

Converting Colors

CIELCh(26, 14.133, 178.046)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(26, 14.133, 178.046)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(26, 14.133, 178.046)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	22433C
RGB	34, 67, 60
RGB Percent	13%, 26%, 24%
CMY	0.8649, 0.7355, 0.7630
CMYK	0.49, 0.00, 0.10, 0.74
HSL	167°, 32%, 20%
HSV	167°, 49%, 26%
XYZ	3.5357, 4.7465, 5.0656
YIQ	56.3350, -17.4210, -9.1730

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

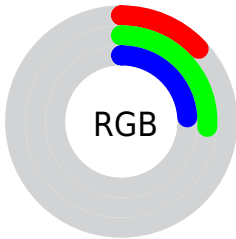
Format	Color
R_{YB}	34, 52, 67
Decimal	2245436
CIE _{Lab}	26.00, -14.12, 0.48
CIE _{LCh}	26, 14.133, 178.046
Yxy	4.7465, 0.2649, 0.3556
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4280435516 (0xFF22433C)
YUV	56.3350, 1.8068, -19.5878
Hunter-Lab	21.7865, -9.1579, 1.4648

Details

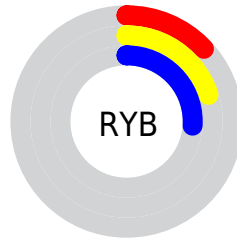
The CIELCh color **26, 14.133, 178.046** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **003333**. A complement of this color would be **18, 16.890, 7.855**, and the grayscale version is **24, 0.004, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **46, 14.034, 177.925**, and **7, 10.188, 170.810** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **26, 16.497, 176.995**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **26, 11.539, 179.022**.

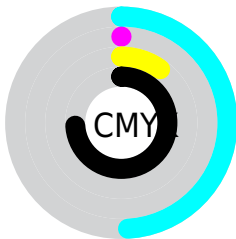
Distribution



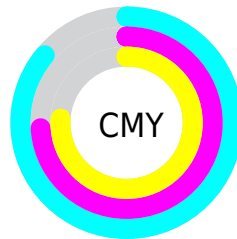
- Red (13%)
- Green (26%)
- Blue (24%)



- Red (13%)
- Yellow (20%)
- Blue (26%)



- Cyan (49%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (10%)
- Black (74%)





- Cyan (86%)
- Magenta (74%)
- Yellow (76%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 26, 14.133, 178.046 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 26, 14.133, 178.046 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 26, 14.133,
178.046


 26, 14.133,
178.046

 100, 14.133,
178.046


 16, 14.133,
178.046


 46, 14.133,
178.046


 6, 14.133, 178.046

 56, 14.133,
178.046

 0, 14.133, 178.046

 66, 14.133,
178.046

 76, 14.133,
178.046

 86, 14.133,
178.046

 96, 14.133,

178.046

■ 26, 14.133,
178.046

■ 26, 14.133,
178.046

■ 26, 16.497,
176.995

■ 26, 11.539,
179.022

■ 25, 18.594,
175.858

■ 27, 8.755, 179.941

■ 25, 20.397,
174.617

■ 27, 5.822, 180.817

■ 28, 2.779, 181.682

■ 25, 21.918,
173.279

■ 29, 0.339, 1.693

■ 25, 23.421,
172.067

■ 29, 3.499, 3.073

■ 30, 6.678, 3.834

■ 25, 23.586,
171.947

■ 31, 9.854, 4.550

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



26, 14.133, 178.046



18, 16.890, 7.855

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



26, 14.133, 178.046



26, 14.133, 228.046



26, 14.133, 358.046



26, 14.133, 48.046

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



26, 14.133, 178.044



36, 5.709, 181.104



26, 24.326, 135.916



17, 3.830, 181.032



70, 0.009, 296.813



18, 0.003, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



26, 14.133, 178.044



33, 20.178, 176.729



23, 10.678, 234.217



12, 1.707, 181.722



36, 30.593, 170.875



80, 57.551, 169.338

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



18, 16.890, 7.855



22, 25.291, 10.227



20, 14.206, 47.568



12, 1.757, 2.914



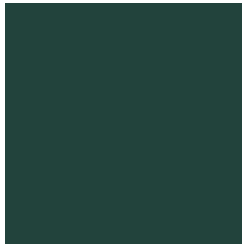
18, 44.083, 24.632



47, 84.235, 29.261

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 26, 14.133, 178.046 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 26, 14.133, 178.046 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

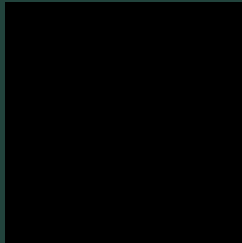
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 26, 14.133, 178.046

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 26, 14.133, 178.046.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 26, 14.133, 178.046.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

26, 14.133, 178.046

Protanopia

26, 2.952, 81.484

Deuteranopia

26, 4.145, 351.906



Tritanopia
26, 11.036, 215.217

Trichromacy



Original Color
26, 14.133, 178.046

Protanomaly
26, 5.582, 162.501

Deuteranomaly
26, 3.173, 186.957

Tritanomaly
26, 11.701, 197.536

Monochromacy



Original Color
26, 14.133, 178.046

Achromatopsia
24, 0.004, 296.813

Achromatomaly
25, 5.676, 177.962

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 26, 14.133, 178.046 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(34, 67, 60)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(34, 67, 60)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(34, 67, 60) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(34, 67, 60) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 26, 14.133, 178.046 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(34, 67, 60) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(34, 67, 60) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(34, 67, 60)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(34, 67, 60); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(34, 67, 60);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(34, 67, 60)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 26, 14.133, 178.046 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(34, 67, 60) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(34, 67,  
60) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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