

Converting Colors

CIELCh(26, 10.159, 166.842)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(26, 10.159, 166.842)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(26, 10.214, 166.863)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	2E423A
RGB	46, 66, 58
RGB Percent	18%, 26%, 23%
CMY	0.8205, 0.7421, 0.7735
CMYK	0.30, 0.00, 0.12, 0.74
HSL	156°, 18%, 22%
HSV	156°, 30%, 26%
XYZ	3.8079, 4.7465, 4.6869
YIQ	59.1080, -9.3520, -6.7280

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

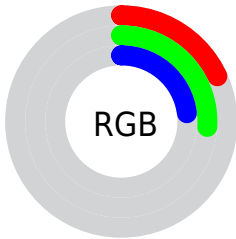
Format	Color
R_{YB}	46, 59, 66
Decimal	3031610
CIE _{Lab}	26.00, -9.95, 2.32
CIE _{LCh}	26, 10.214, 166.863
Yxy	4.7465, 0.2876, 0.3585
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4281221690 (0xFF2E423A)
YUV	59.1080, -0.5462, -11.4957
Hunter-Lab	21.7865, -6.9276, 2.4956

Details

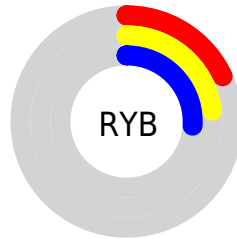
The CIELCh color **26, 10.214, 166.863** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **333333**. A complement of this color would be **21, 10.767, 352.112**, and the grayscale version is **25, 0.004, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **46, 10.368, 167.193**, and **6, 10.218, 164.914** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **26, 13.421, 165.854**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **27, 6.905, 167.788**.

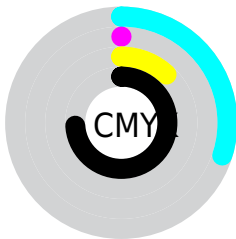
Distribution



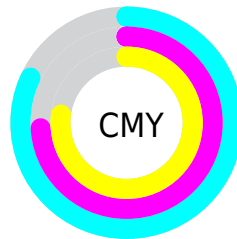
- Red (18%)
- Green (26%)
- Blue (23%)



- Red (18%)
- Yellow (23%)
- Blue (26%)



- Cyan (30%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (12%)
- Black (74%)



- Cyan (82%)
- Magenta (74%)
- Yellow (77%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 26, 10.214, 166.863 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 26, 10.214, 166.863 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 26, 10.214,
166.863

■ 26, 10.214,
166.863

■ 100, 10.214,
166.863

■ 16, 10.214,
166.863

■ 46, 10.214,
166.863

■ 6, 10.214, 166.863

■ 56, 10.214,
166.863

■ 0, 10.214, 166.863

■ 66, 10.214,
166.863

■ 76, 10.214,
166.863

■ 86, 10.214,
166.863

■ 96, 10.214,

166.863

■ 26, 10.214,
166.863

■ 26, 10.214,
166.863

■ 26, 13.421,
165.854

■ 27, 6.905, 167.788

■ 27, 3.534, 168.661

■ 25, 16.482,
164.749

■ 28, 0.134, 170.889

■ 25, 19.352,
163.528

■ 29, 3.265, 350.059

■ 24, 21.991,
162.175

■ 29, 6.640, 350.777

■ 30, 9.972, 351.435

■ 24, 24.365,
160.674

■ 31, 13.249,
352.054

■ 24, 26.508,
159.085

■ 32, 16.461,

■ 24, 28.583,
157.784

352.641

■ 33, 19.602,
353.200

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



26, 10.214, 166.863



21, 10.767, 352.112

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



26, 10.214, 166.863



26, 10.214, 216.863



26, 10.214, 346.863



26, 10.214, 36.863

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



26, 10.215, 166.861



36, 3.848, 168.748



26, 14.121, 131.279



17, 2.632, 168.689



70, 0.009, 296.813



18, 0.003, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



26, 10.215, 166.861



34, 15.104, 166.145



26, 7.488, 208.393



12, 1.903, 168.825



36, 38.168, 156.337



79, 72.846, 154.466

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



21, 10.767, 352.112



27, 16.123, 352.917



22, 9.030, 29.625



12, 1.933, 350.025



19, 41.575, 8.170



48, 77.111, 12.413

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 26, 10.214, 166.863 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 26, 10.214, 166.863 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

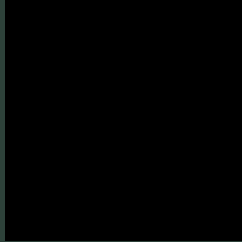
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 26, 10.214, 166.863

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 26, 10.214, 166.863.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 26, 10.214, 166.863.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

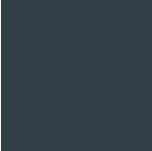
Dichromacy



Original Color
26, 10.214, 166.863

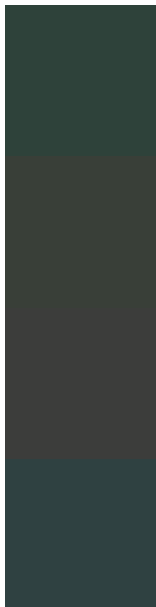
Protanopia
26, 4.157, 89.568

Deuteranopia
26, 4.170, 20.110



Tritanopia
26, 7.199, 225.711

Trichromacy



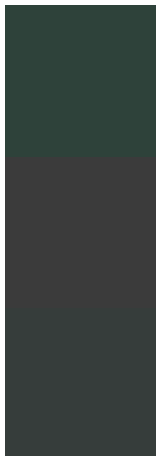
Original Color
26, 10.214, 166.863

Protanomaly
26, 5.356, 140.034

Deuteranomaly
26, 1.388, 128.983

Tritanomaly
26, 7.505, 198.188

Monochromacy



Original Color
26, 10.214, 166.863

Achromatopsia
25, 0.004, 296.813

Achromatomaly
25, 3.406, 176.101

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 26, 10.214, 166.863 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(46, 66, 58)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(46, 66, 58)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(46, 66, 58) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(46, 66, 58) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 26, 10.214, 166.863 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(46, 66, 58) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(46, 66, 58) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(46, 66, 58)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(46, 66, 58); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(46, 66, 58);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(46, 66, 58)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 26, 10.214, 166.863 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(46, 66, 58) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(46, 66,  
58) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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