

# Converting Colors

CIELCh(24, 27.204, 112.529)

Have a look what the booklet for  
CIELCh(24, 27.204, 112.529)  
contains.

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**Color**

**CIELCh(24, 27.402, 113.231)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	353D11
RGB	53, 61, 17
RGB Percent	21%, 24%, 7%
CMY	0.7932, 0.7618, 0.9343
CMYK	0.13, 0.00, 0.72, 0.76
HSL	71°, 57%, 15%
HSV	71°, 72%, 24%
XYZ	3.2092, 4.1002, 1.1425
YIQ	53.5920, 9.3560, -15.3800

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

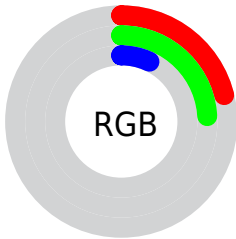
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	17, 61, 25
Decimal	3489041
CIELab	24.00, -10.81, 25.18
CIELCh	24, 27.402, 113.231
Yxy	4.1002, 0.3797, 0.4851
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4281679121 (0xFF353D11)
YUV	53.5920, -18.0399, -0.5192
Hunter-Lab	20.2490, -7.1458, 10.8290

# Details

The CIELCh color **24, 27.402, 113.231** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **333300**. A complement of this color would be **8, 32.533, 303.940**, and the grayscale version is **22, 0.004, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **44, 26.997, 113.173**, and **5, 11.348, 144.443** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **24, 30.288, 112.981**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **24, 24.113, 113.639**.

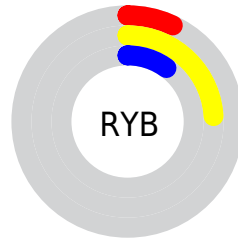
# Distribution



 Red (21%)

 Green (24%)

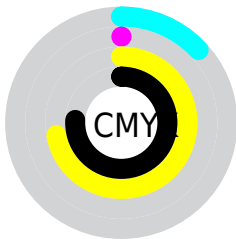
 Blue (7%)




 Red (7%)

 Yellow (24%)

 Blue (10%)

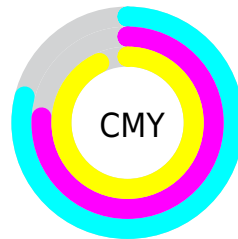


 Cyan (13%)

 Magenta (0%)

 Yellow (72%)

 Black (76%)



 Cyan (79%)

 Magenta (76%)


 Yellow (93%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 24, 27.402, 113.231 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 24, 27.402, 113.231 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.




 24, 27.402,  
113.231


 24, 27.402,  
113.231

 100, 27.402,  
113.231


 14, 27.402,  
113.231


 44, 27.402,  
113.231


 4, 27.402, 113.231

 54, 27.402,  
113.231

 0, 27.402, 113.231

 64, 27.402,  
113.231

 74, 27.402,  
113.231

 84, 27.402,  
113.231

 94, 27.402,

113.231

■ 24, 27.402,  
113.231

■ 24, 27.402,  
113.231

■ 24, 30.288,  
112.981

■ 24, 24.113,  
113.639

■ 24, 32.784,  
112.927

■ 24, 20.547,  
114.145

■ 24, 34.676,  
112.905

■ 25, 16.795,  
114.713

■ 25, 12.923,  
115.316

■ 25, 8.974, 115.932

■ 25, 4.982, 116.549

■ 26, 0.969, 117.157

■ 26, 3.050, 297.744

■ 26, 7.062, 298.311

# Harmonies

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



24, 27.402, 113.231



8, 32.533, 303.940

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



24, 27.402, 113.231



24, 27.402, 163.231



24, 27.402, 293.231



24, 27.402, 343.231

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



24, 27.402, 113.233



33, 10.965, 115.897



14, 21.846, 37.583



16, 7.433, 115.846



69, 0.009, 296.813



16, 0.003, 296.813





# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



24, 27.402, 113.233



31, 38.533, 112.917



22, 30.890, 131.663



11, 2.241, 116.793



37, 47.738, 113.062



83, 89.198, 113.831



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



8, 32.533, 303.940



9, 48.577, 305.919



11, 32.479, 317.141



10, 2.279, 297.829



8, 63.398, 307.569



29, 119.028, 307.040



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 24, 27.402, 113.231 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

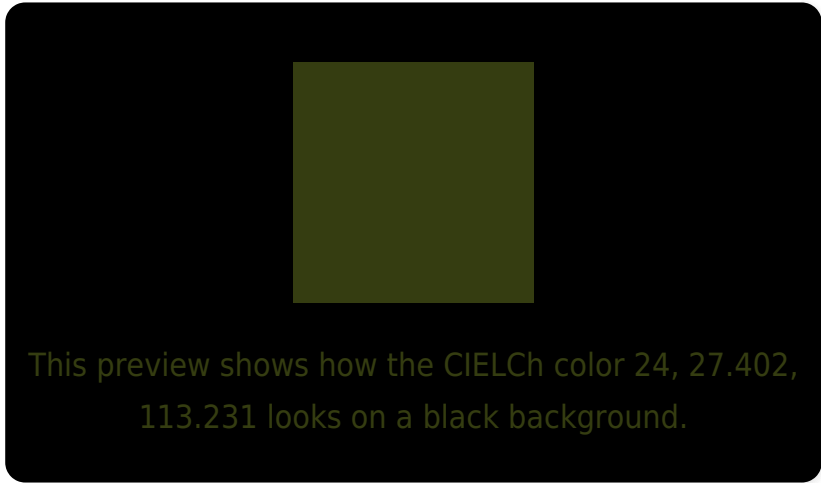
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

# Black Background



## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

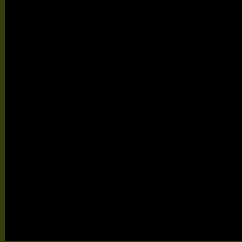
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**CIELCh 24, 27.402, 113.231**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 24, 27.402, 113.231.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 24, 27.402, 113.231.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

24, 27.402, 113.231


### Protanopia

24, 25.889, 96.089

### Deuteranopia

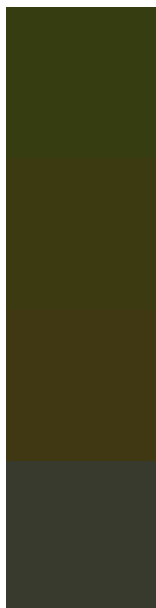
24, 24.472, 82.782





**Tritanopia**  
24, 2.653, 290.755

# Trichromacy



**Original Color**  
24, 27.402, 113.231

**Protanomaly**  
24, 26.091, 102.104

**Deuteranomaly**  
24, 24.439, 94.587

**Tritanomaly**  
24, 8.680, 117.931

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**  
24, 27.402, 113.231

**Achromatopsia**  
22, 0.004, 296.813

**Achromatomaly**  
23, 10.665, 115.808

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 24, 27.402, 113.231 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(53, 61, 17)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(53, 61, 17)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(53, 61, 17) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(53, 61, 17) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 24, 27.402, 113.231 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(53, 61, 17) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(53, 61, 17) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(53, 61, 17) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(53, 61, 17); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(53, 61, 17);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(53, 61, 17)  
}
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 24, 27.402, 113.231 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(53, 61, 17) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(53, 61,  
17) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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