

Converting Colors

CIELCh(26, 18.673, 170.368)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(26, 18.673, 170.368)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(26, 18.946, 169.656)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	1A4538
RGB	26, 69, 56
RGB Percent	10%, 27%, 22%
CMY	0.8985, 0.7298, 0.7808
CMYK	0.62, 0.00, 0.19, 0.73
HSL	162°, 45%, 19%
HSV	162°, 62%, 27%
XYZ	3.2565, 4.7465, 4.4734
YIQ	54.6610, -21.4550, -13.1590

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

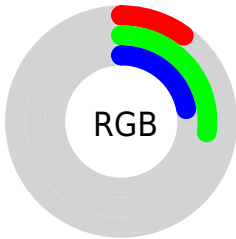
Format	Color
R_{YB}	26, 51, 69
Decimal	1721656
CIE _{Lab}	26.00, -18.64, 3.40
CIE _{LCh}	26, 18.946, 169.656
Yxy	4.7465, 0.2610, 0.3804
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4279911736 (0xFF1A4538)
YUV	54.6610, 0.6601, -25.1357
Hunter-Lab	21.7865, -11.4449, 3.0764

Details

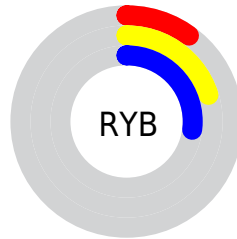
The CIELCh color **26, 18.946, 169.656** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **003333**. A complement of this color would be **16, 22.289, 3.687**, and the grayscale version is **23, 0.004, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **46, 19.192, 169.583**, and **7, 13.696, 157.142** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **26, 21.275, 168.322**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **26, 16.351, 170.866**.

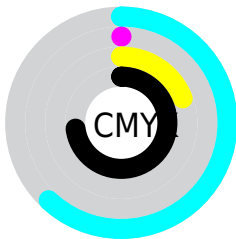
Distribution



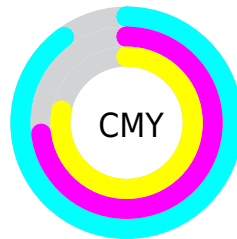
- Red (10%)
- Green (27%)
- Blue (22%)



- Red (10%)
- Yellow (20%)
- Blue (27%)



- Cyan (62%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (19%)
- Black (73%)



- Cyan (90%)
- Magenta (73%)
- Yellow (78%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 26, 18.946, 169.656 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 26, 18.946, 169.656 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 26, 18.946,
169.656


 26, 18.946,
169.656

 100, 18.946,
169.656


 16, 18.946,
169.656


 46, 18.946,
169.656


 6, 18.946, 169.656

 56, 18.946,
169.656

 0, 18.946, 169.656

 66, 18.946,
169.656

 76, 18.946,
169.656

 86, 18.946,
169.656

 96, 18.946,

169.656

■ 26, 18.946,
169.656

■ 26, 18.946,
169.656

■ 26, 21.275,
168.322

■ 26, 16.351,
170.866

■ 25, 23.310,
166.851

■ 27, 13.528,
171.973

■ 25, 25.126,
165.327

■ 27, 10.519,
172.993

■ 25, 26.528,
164.315

■ 28, 7.368, 173.942

■ 28, 4.117, 174.844

■ 29, 0.804, 175.891

■ 30, 2.538, 356.305

■ 31, 5.882, 357.095

■ 31, 9.208, 357.815

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



26, 18.946, 169.656



16, 22.289, 3.687

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



26, 18.946, 169.656



26, 18.946, 219.656



26, 18.946, 349.656



26, 18.946, 39.656

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



26, 18.946, 169.655



36, 7.762, 174.185



26, 30.176, 132.444



18, 5.380, 174.054



71, 0.009, 296.813



19, 0.004, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



26, 18.946, 169.655



34, 26.758, 167.518



24, 13.215, 221.139



14, 1.907, 175.184



37, 34.742, 163.074



80, 65.189, 161.366

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



16, 22.289, 3.687



20, 32.420, 7.487



18, 20.360, 38.817



13, 1.950, 356.452



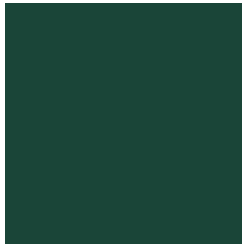
19, 43.184, 17.229



48, 80.571, 21.748

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 26, 18.946, 169.656 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 26, 18.946, 169.656 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

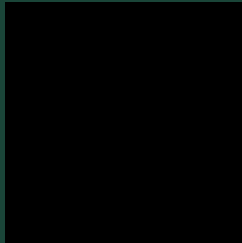
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 26, 18.946, 169.656

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 26, 18.946, 169.656.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 26, 18.946, 169.656.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

26, 18.946, 169.656

Protanopia

26, 6.172, 90.929

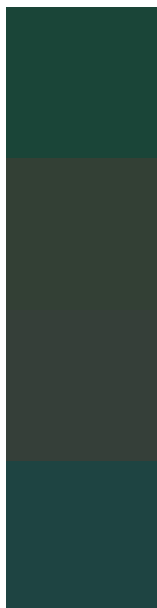
Deuteranopia

26, 4.716, 28.112



Tritanopia
26, 13.023, 212.195

Trichromacy



Original Color
26, 18.946, 169.656

Protanomaly
26, 9.367, 147.786

Deuteranomaly
26, 6.013, 157.569

Tritanomaly
26, 14.367, 191.836

Monochromacy



Original Color
26, 18.946, 169.656

Achromatopsia
23, 0.004, 296.813

Achromatomaly
24, 7.829, 172.898

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 26, 18.946, 169.656 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(26, 69, 56)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(26, 69, 56)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(26, 69, 56) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(26, 69, 56) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 26, 18.946, 169.656 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(26, 69, 56) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(26, 69, 56) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(26, 69, 56)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(26, 69, 56); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(26, 69, 56);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(26, 69, 56)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 26, 18.946, 169.656 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(26, 69, 56) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(26, 69,  
56) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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