

Converting Colors

CIELCh(24, 52.278, 341.040)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(24, 52.278, 341.040)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(24, 52.441, 340.630)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	700054
RGB	112, 0, 84
RGB Percent	44%, 0%, 33%
CMY	0.5603, 0.9991, 0.6701
CMYK	0.00, 1.00, 0.25, 0.56
HSL	315°, 100%, 22%
HSV	315°, 100%, 44%
XYZ	8.3066, 4.1002, 8.7657
YIQ	43.0640, 39.7880, 49.8680

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

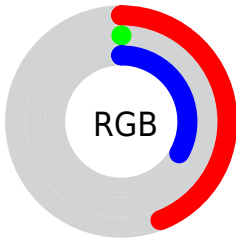
Format	Color
RYB	112, 0, 84
Decimal	7340116
CIELab	24.00, 49.47, -17.39
CIELCh	24, 52.441, 340.630
Yxy	4.1002, 0.3923, 0.1937
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4285530196 (0xFF700054)
YUV	43.0640, 20.1814, 60.4569
Hunter-Lab	20.2490, 37.7887, -11.4920

Details

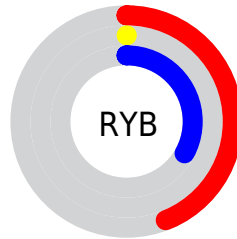
The CIELCh color $[24, 52.441, 340.630]$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex $\#660066$. A complement of this color would be $[41, 58.469, 140.670]$, and the grayscale version is $[18, 0.003, 296.813]$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $[44, 52.281, 340.480]$, and $[10, 32.770, 345.272]$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $[24, 52.473, 340.653]$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $[25, 50.807, 339.450]$.

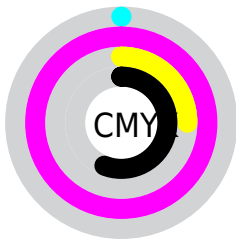
Distribution



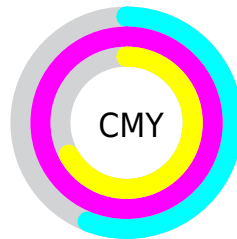
- Red (44%)
- Green (0%)
- Blue (33%)



- Red (44%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Blue (33%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (100%)
- Yellow (25%)
- Black (56%)





- Cyan (56%)
- Magenta (100%)
- Yellow (67%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 24, 52.441, 340.630 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 24, 52.441, 340.630 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 24, 52.441,
340.630


 24, 52.441,
340.630

 100, 52.441,
340.630


 14, 52.441,
340.630


 44, 52.441,
340.630


 4, 52.441, 340.630

 54, 52.441,
340.630

 0, 52.441, 340.630

 64, 52.441,
340.630

 74, 52.441,
340.630

 84, 52.441,
340.630

 94, 52.441,

340.630

■ 24, 52.441,
340.630

■ 24, 52.441,
340.630

■ 24, 52.473,
340.653

■ 25, 50.807,
339.450

■ 26, 48.350,
338.353

■ 28, 44.524,
337.391

■ 30, 39.547,
336.524

■ 32, 33.705,
335.724

■ 35, 27.284,
334.974

■ 38, 20.527,
334.263

■ 41, 13.623,
333.583

■ 44, 6.707, 332.924

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



24, 52.441, 340.630



41, 58.469, 140.670

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



24, 52.441, 340.630



24, 52.441, 30.630



24, 52.441, 160.630



24, 52.441, 210.630

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



24, 52.439, 340.630



49, 25.556, 334.331



12, 70.941, 308.091



23, 17.554, 334.561



81, 0.010, 296.813



31, 0.005, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



24, 52.439, 340.630



32, 62.982, 341.067



22, 48.185, 22.571



22, 3.848, 332.871



26, 54.957, 340.767



55, 92.957, 341.689

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



24, 52.439, 340.630



32, 62.982, 341.067



42, 35.626, 167.103



22, 3.848, 332.871



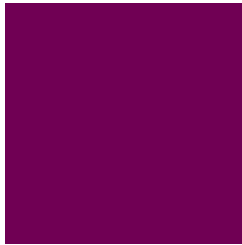
26, 54.957, 340.767



55, 92.957, 341.689

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 24, 52.441, 340.630 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 24, 52.441, 340.630 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

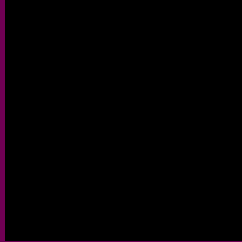
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 24, 52.441, 340.630

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 24, 52.441, 340.630.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 24, 52.441, 340.630.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

24, 52.441, 340.630

Protanopia

26, 40.118, 286.069

Deuteranopia

26, 12.498, 287.243



Tritanopia
25, 37.597, 27.273

Trichromacy



Original Color
24, 52.441, 340.630

Protanomaly
21, 46.186, 305.238

Deuteranomaly
22, 31.867, 324.154

Tritanomaly
24, 40.585, 5.373

Monochromacy



Original Color
24, 52.441, 340.630

Achromatopsia
18, 0.003, 296.813

Achromatomaly
17, 26.721, 335.951

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 24, 52.441, 340.630 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(112, 0, 84)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(112, 0, 84)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(112, 0, 84) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(112, 0, 84) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 24, 52.441, 340.630 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(112, 0, 84) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(112, 0, 84) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(112, 0, 84)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(112, 0, 84); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(112, 0, 84);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(112, 0, 84)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 24, 52.441, 340.630 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(112, 0, 84) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(112, 0,  
84) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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