

Converting Colors

CIELCh(26, 1.890, 63.129)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(26, 1.890, 63.129) contains.

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Color

CIELCh(26, 1.890, 63.098)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	403D3B
RGB	64, 61, 59
RGB Percent	25%, 24%, 23%
CMY	0.7489, 0.7607, 0.7685
CMYK	0.00, 0.05, 0.08, 0.75
HSL	24°, 4%, 24%
HSV	24°, 8%, 25%
XYZ	4.5756, 4.7465, 4.8156
YIQ	61.6690, 2.4300, 0.0140

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

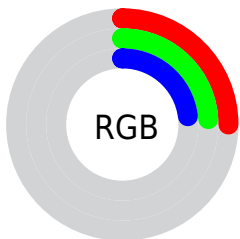
Format	Color
RYB	64, 62, 59
Decimal	4209979
CIELab	26.00, 0.86, 1.69
CIELCh	26, 1.890, 63.098
Yxy	4.7465, 0.3236, 0.3357
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4282400059 (0xFF403D3B)
YUV	61.6690, -1.3158, 2.0443
Hunter-Lab	21.7865, -0.6374, 2.1453

Details

The CIELCh color **26, 1.890, 63.098** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **333333**. A complement of this color would be **26, 1.843, 244.773**, and the grayscale version is **26, 0.004, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **46, 2.027, 55.139**, and **6, 1.819, 60.804** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **25, 4.431, 62.305**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **27, 0.520, 244.505**.

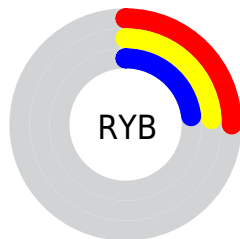
Distribution



Red (25%)

Green (24%)

Blue (23%)



Red (25%)

Yellow (24%)

Blue (23%)

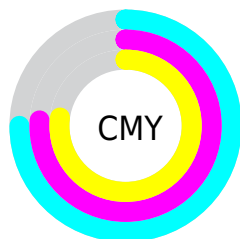


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (5%)

Yellow (8%)

Black (75%)



Cyan (75%)

Magenta (76%)

Yellow (77%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 26, 1.890, 63.098 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 26, 1.890, 63.098 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 26, 1.890, 63.098 ■ 26, 1.890, 63.098

■ 100, 1.890, 63.098 ■ 16, 1.890, 63.098

■ 46, 1.890, 63.098 ■ 6, 1.890, 63.098

■ 56, 1.890, 63.098 ■ 0, 1.890, 63.098

■ 66, 1.890, 63.098

■ 76, 1.890, 63.098

■ 86, 1.890, 63.098

■ 96, 1.890, 63.098

■ 26, 1.890, 63.098 ■ 26, 1.890, 63.098

■ 25, 4.431, 62.305 ■ 27, 0.520, 244.505

23, 7.115, 61.452	29, 2.811, 245.082
22, 9.952, 60.614	30, 4.995, 245.931
21, 12.948, 59.802	32, 7.084, 246.784
19, 16.100, 59.022	33, 9.089, 247.625
18, 19.390, 58.265	35, 11.017, 248.446
17, 22.470, 57.013	36, 12.878, 249.244
16, 24.848, 54.704	38, 14.679, 250.018
15, 27.095, 52.640	39, 16.426, 250.766

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



26, 1.890, 63.098



26, 1.843, 244.773

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



26, 1.890, 63.098



26, 1.890, 113.098



26, 1.890, 243.098



26, 1.890, 293.098

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



26, 1.890, 63.129



35, 0.596, 63.344



25, 3.012, 339.089



17, 0.342, 63.312



70, 0.009, 296.813



18, 0.003, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



26, 1.890, 63.129



34, 2.747, 63.006



27, 2.928, 105.081



12, 1.389, 63.072



24, 41.791, 54.304



55, 81.584, 52.659

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



26, 1.843, 244.773



34, 2.661, 244.919



25, 2.969, 286.560



12, 1.350, 244.841



23, 27.659, 268.924



55, 54.072, 273.074

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 26, 1.890, 63.098 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 26, 1.890, 63.098 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

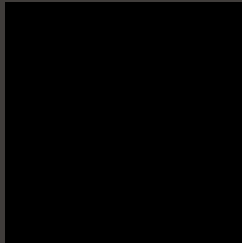
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 26, 1.890, 63.098

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 26, 1.890, 63.098.

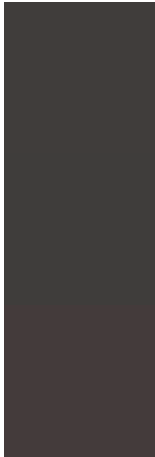


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 26, 1.890, 63.098.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color


26, 1.890, 63.098

Protanopia

26, 1.587, 74.648

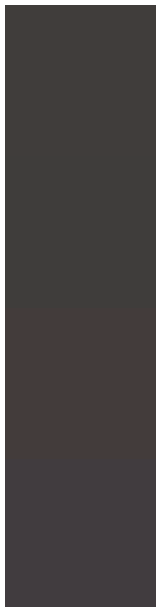
Deuteranopia

26, 4.170, 20.110



Tritanopia
26, 3.984, 324.782

Trichromacy



Original Color

26, 1.890, 63.098

Protanomaly

26, 1.587, 74.648

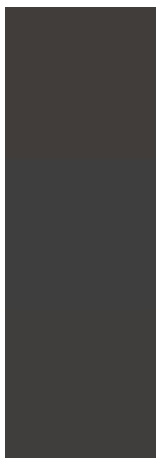
Deuteranomaly

26, 3.301, 31.270

Tritanomaly

26, 3.004, 339.081

Monochromacy



Original Color

26, 1.890, 63.098

Achromatopsia

26, 0.004, 296.813

Achromatomaly

26, 0.787, 74.880

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIElCh 26, 1.890, 63.098 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(64, 61, 59)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(64, 61, 59)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(64, 61, 59) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(64, 61, 59) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 26, 1.890, 63.098 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(64, 61, 59) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(64, 61, 59) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(64, 61, 59)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(64, 61, 59); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(64, 61, 59);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(64, 61, 59)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 26, 1.890, 63.098 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(64, 61, 59) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(64, 61,  
59) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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