

# Converting Colors

CIELCh(25, 4.851, 322.272)

Have a look what the booklet for  
CIELCh(25, 4.851, 322.272) contains.

<b>CIELCh(25, 4.562, 320.148)</b> .....	3
<i><b>Conversions</b></i> .....	4
<i><b>Details</b></i> .....	6
<i><b>Harmonies</b></i> .....	12
<i><b>Previews</b></i> .....	21
<i><b>Color Blindness Simulation</b></i> .....	24
<i><b>CSS Examples</b></i> .....	27

# Color

**CIELCh(25, 4.562, 320.148)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	3F3A40
RGB	63, 58, 64
RGB Percent	25%, 23%, 25%
CMY	0.7540, 0.7736, 0.7500
CMYK	0.02, 0.09, 0.00, 0.75
HSL	290°, 5%, 24%
HSV	290°, 9%, 25%
XYZ	4.4513, 4.4155, 5.4292
YIQ	60.1790, 1.0540, 2.9260

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

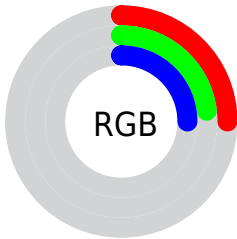
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	63, 58, 64
Decimal	4143680
CIELab	25.00, 3.50, -2.92
CIELCh	25, 4.562, 320.148
Yxy	4.4155, 0.3114, 0.3089
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4282333760 (0xFF3F3A40)
YUV	60.1790, 1.8838, 2.4740
Hunter-Lab	21.0130, 1.0395, -0.6097

# Details

The CIELCh color **25, 4.562, 320.148** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **333333**. A complement of this color would be **26, 4.540, 139.429**, and the grayscale version is **25, 0.004, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **45, 4.860, 320.735**, and **5, 5.009, 319.942** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **23, 9.472, 320.559**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **27, 0.281, 140.118**.

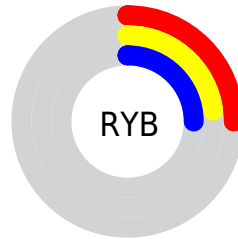
# Distribution



Red (25%)

Green (23%)

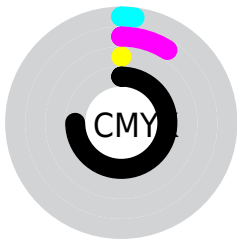
Blue (25%)



Red (25%)

Yellow (23%)

Blue (25%)

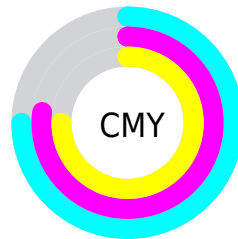


Cyan (2%)

Magenta (9%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (75%)



Cyan (75%)

Magenta (77%)

Yellow (75%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 25, 4.562, 320.148 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 25, 4.562, 320.148 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 25, 4.562, 320.148

