

Converting Colors

CIELCh(25, 62.013, 328.272)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(25, 62.013, 328.272)
contains.

CIELCh(25, 62.202, 328.233)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	21
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	24
<i>CSS Examples</i>	27

Color

CIELCh(25, 62.202, 328.233)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	6E006E
RGB	110, 0, 110
RGB Percent	43%, 0%, 43%
CMY	0.5694, 1.0000, 0.5694
CMYK	0.00, 1.00, 0.00, 0.57
HSL	300°, 100%, 22%
HSV	300°, 100%, 43%
XYZ	9.2043, 4.4155, 15.0625
YIQ	45.4300, 30.2500, 57.5300

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

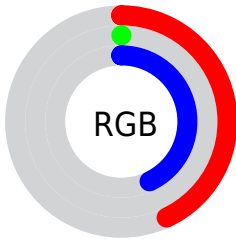
Format	Color
R_{YB}	110, 0, 110
Decimal	7209070
CIE _{Lab}	25.00, 52.88, -32.75
CIE _{LCh}	25, 62.202, 328.233
Yxy	4.4155, 0.3209, 0.1539
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4285399150 (0xFF6E006E)
YUV	45.4300, 31.8330, 56.6279
Hunter-Lab	21.0130, 41.4150, -27.7909

Details

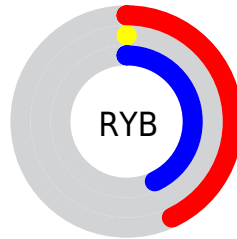
The CIELCh color **25, 62.202, 328.233** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **660066**. A complement of this color would be **40, 64.386, 136.015**, and the grayscale version is **18, 0.003, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **45, 62.062, 328.320**, and **11, 42.180, 326.015** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **25, 62.123, 328.229**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **26, 59.694, 328.095**.

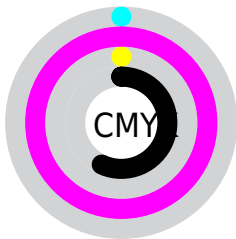
Distribution



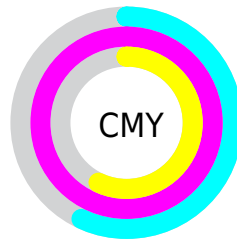
- Red (43%)
- Green (0%)
- Blue (43%)



- Red (43%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Blue (43%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (100%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (57%)





- Cyan (57%)
- Magenta (100%)
- Yellow (57%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 25, 62.202, 328.233 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 25, 62.202, 328.233 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 25, 62.202,
328.233


 25, 62.202,
328.233

 100, 62.202,
328.233


 15, 62.202,
328.233


 45, 62.202,
328.233


 5, 62.202, 328.233

 55, 62.202,
328.233

 0, 62.202, 328.233

 65, 62.202,
328.233

 75, 62.202,
328.233

 85, 62.202,
328.233

 95, 62.202,

328.233

■ 25, 62.202,
328.233

■ 25, 62.202,
328.233

■ 25, 62.123,
328.229

■ 26, 59.694,
328.095

■ 27, 56.476,
327.915

■ 28, 51.879,
327.653

■ 30, 46.078,
327.316

■ 32, 39.334,
326.914

■ 35, 31.924,
326.462

■ 37, 24.104,
325.974

■ 40, 16.080,
325.463

■ 43, 8.010, 324.936

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



25, 62.202, 328.233



40, 64.386, 136.015

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



25, 62.202, 328.233



25, 62.202, 18.233



25, 62.202, 148.233



25, 62.202, 198.233

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



25, 62.123, 328.229



48, 29.892, 326.015



10, 70.968, 305.916



23, 20.221, 326.170



80, 0.010, 296.813



30, 0.005, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



25, 62.123, 328.229



34, 75.047, 328.229



22, 45.946, 358.357



22, 4.583, 324.883



28, 66.124, 328.229



59, 112.931, 328.229

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



21, 53.823, 36.861



29, 67.089, 39.157



40, 47.518, 149.502



22, 2.649, 19.850



24, 57.998, 37.786



52, 102.186, 39.997

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 25, 62.202, 328.233 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 25, 62.202, 328.233 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

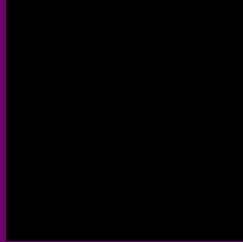
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 25, 62.202, 328.233

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 25, 62.202, 328.233.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 25, 62.202, 328.233.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color
25, 62.202, 328.233

Protanopia
27, 44.581, 285.183

Deuteranopia
27, 26.686, 278.878



Tritanopia
26, 29.537, 22.605

Trichromacy



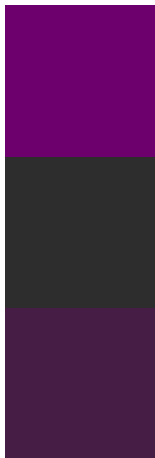
Original Color
25, 62.202, 328.233

Protanomaly
21, 54.956, 300.945

Deuteranomaly
22, 43.560, 308.257

Tritanomaly
24, 39.011, 350.041

Monochromacy



Original Color
25, 62.202, 328.233

Achromatopsia
18, 0.003, 296.813

Achromatomaly
18, 30.762, 327.098

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 25, 62.202, 328.233 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(110, 0, 110)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(110, 0, 110)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(110, 0, 110) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(110, 0, 110) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 25, 62.202, 328.233 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(110, 0, 110) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(110, 0, 110) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(110, 0, 110)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(110, 0, 110); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(110, 0, 110);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(110, 0,  
110) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 25, 62.202, 328.233 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(110, 0, 110) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(110, 0,  
110) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)

**Follow me
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor