

# Converting Colors

CIELCh(25, 5.989, 80.296)

Have a look what the booklet for  
CIELCh(25, 5.989, 80.296) contains.

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# Color

**CIELCh(25, 6.007, 80.265)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	403A32
RGB	64, 58, 50
RGB Percent	25%, 23%, 20%
CMY	0.7471, 0.7707, 0.8021
CMYK	0.00, 0.09, 0.22, 0.75
HSL	34°, 12%, 23%
HSV	34°, 22%, 25%
XYZ	4.2696, 4.4155, 3.6981
YIQ	58.8820, 6.1440, -1.2160

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

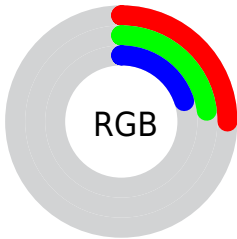
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	61, 64, 50
Decimal	4209202
CIELab	25.00, 1.02, 5.92
CIELCh	25, 6.007, 80.265
Yxy	4.4155, 0.3448, 0.3566
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4282399282 (0xFF403A32)
YUV	58.8820, -4.3788, 4.4885
Hunter-Lab	21.0130, -0.5041, 4.2747

# Details

The CIELCh color **25, 6.007, 80.265** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **333333**. A complement of this color would be **23, 5.840, 265.515**, and the grayscale version is **25, 0.004, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **45, 6.131, 80.121**, and **5, 5.896, 79.982** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **24, 8.907, 79.118**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **26, 3.194, 81.394**.

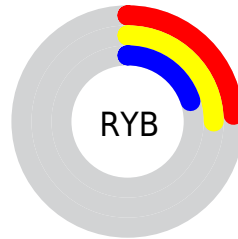
# Distribution



Red (25%)

Green (23%)

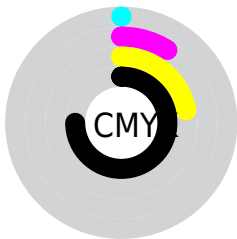
Blue (20%)



Red (24%)

Yellow (25%)

Blue (20%)

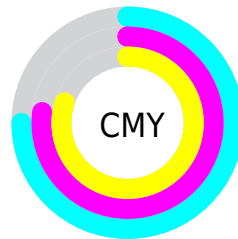


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (9%)

Yellow (22%)

Black (75%)



Cyan (75%)

Magenta (77%)

Yellow (80%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 25, 6.007, 80.265 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 25, 6.007, 80.265 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 25, 6.007, 80.265      ■ 25, 6.007, 80.265

■ 100, 6.007, 80.265      ■ 15, 6.007, 80.265

■ 45, 6.007, 80.265      ■ 5, 6.007, 80.265

■ 55, 6.007, 80.265      ■ 0, 6.007, 80.265

■ 65, 6.007, 80.265

■ 75, 6.007, 80.265

■ 85, 6.007, 80.265

■ 95, 6.007, 80.265

■ 25, 6.007, 80.265      ■ 25, 6.007, 80.265

■ 24, 8.907, 79.118      ■ 26, 3.194, 81.394

■ 23, 11.890, 77.933

■ 27, 0.464, 82.246

■ 22, 14.949, 76.722

■ 28, 2.188, 263.688

■ 21, 18.057, 75.479

■ 29, 4.767, 264.696

■ 20, 21.166, 74.185

■ 30, 7.280, 265.691

■ 19, 23.845, 72.548

■ 32, 9.732, 266.652

■ 18, 25.864, 70.504

■ 33, 12.130,  
267.576

■ 18, 27.521, 69.025

■ 34, 14.478,  
268.461

■ 35, 16.781,  
269.308

# Harmonies

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



25, 6.007, 80.265



23, 5.840, 265.515

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



25, 6.007, 80.265



25, 6.007, 130.265



25, 6.007, 260.265



25, 6.007, 310.265

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



25, 6.007, 80.275



35, 2.359, 81.863



23, 7.657, 349.166



17, 1.546, 81.857



70, 0.009, 296.813



18, 0.003, 296.813



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



25, 6.007, 80.275



32, 9.039, 79.655



27, 9.071, 111.158



12, 1.540, 81.734



28, 40.369, 68.911



63, 75.702, 66.292





# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



23, 5.840, 265.515



30, 8.716, 266.335



22, 9.475, 294.685



12, 1.528, 263.782



18, 38.248, 287.497

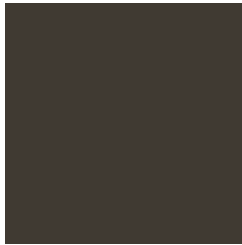


44, 76.322, 290.862



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 25, 6.007, 80.265 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