■ 25, 4.562, 320.148

■ 100, 4.562,  
320.148

■ 15, 4.562, 320.148

■ 45, 4.562, 320.148

■ 5, 4.562, 320.148

■ 55, 4.562, 320.148

■ 0, 4.562, 320.148

■ 65, 4.562, 320.148

■ 75, 4.562, 320.148

■ 85, 4.562, 320.148

■ 95, 4.562, 320.148

■ 25, 4.562, 320.148

■ 25, 4.562, 320.148

23, 9.472, 320.559

27, 0.281, 140.118

21, 14.412,  
320.961

29, 5.030, 139.413

19, 19.322,  
321.348

31, 9.671, 139.040

17, 24.121,  
321.706

34, 14.196,  
138.692

15, 28.696,  
322.017

36, 18.603,  
138.366

14, 32.906,  
322.257

38, 22.893,  
138.063

12, 36.586,  
322.402

40, 27.068,  
137.781

11, 39.719,  
322.456

42, 31.132,  
137.521

10, 43.110,  
322.593

44, 35.089,  
137.280



# Harmonies

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



25, 4.562, 320.148



26, 4.540, 139.429

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



25, 4.562, 320.148



25, 4.562, 10.148



25, 4.562, 140.148



25, 4.562, 190.148

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



25, 4.561, 320.147



34, 1.780, 319.856



25, 3.258, 282.366



16, 1.327, 319.885



69, 0.009, 296.813



16, 0.003, 296.813





# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



25, 4.561, 320.147



32, 6.561, 320.233



25, 3.840, 335.496



10, 2.599, 320.103



18, 56.566, 322.271



46, 105.550, 321.817



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



25, 2.836, 6.483



32, 4.095, 6.673



26, 3.820, 154.426



10, 1.613, 6.386



18, 44.151, 27.480



46, 86.082, 32.505



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 25, 4.562, 320.148 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

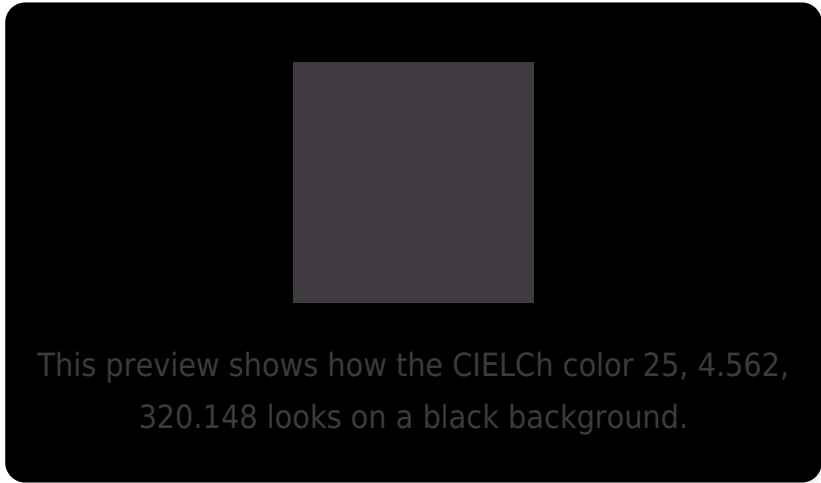
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

# Black Background



## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

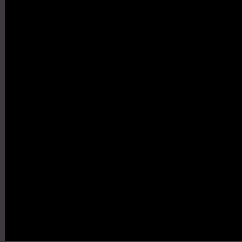
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# CIELCh 25, 4.562, 320.148

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 25, 4.562, 320.148.

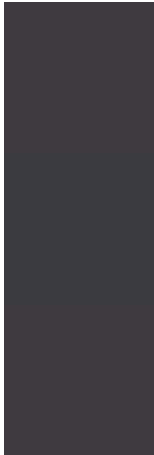


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 25, 4.562, 320.148.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

25, 4.562, 320.148

### Protanopia

25, 3.298, 290.874

### Deuteranopia

25, 4.562, 320.148





**Tritanopia**  
25, 4.005, 324.792

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

25, 4.562, 320.148

## Protanomaly

25, 3.333, 298.469

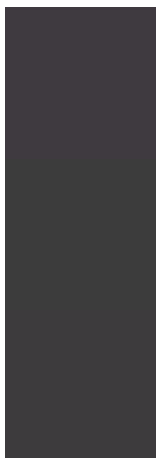
## Deuteranomaly

25, 4.562, 320.148

## Tritanomaly

25, 4.005, 324.792

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

25, 4.562, 320.148

## Achromatopsia

25, 0.004, 296.813

## Achromatomaly

25, 1.607, 324.528

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 25, 4.562, 320.148 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(63, 58, 64)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(63, 58, 64)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(63, 58, 64) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(63, 58, 64) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 25, 4.562, 320.148 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(63, 58, 64) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(63, 58, 64) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(63, 58, 64) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(63, 58, 64); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(63, 58, 64);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(63, 58, 64)  
}
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 25, 4.562, 320.148 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(63, 58, 64) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(63, 58,  
64) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

**[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)**

**Follow me  
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor