original Color
24, 20.411, 137.152

Protanopia
24, 15.245, 97.120

Deuteranopia
24, 12.920, 73.909



Tritanopia
24, 6.253, 230.833

Trichromacy



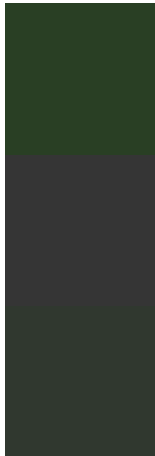
Original Color
24, 20.411, 137.152

Protanomaly
24, 15.791, 115.954

Deuteranomaly
24, 13.109, 105.068

Tritanomaly
24, 8.179, 168.796

Monochromacy



Original Color
24, 20.411, 137.152

Achromatopsia
22, 0.004, 296.813

Achromatomaly
23, 7.105, 140.692

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 24, 20.411, 137.152 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(41, 63, 36)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(41, 63, 36)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(41, 63, 36) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(41, 63, 36) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 24, 20.411, 137.152 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(41, 63, 36) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(41, 63, 36) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(41, 63, 36) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(41, 63, 36); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(41, 63, 36);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(41, 63, 36)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 24, 20.411, 137.152 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(41, 63, 36) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(41, 63,  
36) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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