

Converting Colors

CIELCh(24, 6.155, 280.407)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(24, 6.155, 280.407) contains.

CIELCh(24, 6.074, 279.332)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	11
<i>Previews</i>	20
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	23
<i>CSS Examples</i>	26

Color

CIELCh(24, 6.074, 279.332)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	363942
RGB	54, 57, 66
RGB Percent	21%, 22%, 26%
CMY	0.7883, 0.7766, 0.7413
CMYK	0.18, 0.14, 0.00, 0.74
HSL	225°, 10%, 24%
HSV	225°, 18%, 26%
XYZ	3.9643, 4.1002, 5.7325
YIQ	57.1290, -4.6770, 2.1630

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

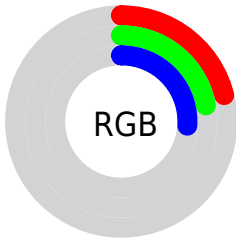
Format	Color
R _Y B	54, 56, 66
Decimal	3553602
CIE Lab	24.00, 0.98, -5.99
CIE LCh	24, 6.074, 279.332
Yxy	4.1002, 0.2873, 0.2972
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4281743682 (0xFF363942)
YUV	57.1290, 4.3734, -2.7441
Hunter-Lab	20.2490, -0.4894, -2.6107

Details

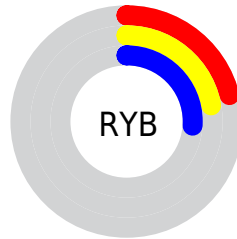
The CIELCh color **24, 6.074, 279.332** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **333333**. A complement of this color would be **27, 6.008, 95.311**, and the grayscale version is **24, 0.004, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **44, 6.084, 279.848**, and **4, 6.407, 279.030** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **22, 9.516, 280.710**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **26, 2.707, 278.134**.

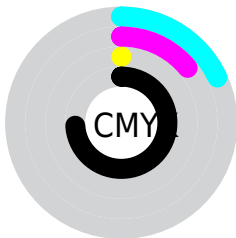
Distribution



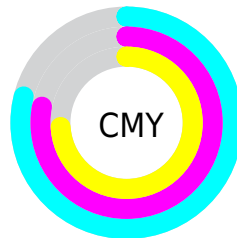
- Red (21%)
- Green (22%)
- Blue (26%)



- Red (21%)
- Yellow (22%)
- Blue (26%)



- Cyan (18%)
- Magenta (14%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (74%)



- Cyan (79%)
- Magenta (78%)
- Yellow (74%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 24, 6.074, 279.332 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 24, 6.074, 279.332 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 24, 6.074, 279.332

■ 24, 6.074, 279.332

■ 100, 6.074,
279.332

■ 14, 6.074, 279.332

■ 44, 6.074, 279.332

■ 4, 6.074, 279.332

■ 54, 6.074, 279.332

■ 0, 6.074, 279.332

■ 64, 6.074, 279.332

■ 74, 6.074, 279.332

■ 84, 6.074, 279.332

■ 94, 6.074, 279.332

■ 24, 6.074, 279.332

■ 24, 6.074, 279.332

■ 22, 9.516, 280.710

■ 26, 2.707, 278.134

■ 20, 13.041,
282.298

■ 28, 0.588, 96.899

■ 17, 16.656,
284.119

■ 31, 3.814, 96.090

■ 33, 6.972, 95.278

■ 15, 20.368,
286.194

■ 35, 10.067, 94.553

■ 13, 24.189,
288.531

■ 37, 13.098, 93.905

■ 39, 16.068, 93.325

■ 11, 28.118,
291.113

■ 41, 18.979, 92.801

■ 9, 32.139, 293.841

■ 43, 21.832, 92.328

■ 7, 36.184, 296.072

■ 7, 36.853, 296.329

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



24, 6.074, 279.332



27, 6.008, 95.311

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



24, 6.074, 279.332



24, 6.074, 329.332



24, 6.074, 99.332



24, 6.074, 149.332

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



24, 6.073, 279.328



35, 2.070, 277.823



27, 5.665, 176.853



17, 1.390, 277.851



70, 0.009, 296.813



18, 0.003, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



24, 6.073, 279.328



31, 9.268, 279.963



23, 8.118, 300.395



12, 1.847, 278.171



13, 51.032, 298.591



34, 101.344, 300.982

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



24, 5.925, 1.075



31, 9.077, 1.572



27, 7.855, 118.248



12, 1.784, 0.135



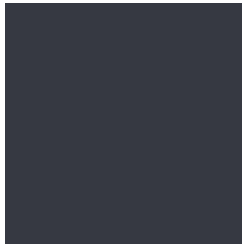
18, 43.266, 21.547



47, 82.237, 26.252

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 24, 6.074, 279.332 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

