

Converting Colors

CIELCh(26, 17.627, 238.129)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(26, 17.627, 238.129)
contains.

CIELCh(26, 17.615, 237.283)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	21
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	24
<i>CSS Examples</i>	27

Color

CIELCh(26, 17.615, 237.283)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	134354
RGB	19, 67, 84
RGB Percent	7%, 26%, 33%
CMY	0.9272, 0.7385, 0.6719
CMYK	0.78, 0.20, 0.00, 0.67
HSL	196°, 64%, 20%
HSV	196°, 78%, 33%
XYZ	3.8364, 4.7465, 9.0350
YIQ	54.5860, -34.0650, -4.8890

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

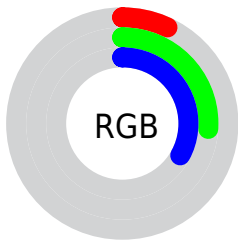
Format	Color
RYB	19, 47, 84
Decimal	1262420
CIELab	26.00, -9.52, -14.82
CIELCh	26, 17.615, 237.283
Yxy	4.7465, 0.2178, 0.2694
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4279452500 (0xFF134354)
YUV	54.5860, 14.5011, -31.2089
Hunter-Lab	21.7865, -6.6940, -9.3376

Details

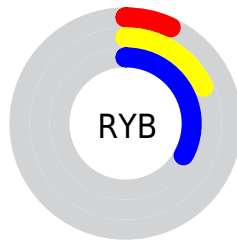
The CIELCh color **26, 17.615, 237.283** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **003333**. A complement of this color would be **21, 30.182, 45.779**, and the grayscale version is **23, 0.004, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **46, 17.799, 237.894**, and **8, 12.952, 254.177** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **25, 18.794, 240.381**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **27, 16.165, 234.729**.

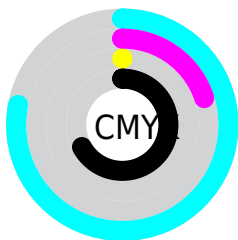
Distribution



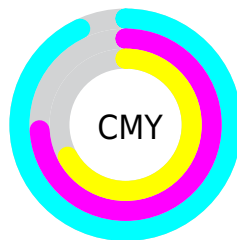
- Red (7%)
- Green (26%)
- Blue (33%)



- Red (7%)
- Yellow (18%)
- Blue (33%)



- Cyan (78%)
- Magenta (20%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (67%)




- Cyan (93%)
- Magenta (74%)
- Yellow (67%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 26, 17.615, 237.283 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 26, 17.615, 237.283 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 26, 17.615,
237.283


 26, 17.615,
237.283


 100, 17.615,
237.283


 16, 17.615,
237.283


 46, 17.615,
237.283


 6, 17.615, 237.283

 56, 17.615,
237.283

 0, 17.615, 237.283

 66, 17.615,
237.283

 76, 17.615,
237.283

 86, 17.615,
237.283

 96, 17.615,

237.283

■ 26, 17.615,
237.283

■ 26, 17.615,
237.283

■ 25, 18.794,
240.381

■ 27, 16.165,
234.729

■ 24, 19.889,
243.594

■ 28, 14.435,
232.657

■ 24, 20.142,
244.247

■ 29, 12.435,
230.995

■ 31, 10.188,
229.675

■ 32, 7.723, 228.637

■ 33, 5.075, 227.834

■ 34, 2.274, 227.261

■ 36, 0.648, 46.212

■ 37, 3.667, 46.187

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



26, 17.615, 237.283



21, 30.182, 45.779

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



26, 17.615, 237.283



26, 17.615, 287.283



26, 17.615, 57.283



26, 17.615, 107.283

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



26, 17.614, 237.283



42, 8.072, 228.290



31, 39.169, 144.639



21, 5.597, 228.489



75, 0.009, 296.813



24, 0.004, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



26, 17.614, 237.283



33, 23.685, 243.436



15, 34.223, 291.827



16, 1.592, 227.299



30, 23.691, 245.730



66, 43.353, 249.255

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



19, 37.771, 338.404



24, 50.130, 340.429



29, 30.848, 88.077



15, 2.916, 333.234



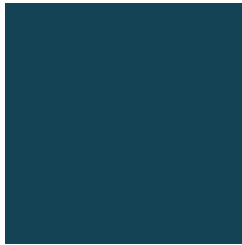
22, 49.648, 341.192



52, 87.981, 342.363

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 26, 17.615, 237.283 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 26, 17.615, 237.283 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

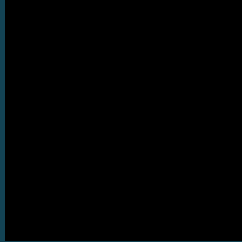
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

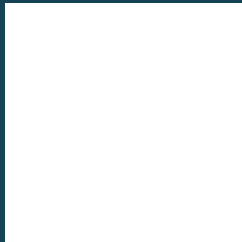
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 26, 17.615, 237.283

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 26, 17.615, 237.283.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 26, 17.615, 237.283.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

26, 17.615, 237.283

Protanopia

26, 11.854, 284.856

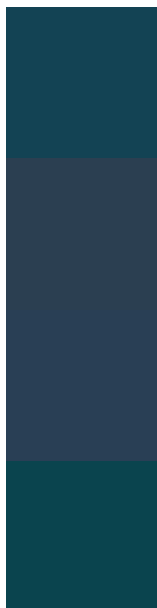
Deuteranopia

26, 15.841, 283.756



Tritanopia
26, 18.091, 209.482

Trichromacy



Original Color
26, 17.615, 237.283

Protanomaly
26, 13.567, 259.941

Deuteranomaly
26, 15.979, 264.191

Tritanomaly
26, 17.610, 219.152

Monochromacy



Original Color
26, 17.615, 237.283

Achromatopsia
23, 0.004, 296.813

Achromatomaly
24, 8.136, 227.890

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 26, 17.615, 237.283 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(19, 67, 84)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(19, 67, 84)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(19, 67, 84) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(19, 67, 84) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 26, 17.615, 237.283 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(19, 67, 84) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(19, 67, 84) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(19, 67, 84)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(19, 67, 84); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(19, 67, 84);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(19, 67, 84)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 26, 17.615, 237.283 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(19, 67, 84) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(19, 67,  
84) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)

**Follow me
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor