

Converting Colors

CIELCh(26, 15.909, 164.421)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(26, 15.909, 164.421)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(26, 15.993, 164.718)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	244437
RGB	36, 68, 55
RGB Percent	14%, 27%, 22%
CMY	0.8598, 0.7344, 0.7853
CMYK	0.47, 0.00, 0.19, 0.73
HSL	156°, 31%, 20%
HSV	156°, 47%, 27%
XYZ	3.4535, 4.7465, 4.3171
YIQ	56.9500, -14.8990, -10.8270

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

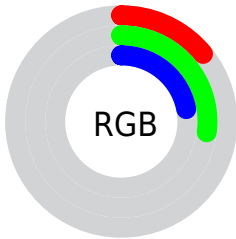
Format	Color
R_{YB}	36, 56, 68
Decimal	2376759
CIE _{Lab}	26.00, -15.43, 4.22
CIE _{LCh}	26, 15.993, 164.718
Yxy	4.7465, 0.2759, 0.3792
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4280566839 (0xFF244437)
YUV	56.9500, -0.9613, -18.3731
Hunter-Lab	21.7865, -9.8309, 3.5018

Details

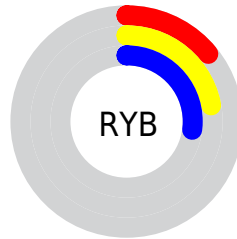
The CIELCh color **26, 15.993, 164.718** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **003333**. A complement of this color would be **19, 17.314, 353.762**, and the grayscale version is **24, 0.004, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **46, 15.571, 165.375**, and **7, 13.320, 155.276** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **26, 19.017, 163.525**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **26, 12.788, 165.797**.

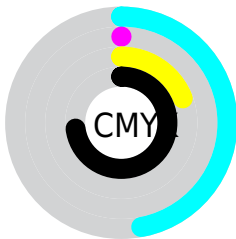
Distribution



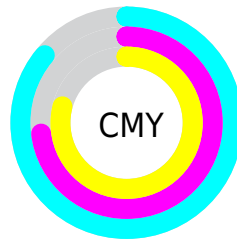
- Red (14%)
- Green (27%)
- Blue (22%)



- Red (14%)
- Yellow (22%)
- Blue (27%)



- Cyan (47%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (19%)
- Black (73%)





- Cyan (86%)
- Magenta (73%)
- Yellow (79%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 26, 15.993, 164.718 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 26, 15.993, 164.718 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 26, 15.993,
164.718


 26, 15.993,
164.718

 100, 15.993,
164.718


 16, 15.993,
164.718


 46, 15.993,
164.718


 6, 15.993, 164.718

 56, 15.993,
164.718

 0, 15.993, 164.718

 66, 15.993,
164.718

 76, 15.993,
164.718

 86, 15.993,
164.718

 96, 15.993,

164.718

■ 26, 15.993,
164.718

■ 26, 15.993,
164.718

■ 26, 19.017,
163.525

■ 26, 12.788,
165.797

■ 25, 21.815,
162.203

■ 27, 9.446, 166.782

■ 25, 24.349,
160.735

■ 28, 6.014, 167.692

■ 28, 2.529, 168.566

■ 25, 26.600,
159.115

■ 29, 0.972, 349.044

■ 25, 28.792,
157.643

■ 30, 4.463, 349.925

■ 31, 7.921, 350.618

■ 25, 29.407,
157.282

■ 31, 11.330,

351.262

■ 32, 14.676,
351.868

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



26, 15.993, 164.718



19, 17.314, 353.762

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



26, 15.993, 164.718



26, 15.993, 214.718



26, 15.993, 344.718



26, 15.993, 34.718

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



26, 15.993, 164.717



37, 6.150, 167.921



26, 22.226, 129.985



18, 4.280, 167.824



71, 0.009, 296.813



19, 0.004, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



26, 15.993, 164.717



34, 23.701, 163.243



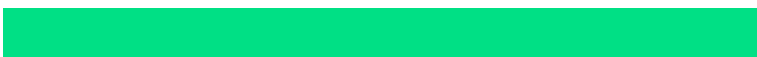
25, 11.342, 206.598



12, 1.911, 168.454



36, 38.428, 155.959



79, 73.366, 154.085

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



19, 17.314, 353.762



23, 26.071, 355.601



19, 15.477, 29.557



12, 1.940, 349.650



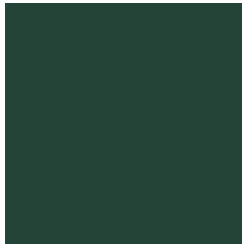
19, 41.565, 7.615



48, 77.020, 11.816

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 26, 15.993, 164.718 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 26, 15.993, 164.718 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

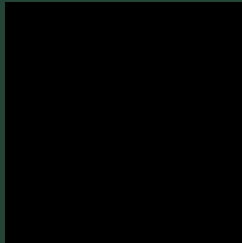
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 26, 15.993, 164.718

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 26, 15.993, 164.718.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 26, 15.993, 164.718.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color
26, 15.993, 164.718

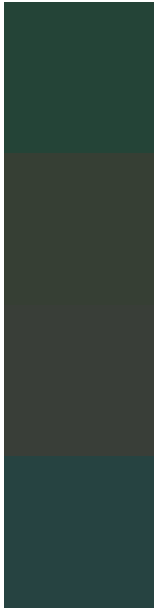
Protanopia
26, 6.797, 92.417

Deuteranopia
26, 4.877, 35.632



Tritanopia
26, 10.428, 216.352

Trichromacy



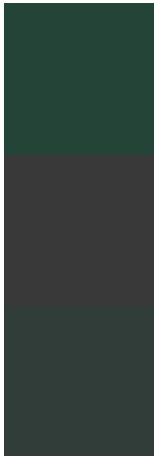
Original Color
26, 15.993, 164.718

Protanomaly
26, 8.337, 138.617

Deuteranomaly
26, 4.565, 139.421

Tritanomaly
26, 11.651, 191.017

Monochromacy



Original Color
26, 15.993, 164.718

Achromatopsia
24, 0.004, 296.813

Achromatomaly
25, 6.332, 166.869

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 26, 15.993, 164.718 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(36, 68, 55)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(36, 68, 55)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(36, 68, 55) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(36, 68, 55) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 26, 15.993, 164.718 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(36, 68, 55) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(36, 68, 55) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(36, 68, 55)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(36, 68, 55); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(36, 68, 55);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(36, 68, 55)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 26, 15.993, 164.718 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(36, 68, 55) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(36, 68,  
55) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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