

Converting Colors

CIELCh(26, 10.827, 320.625)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(26, 10.827, 320.625)
contains.

CIELCh(26, 10.578, 321.289)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	21
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	24
<i>CSS Examples</i>	27

Color

CIELCh(26, 10.578, 321.289)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	463A48
RGB	70, 58, 72
RGB Percent	27%, 23%, 28%
CMY	0.7268, 0.7738, 0.7190
CMYK	0.03, 0.20, 0.00, 0.72
HSL	291°, 11%, 25%
HSV	291°, 20%, 28%
XYZ	5.1571, 4.7465, 6.7179
YIQ	63.1840, 2.6580, 6.8980

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

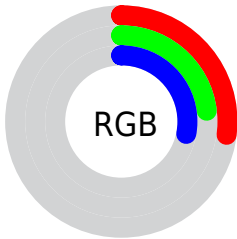
Format	Color
R_{YB}	70, 58, 72
Decimal	4602440
CIE Lab	26.00, 8.25, -6.62
CIE LCh	26, 10.578, 321.289
Yxy	4.7465, 0.3103, 0.2856
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4282792520 (0xFF463A48)
YUV	63.1840, 4.3463, 5.9776
Hunter-Lab	21.7865, 4.1262, -3.0316

Details

The CIELCh color **26, 10.578, 321.289** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **333333**. A complement of this color would be **29, 10.514, 139.593**, and the grayscale version is **27, 0.004, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **46, 10.363, 321.310**, and **6, 10.650, 320.610** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **24, 16.051, 321.706**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **28, 5.126, 320.861**.

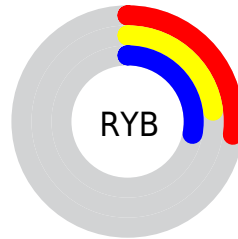
Distribution



Red (27%)

Green (23%)

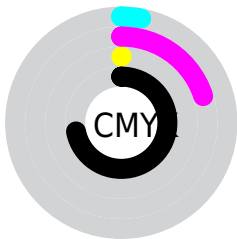
Blue (28%)



Red (27%)

Yellow (23%)

Blue (28%)

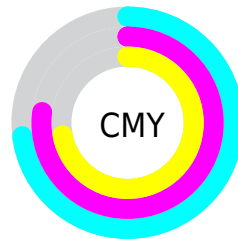


Cyan (3%)

Magenta (20%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (72%)



Cyan (73%)


Magenta (77%)


Yellow (72%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 26, 10.578, 321.289 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 26, 10.578, 321.289 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 26, 10.578,
321.289


 26, 10.578,
321.289

 100, 10.578,
321.289


 16, 10.578,
321.289


 46, 10.578,
321.289


 6, 10.578, 321.289

 56, 10.578,
321.289

 0, 10.578, 321.289

 66, 10.578,
321.289

 76, 10.578,
321.289

 86, 10.578,
321.289

 96, 10.578,

321.289

■ 26, 10.578,
321.289

■ 26, 10.578,
321.289

■ 24, 16.051,
321.706

■ 28, 5.126, 320.861

■ 22, 21.477,
322.106

■ 31, 0.252, 140.897

■ 33, 5.528, 140.091

■ 20, 26.754,
322.473

■ 35, 10.682,
139.700

■ 18, 31.745,
322.790

■ 38, 15.705,
139.334

■ 16, 36.285,
323.032

■ 40, 20.594,
138.991

■ 15, 40.183,
323.175

■ 42, 25.349,
138.671

■ 14, 43.333,
323.206

■ 45, 29.973,
138.374

■ 12, 46.559,
323.278

■ 47, 34.470,
138.099

■ 12, 46.724,
323.284

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



26, 10.578, 321.289



29, 10.514, 139.593

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



26, 10.578, 321.289



26, 10.578, 11.289



26, 10.578, 141.289



26, 10.578, 191.289

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



26, 10.577, 321.289



38, 4.050, 320.714



25, 7.849, 285.390



19, 2.709, 320.726



72, 0.009, 296.813



20, 0.004, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



26, 10.577, 321.289



34, 15.686, 321.475



26, 8.641, 337.644



13, 2.989, 320.820



19, 58.536, 323.055



48, 107.050, 322.685

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



26, 6.624, 9.324



33, 9.917, 9.787



29, 8.555, 155.056



13, 1.831, 8.279



19, 46.573, 29.497



48, 89.032, 34.092

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 26, 10.578, 321.289 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 26, 10.578, 321.289 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

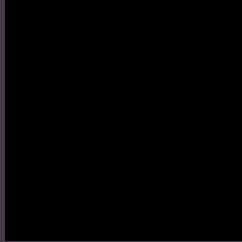
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 26, 10.578, 321.289

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 26, 10.578, 321.289.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 26, 10.578, 321.289.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color


26, 10.578, 321.289

Protanopia

26, 8.541, 286.351

Deuteranopia

26, 7.354, 301.657



Tritanopia
26, 5.229, 341.675

Trichromacy



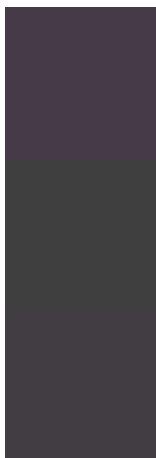
Original Color
26, 10.578, 321.289

Protanomaly
26, 8.646, 300.298

Deuteranomaly
26, 8.328, 309.752

Tritanomaly
26, 6.892, 331.310

Monochromacy



Original Color
26, 10.578, 321.289

Achromatopsia
27, 0.004, 296.813

Achromatomaly
26, 3.741, 319.079

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 26, 10.578, 321.289 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(70, 58, 72)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(70, 58, 72)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(70, 58, 72) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(70, 58, 72) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 26, 10.578, 321.289 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(70, 58, 72) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(70, 58, 72) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(70, 58, 72) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(70, 58, 72); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(70, 58, 72);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(70, 58, 72)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 26, 10.578, 321.289 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(70, 58, 72) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(70, 58,  
72) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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