

Converting Colors

CIELCh(26, 103.993, 308.773)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(26, 103.993, 308.773)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(26, 103.528, 308.741)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	3F00BE
RGB	63, 0, 190
RGB Percent	25%, 0%, 75%
CMY	0.7541, 1.0000, 0.2558
CMYK	0.67, 1.00, 0.00, 0.26
HSL	260°, 100%, 37%
HSV	260°, 100%, 74%
XYZ	11.2952, 4.7465, 48.9034
YIQ	40.4970, -23.4420, 72.4460

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

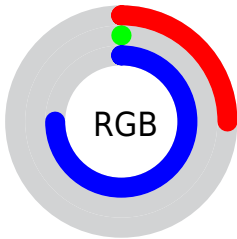
Format	Color
RYB	63, 0, 190
Decimal	4128958
CIELab	26.00, 64.79, -80.75
CIELCh	26, 103.528, 308.741
Yxy	4.7465, 0.1739, 0.0731
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4282319038 (0xFF3F00BE)
YUV	40.4970, 73.7050, 19.7351
Hunter-Lab	21.7865, 54.4168, -117.8358

Details

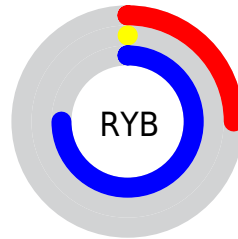
The CIELCh color **26, 103.528, 308.741** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **3300CC**. A complement of this color would be **70, 82.643, 121.343**, and the grayscale version is **16, 0.003, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **46, 103.611, 308.721**, and **14, 83.422, 306.287** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **26, 103.455, 308.725**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **29, 98.115, 308.870**.

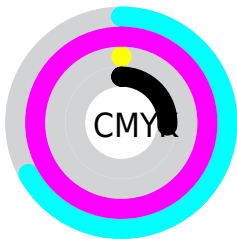
Distribution



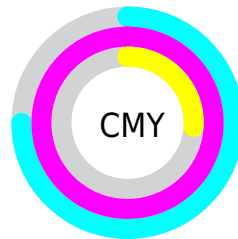
- Red (25%)
- Green (0%)
- Blue (75%)



- Red (25%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Blue (75%)



- Cyan (67%)
- Magenta (100%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (26%)





- Cyan (75%)
- Magenta (100%)
- Yellow (26%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 26, 103.528, 308.741 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 26, 103.528, 308.741 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 26, 103.528,
308.741


 26, 103.528,
308.741


 100, 103.528,
308.741


 16, 103.528,
308.741


 46, 103.528,
308.741


 6, 103.528,
308.741

 56, 103.528,
308.741

 0, 103.528,
308.741

 66, 103.528,
308.741

 76, 103.528,
308.741

 86, 103.528,
308.741

 96, 103.528,

308.741

■ 26, 103.528,
308.741

■ 26, 103.528,
308.741

■ 26, 103.455,
308.725

■ 29, 98.115,
308.870

■ 32, 90.154,
308.646

■ 37, 79.959,
308.068

■ 42, 68.553,
307.298

■ 47, 56.677,
306.460

■ 53, 44.770,
305.629

■ 59, 33.069,
304.847

■ 65, 21.684,
304.134

■ 71, 10.660,
303.494

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



26, 103.528, 308.741



70, 82.643, 121.343

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



26, 103.528, 308.741



26, 103.528, 358.741



26, 103.528, 128.741



26, 103.528, 178.741

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



26, 103.455, 308.725



75, 41.042, 304.883



51, 40.341, 259.266



37, 28.420, 305.211



99, 0.012, 296.813



52, 0.007, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



26, 103.455, 308.725



35, 126.492, 308.571



39, 94.089, 321.282



37, 6.007, 303.455



21, 90.230, 308.858



1, 17.709, 299.759

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



42, 72.531, 347.233



55, 88.231, 347.654



67, 94.428, 134.859



37, 5.605, 336.157



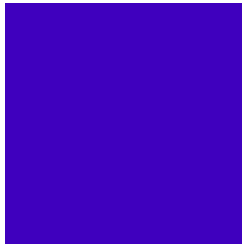
35, 63.533, 346.884



3, 15.678, 341.563

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 26, 103.528, 308.741 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

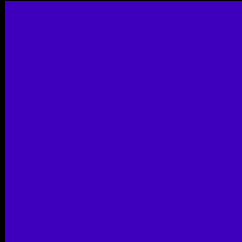
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 26, 103.528, 308.741 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

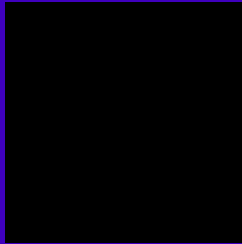
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 26, 103.528, 308.741

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 26, 103.528, 308.741.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 26, 103.528, 308.741.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

26, 103.528, 308.741

Protanopia

27, 44.515, 284.845

Deuteranopia

27, 30.573, 269.740



Tritanopia
27, 19.313, 206.448

Trichromacy



Original Color
26, 103.528, 308.741

Protanomaly
23, 72.835, 300.949

Deuteranomaly
23, 63.445, 298.912

Tritanomaly
21, 48.052, 294.389

Monochromacy



Original Color
26, 103.528, 308.741

Achromatopsia
16, 0.003, 296.813

Achromatomaly
16, 47.181, 308.040

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 26, 103.528, 308.741 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(63, 0, 190)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(63, 0, 190)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(63, 0, 190) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(63, 0, 190) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 26, 103.528, 308.741 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(63, 0, 190) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(63, 0, 190) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(63, 0, 190)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(63, 0, 190); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(63, 0, 190);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(63, 0, 190)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 26, 103.528, 308.741 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(63, 0, 190) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(63, 0,  
190) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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