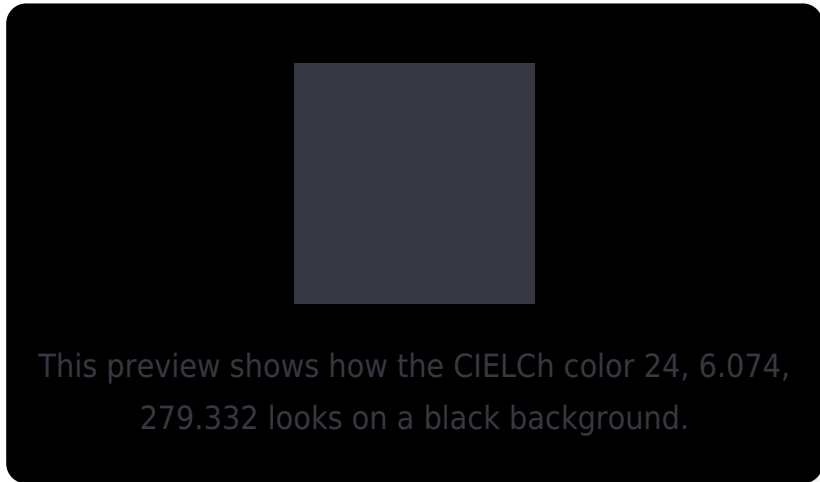
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

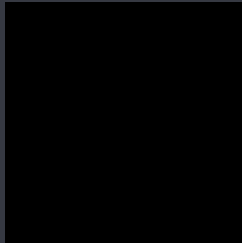
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

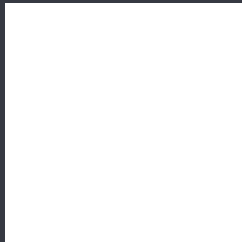
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 24, 6.074, 279.332

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 24, 6.074, 279.332.

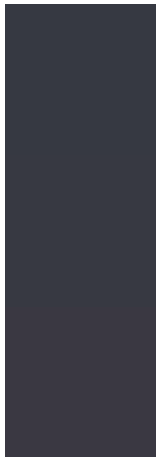


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 24, 6.074, 279.332.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

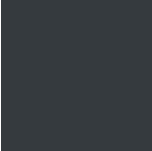
24, 6.074, 279.332

Protanopia

24, 6.009, 283.284

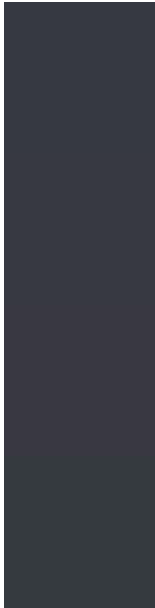
Deuteranopia

24, 6.711, 298.970



Tritanopia
24, 3.389, 250.807

Trichromacy



Original Color

24, 6.074, 279.332

Protanomaly

24, 6.009, 283.284

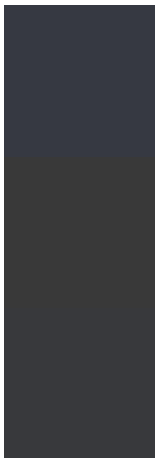
Deuteranomaly

24, 6.664, 295.290

Tritanomaly

24, 3.911, 257.329

Monochromacy



Original Color

24, 6.074, 279.332

Achromatopsia

24, 0.004, 296.813

Achromatomaly

24, 2.033, 277.964

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 24, 6.074, 279.332 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(54, 57, 66)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(54, 57, 66)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(54, 57, 66) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(54, 57, 66) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 24, 6.074, 279.332 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(54, 57, 66) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(54, 57, 66) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(54, 57, 66)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(54, 57, 66); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(54, 57, 66);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(54, 57, 66)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 24, 6.074, 279.332 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(54, 57, 66) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(54, 57,  
66) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)

**Follow me
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor