

Converting Colors

CIELCh(26, 18.988, 319.747)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(26, 18.988, 319.747)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(26, 19.145, 320.351)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	4B3650
RGB	75, 54, 80
RGB Percent	29%, 21%, 31%
CMY	0.7050, 0.7874, 0.6854
CMYK	0.06, 0.32, 0.00, 0.69
HSL	288°, 19%, 26%
HSV	288°, 32%, 31%
XYZ	5.7056, 4.7465, 8.2498
YIQ	63.2430, 4.1700, 12.5380

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

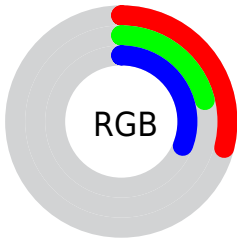
Format	Color
R_YB	75, 54, 80
Decimal	4929104
CIE Lab	26.00, 14.74, -12.22
CIE LCh	26, 19.145, 320.351
Yxy	4.7465, 0.3051, 0.2538
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4283119184 (0xFF4B3650)
YUV	63.2430, 8.2612, 10.3109
Hunter-Lab	21.7865, 8.6208, -7.2005

Details

The CIELCh color **26, 19.145, 320.351** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **333366**. A complement of this color would be **32, 18.902, 137.482**, and the grayscale version is **27, 0.004, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **46, 18.964, 320.383**, and **6, 18.965, 321.174** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **24, 25.032, 320.737**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **28, 13.192, 319.944**.

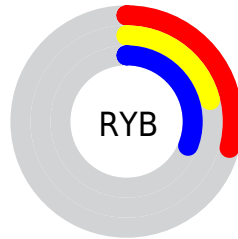
Distribution



Red (29%)

Green (21%)

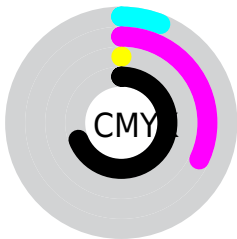
Blue (31%)



Red (29%)

Yellow (21%)

Blue (31%)

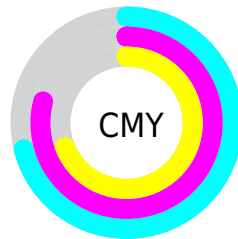


Cyan (6%)

Magenta (32%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (69%)



Cyan (71%)


Magenta (79%)


Yellow (69%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 26, 19.145, 320.351 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 26, 19.145, 320.351 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 26, 19.145,
320.351


 26, 19.145,
320.351

 100, 19.145,
320.351


 16, 19.145,
320.351


 46, 19.145,
320.351


 6, 19.145, 320.351

 56, 19.145,
320.351

 0, 19.145, 320.351

 66, 19.145,
320.351

 76, 19.145,
320.351

 86, 19.145,
320.351

 96, 19.145,

320.351

■ 26, 19.145,
320.351

■ 26, 19.145,
320.351

■ 24, 25.032,
320.737

■ 28, 13.192,
319.944

■ 21, 30.735,
321.083

■ 31, 7.261, 319.529

■ 19, 36.093,
321.365

■ 34, 1.406, 319.063

■ 18, 40.901,
321.554

■ 36, 4.337, 138.776

■ 16, 44.937,
321.616

■ 41, 15.414,
138.034

■ 15, 48.164,
321.554

■ 44, 20.734,
137.704

■ 14, 50.721,
321.554

■ 47, 25.908,
137.398

■ 49, 30.940,
137.116

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



26, 19.145, 320.351



32, 18.902, 137.482

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



26, 19.145, 320.351



26, 19.145, 10.351



26, 19.145, 140.351



26, 19.145, 190.351

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



26, 19.144, 320.351



41, 7.264, 319.442



25, 13.770, 284.545



20, 5.000, 319.476



74, 0.009, 296.813



22, 0.004, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



26, 19.144, 320.351



32, 28.659, 320.661



26, 16.365, 336.409



15, 3.304, 319.373



20, 60.996, 321.328



48, 109.582, 320.879

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



26, 12.587, 7.095



32, 19.120, 8.218



32, 16.192, 151.915



15, 2.085, 4.494



20, 47.228, 26.813



49, 87.657, 30.883

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 26, 19.145, 320.351 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 26, 19.145, 320.351 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

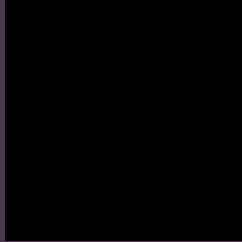
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 26, 19.145, 320.351

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 26, 19.145, 320.351.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 26, 19.145, 320.351.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

26, 19.145, 320.351

Protanopia

26, 15.796, 285.060

Deuteranopia

26, 11.793, 288.645



Tritanopia
26, 7.369, 0.153

Trichromacy



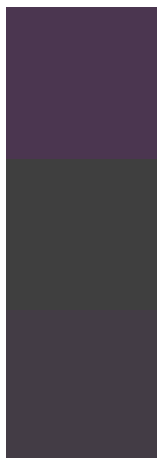
Original Color
26, 19.145, 320.351

Protanomaly
26, 15.818, 297.559

Deuteranomaly
26, 13.389, 303.291

Tritanomaly
26, 10.876, 335.476

Monochromacy



Original Color
26, 19.145, 320.351

Achromatopsia
27, 0.004, 296.813

Achromatomaly
26, 6.672, 318.631

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 26, 19.145, 320.351 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(75, 54, 80)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(75, 54, 80)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(75, 54, 80) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(75, 54, 80) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 26, 19.145, 320.351 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(75, 54, 80) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(75, 54, 80) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(75, 54, 80)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(75, 54, 80); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(75, 54, 80);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(75, 54, 80)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 26, 19.145, 320.351 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(75, 54, 80) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(75, 54,  
80) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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