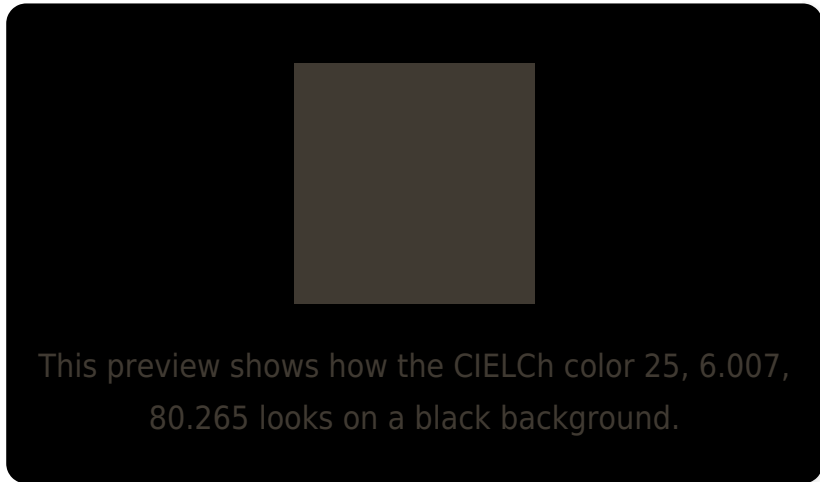
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

# Black Background



## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

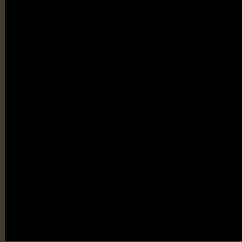
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# CIELCh 25, 6.007, 80.265

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 25, 6.007, 80.265.

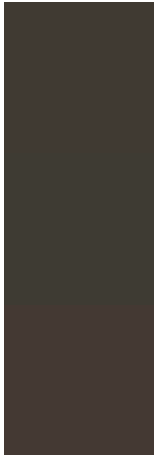


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 25, 6.007, 80.265.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

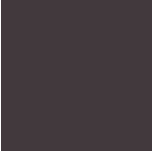
25, 6.007, 80.265

### Protanopia

25, 5.437, 93.793

### Deuteranopia

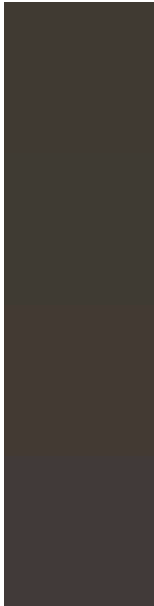
25, 6.650, 56.239



**Tritanopia**  
25, 4.886, 347.785



# Trichromacy



## Original Color

25, 6.007, 80.265

## Protanomaly

25, 5.583, 89.022

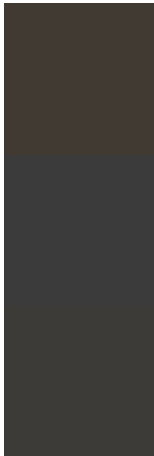
## Deuteranomaly

25, 6.342, 65.991

## Tritanomaly

25, 3.321, 31.278

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

25, 6.007, 80.265

## Achromatopsia

25, 0.004, 296.813

## Achromatomaly

25, 2.170, 84.468

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIElCh 25, 6.007, 80.265 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(64, 58, 50)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(64, 58, 50)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(64, 58, 50) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(64, 58, 50) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 25, 6.007, 80.265 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(64, 58, 50) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(64, 58, 50) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(64, 58, 50)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(64, 58, 50); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(64, 58, 50);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(64, 58, 50)  
}
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 25, 6.007, 80.265 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(64, 58, 50) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(64, 58,  
50) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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