

Converting Colors

CIELCh(25, 3.016, 158.199)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(25, 3.016, 158.199) contains.

CIELCh(25, 3.016, 158.147)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	21
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	24
<i>CSS Examples</i>	27

Color

CIELCh(25, 3.016, 158.147)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	383D3A
RGB	56, 61, 58
RGB Percent	22%, 24%, 23%
CMY	0.7822, 0.7626, 0.7744
CMYK	0.08, 0.00, 0.05, 0.76
HSL	144°, 4%, 23%
HSV	144°, 8%, 24%
XYZ	4.0005, 4.4155, 4.5823
YIQ	59.1630, -2.0170, -1.9930

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

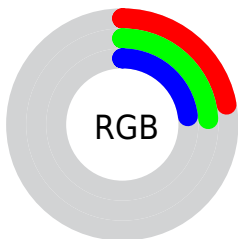
Format	Color
RYB	56, 60, 61
Decimal	3685690
CIELab	25.00, -2.80, 1.12
CIELCh	25, 3.016, 158.147
Yxy	4.4155, 0.3078, 0.3397
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4281875770 (0xFF383D3A)
YUV	59.1630, -0.5734, -2.7740
Hunter-Lab	21.0130, -2.7897, 1.7799

Details

The CIELCh color **25, 3.016, 158.147** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **333333**. A complement of this color would be **24, 3.038, 339.114**, and the grayscale version is **25, 0.004, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **45, 2.731, 158.393**, and **5, 3.257, 154.400** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **24, 6.689, 157.396**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **26, 0.640, 338.490**.

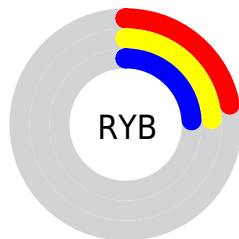
Distribution



Red (22%)

Green (24%)

Blue (23%)



Red (22%)

Yellow (24%)

Blue (24%)

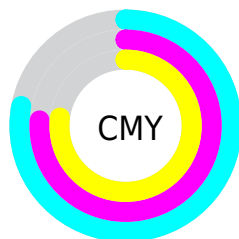


Cyan (8%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (5%)

Black (76%)



Cyan (78%)

Magenta (76%)

Yellow (77%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 25, 3.016, 158.147 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 25, 3.016, 158.147 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 25, 3.016, 158.147

■ 25, 3.016, 158.147

■ 100, 3.016,
158.147

■ 15, 3.016, 158.147

■ 45, 3.016, 158.147

■ 5, 3.016, 158.147

■ 55, 3.016, 158.147

■ 0, 3.016, 158.147

■ 65, 3.016, 158.147

■ 75, 3.016, 158.147

■ 85, 3.016, 158.147

■ 95, 3.016, 158.147

■ 25, 3.016, 158.147

■ 25, 3.016, 158.147

24, 6.689, 157.396

26, 0.640, 338.490

24, 10.346,
156.589

26, 4.255, 339.292

23, 13.949,
155.693

27, 7.810, 339.849

23, 17.453,
154.690

28, 11.292,
340.352

22, 20.811,
153.564

29, 14.690,
340.815

22, 23.975,
152.301

30, 18.000,
341.243

22, 26.898,
150.889

31, 21.219,
341.643

22, 29.580,
149.383

32, 24.346,
342.018

21, 32.227,
148.149

33, 27.383,
342.370

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



25, 3.016, 158.147



24, 3.038, 339.114

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



25, 3.016, 158.147



25, 3.016, 208.147



25, 3.016, 338.147



25, 3.016, 28.147

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



25, 3.017, 158.143



33, 0.908, 158.707



25, 3.398, 124.547



16, 0.521, 158.754



69, 0.009, 296.813



16, 0.003, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



25, 3.017, 158.143



33, 4.571, 157.980



25, 2.263, 189.332



11, 2.048, 158.129



34, 45.738, 146.238



78, 88.750, 144.371

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



24, 3.038, 339.114



31, 4.607, 339.273



24, 2.345, 10.305



10, 2.062, 339.128



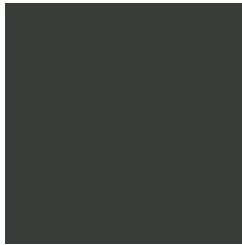
19, 42.734, 350.749



49, 78.502, 353.307

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 25, 3.016, 158.147 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

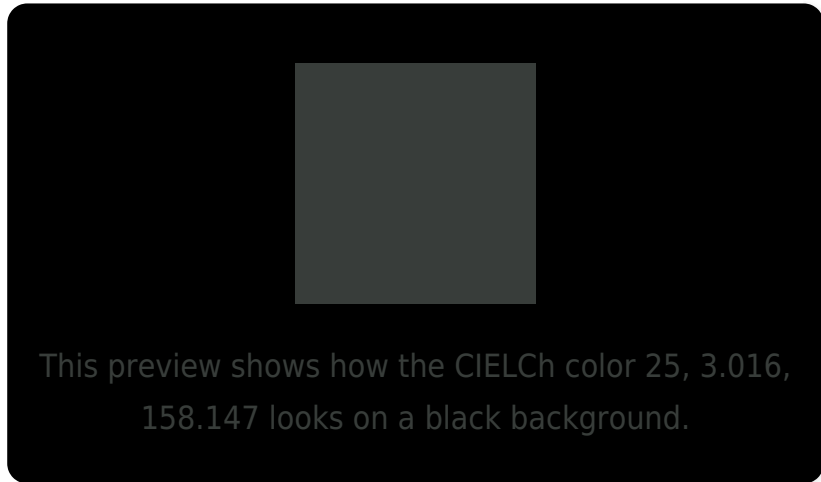
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

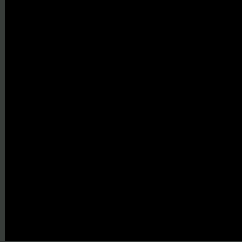
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

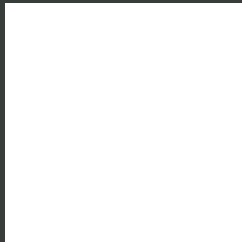
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 25, 3.016, 158.147

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 25, 3.016, 158.147.

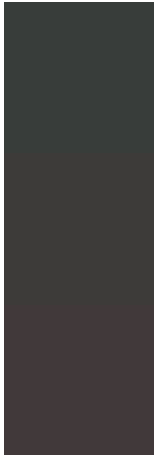


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 25, 3.016, 158.147.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

25, 3.016, 158.147

Protanopia

25, 1.596, 74.633

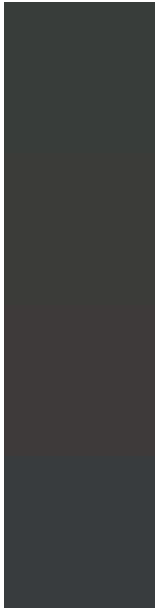
Deuteranopia

25, 3.761, 10.017



Tritanopia
25, 2.917, 264.064

Trichromacy



Original Color

25, 3.016, 158.147

Protanomaly

25, 2.024, 122.831

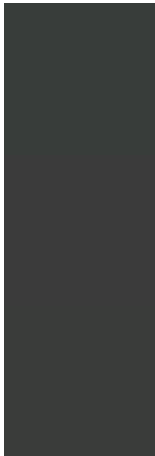
Deuteranomaly

25, 1.837, 19.617

Tritanomaly

25, 2.179, 236.532

Monochromacy



Original Color

25, 3.016, 158.147

Achromatopsia

25, 0.004, 296.813

Achromatomaly

25, 1.604, 144.350

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 25, 3.016, 158.147 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(56, 61, 58)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(56, 61, 58)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(56, 61, 58) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(56, 61, 58) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 25, 3.016, 158.147 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(56, 61, 58) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(56, 61, 58) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(56, 61, 58) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(56, 61, 58); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(56, 61, 58);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(56, 61, 58)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 25, 3.016, 158.147 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(56, 61, 58) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(56, 61,  
58) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)

**Follow me
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor