

Converting Colors

CIELCh(24, 39.129, 314.779)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(24, 39.129, 314.779)
contains.

CIELCh(24, 38.981, 314.738)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	21
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	24
<i>CSS Examples</i>	27

Color

CIELCh(24, 38.981, 314.738)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	4C2A63
RGB	76, 42, 99
RGB Percent	30%, 16%, 39%
CMY	0.7017, 0.8351, 0.6115
CMYK	0.23, 0.58, 0.00, 0.61
HSL	276°, 40%, 28%
HSV	276°, 58%, 39%
XYZ	6.0694, 4.1002, 12.2898
YIQ	58.6640, 1.9670, 24.9350

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

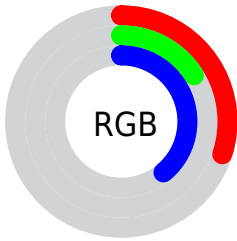
Format	Color
RYB	76, 42, 99
Decimal	4991587
CIELab	24.00, 27.44, -27.69
CIElCh	24, 38.981, 314.738
Yxy	4.1002, 0.2702, 0.1826
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4283181667 (0xFF4C2A63)
YUV	58.6640, 19.8856, 15.2037
Hunter-Lab	20.2490, 18.0680, -21.8107

Details

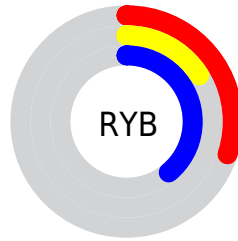
The CIELCh color **24, 38.981, 314.738** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **663366**. A complement of this color would be **38, 36.733, 129.879**, and the grayscale version is **25, 0.004, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **44, 38.866, 314.985**, and **5, 36.872, 313.960** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **21, 45.350, 315.035**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **27, 32.247, 314.356**.

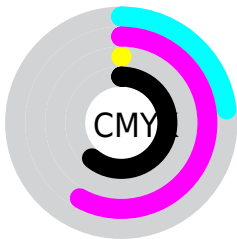
Distribution



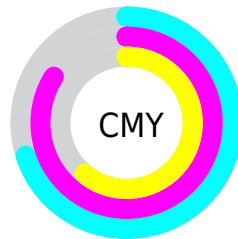
- Red (30%)
- Green (16%)
- Blue (39%)



- Red (30%)
- Yellow (16%)
- Blue (39%)



- Cyan (23%)
- Magenta (58%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (61%)



- Cyan (70%)
- Magenta (84%)
- Yellow (61%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 24, 38.981, 314.738 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 24, 38.981, 314.738 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 24, 38.981,
314.738

 24, 38.981,
314.738

 100, 38.981,
314.738

 14, 38.981,
314.738


 44, 38.981,
314.738

 4, 38.981, 314.738

 54, 38.981,
314.738

 0, 38.981, 314.738

 64, 38.981,
314.738

 74, 38.981,
314.738

 84, 38.981,
314.738

 94, 38.981,

314.738

■ 24, 38.981,
314.738

■ 24, 38.981,
314.738

■ 21, 45.350,
315.035

■ 27, 32.247,
314.356

■ 19, 51.065,
315.190

■ 30, 25.361,
313.932

■ 17, 55.774,
315.132

■ 33, 18.463,
313.495

■ 15, 59.749,
314.962

■ 36, 11.642,
313.063

■ 15, 60.811,
314.959

■ 40, 4.951, 312.643

■ 43, 1.581, 132.334

■ 46, 7.941, 131.936

■ 49, 14.124,
131.609

■ 53, 20.132,
131.317

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



24, 38.981, 314.738



38, 36.733, 129.879

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



24, 38.981, 314.738



24, 38.981, 4.738



24, 38.981, 134.738



24, 38.981, 184.738

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



24, 38.980, 314.738



47, 13.880, 313.060



27, 22.458, 274.442



22, 9.216, 313.113



77, 0.009, 296.813



27, 0.004, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



24, 38.980, 314.738



28, 56.711, 315.107



27, 38.746, 329.814



18, 3.619, 312.698



17, 66.479, 314.801



41, 116.804, 314.134

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



26, 28.611, 356.012



31, 40.994, 358.821



37, 39.096, 142.091



18, 2.680, 349.885



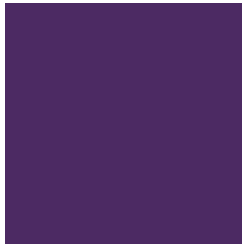
22, 46.122, 8.802



51, 81.023, 12.285

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 24, 38.981, 314.738 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 24, 38.981, 314.738 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

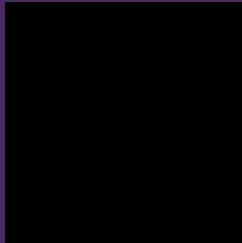
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 24, 38.981, 314.738

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 24, 38.981, 314.738.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 24, 38.981, 314.738.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

24, 38.981, 314.738

Protanopia

24, 37.838, 285.809

Deuteranopia

24, 25.798, 277.924



Tritanopia

24, 7.920, 1.621

Trichromacy



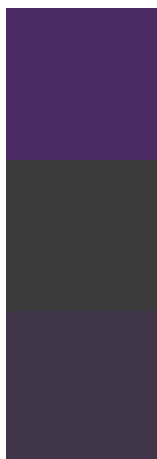
Original Color
24, 38.981, 314.738

Protanomaly
23, 37.721, 293.798

Deuteranomaly
23, 29.861, 293.751

Tritanomaly
24, 18.101, 325.985

Monochromacy



Original Color
24, 38.981, 314.738

Achromatopsia
25, 0.004, 296.813

Achromatomaly
24, 14.863, 312.657

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 24, 38.981, 314.738 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(76, 42, 99)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(76, 42, 99)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(76, 42, 99) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(76, 42, 99) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 24, 38.981, 314.738 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(76, 42, 99) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(76, 42, 99) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(76, 42, 99)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(76, 42, 99); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(76, 42, 99);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(76, 42, 99)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 24, 38.981, 314.738 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(76, 42, 99) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(76, 42,  
99) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)

**Follow me
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor