

Converting Colors

CIELCh(26, 18.546, 8.121)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(26, 18.546, 8.121) contains.

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Color

CIELCh(26, 18.395, 9.282)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	59333A
RGB	89, 51, 58
RGB Percent	35%, 20%, 23%
CMY	0.6524, 0.8013, 0.7738
CMYK	0.00, 0.43, 0.35, 0.65
HSL	349°, 27%, 27%
HSV	349°, 43%, 35%
XYZ	6.0093, 4.7465, 4.5585
YIQ	63.1600, 20.4010, 10.2330

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

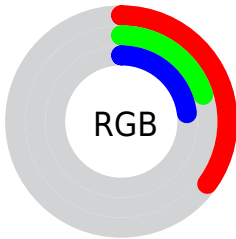
Format	Color
R_YB	89, 51, 58
Decimal	5845818
CIE Lab	26.00, 18.15, 2.97
CIE LCh	26, 18.395, 9.282
Yxy	4.7465, 0.3924, 0.3099
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4284035898 (0xFF59333A)
YUV	63.1600, -2.5439, 22.6617
Hunter-Lab	21.7865, 11.1086, 2.8448

Details

The CIELCh color **26, 18.395, 9.282** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **663333**. A complement of this color would be **35, 15.415, 180.745**, and the grayscale version is **27, 0.004, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **46, 18.325, 8.985**, and **6, 18.546, 9.541** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **24, 22.977, 11.095**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **29, 13.846, 7.803**.

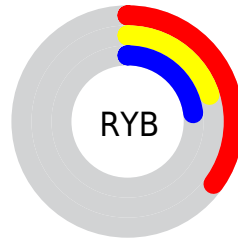
Distribution



Red (35%)

Green (20%)

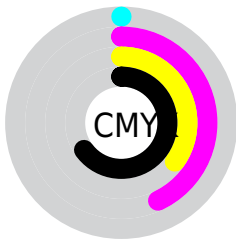
Blue (23%)



Red (35%)

Yellow (20%)

Blue (23%)

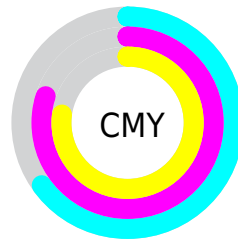


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (43%)

Yellow (35%)

Black (65%)



Cyan (65%)

Magenta (80%)

Yellow (77%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 26, 18.395, 9.282 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 26, 18.395, 9.282 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 26, 18.395, 9.282  26, 18.395, 9.282

 100, 18.395, 9.282  16, 18.395, 9.282

 46, 18.395, 9.282  6, 18.395, 9.282

 56, 18.395, 9.282  0, 18.395, 9.282

 66, 18.395, 9.282

 76, 18.395, 9.282

 86, 18.395, 9.282

 96, 18.395, 9.282

 26, 18.395, 9.282  26, 18.395, 9.282

 24, 22.977, 11.095  29, 13.846, 7.803

■ 21, 27.476, 13.334

■ 31, 9.420, 6.567

■ 20, 31.743, 16.119

■ 34, 5.168, 5.508

■ 18, 35.637, 19.561

■ 37, 1.113, 4.422

■ 17, 39.156, 23.573

■ 40, 2.737, 184.014

■ 16, 41.681, 25.588

■ 43, 6.386, 183.279

■ 46, 9.846, 182.664

■ 48, 13.130,
182.118

■ 51, 16.254,
181.628

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



26, 18.395, 9.282



35, 15.415, 180.745

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



26, 18.395, 9.282



26, 18.395, 59.282



26, 18.395, 189.282



26, 18.395, 239.282

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



26, 18.394, 9.285



44, 6.487, 5.567



26, 27.396, 320.535



21, 4.593, 5.722



76, 0.009, 296.813



25, 0.004, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



26, 18.394, 9.285



32, 27.439, 11.056



29, 15.286, 49.380



16, 2.190, 5.105



21, 48.326, 27.584



49, 88.881, 31.477

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



26, 18.394, 9.285



32, 27.439, 11.056



31, 11.927, 235.987



16, 2.190, 5.105



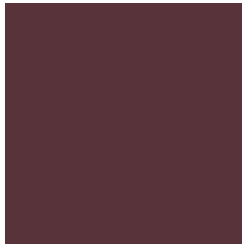
21, 48.326, 27.584



49, 88.881, 31.477

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 26, 18.395, 9.282 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 26, 18.395, 9.282 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

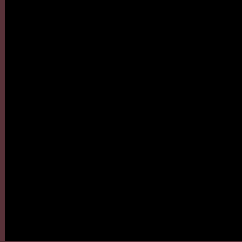
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 26, 18.395, 9.282

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 26, 18.395, 9.282.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 26, 18.395, 9.282.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

26, 18.395, 9.282

Protanopia

26, 1.390, 309.149

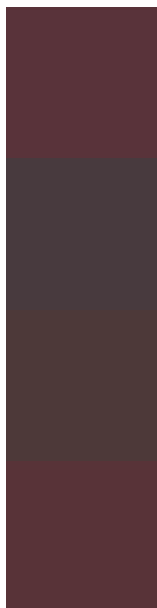
Deuteranopia

26, 5.412, 48.747



Tritanopia
26, 17.883, 14.962

Trichromacy



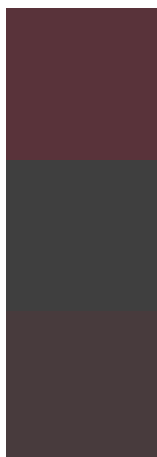
Original Color
26, 18.395, 9.282

Protanomaly
26, 6.934, 358.675

Deuteranomaly
26, 9.503, 21.170

Tritanomaly
26, 17.875, 12.900

Monochromacy



Original Color
26, 18.395, 9.282

Achromatopsia
27, 0.004, 296.813

Achromatomaly
26, 6.143, 8.333

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 26, 18.395, 9.282 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(89, 51, 58)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(89, 51, 58)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(89, 51, 58) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(89, 51, 58) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 26, 18.395, 9.282 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(89, 51, 58) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(89, 51, 58) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(89, 51, 58) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(89, 51, 58); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(89, 51, 58);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(89, 51, 58)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 26, 18.395, 9.282 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(89, 51, 58) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(89, 51,  
58) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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