

Converting Colors

CIELCh(26, 21.364, 141.863)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(26, 21.364, 141.863)
contains.

CIELCh(26, 21.388, 141.882)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	21
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	24
<i>CSS Examples</i>	27

Color

CIELCh(26, 21.388, 141.882)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	294429
RGB	41, 68, 41
RGB Percent	16%, 27%, 16%
CMY	0.8397, 0.7338, 0.8397
CMYK	0.40, 0.00, 0.40, 0.73
HSL	120°, 25%, 21%
HSV	120°, 40%, 27%
XYZ	3.3667, 4.7465, 2.8254
YIQ	56.8490, -7.4250, -14.1210

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

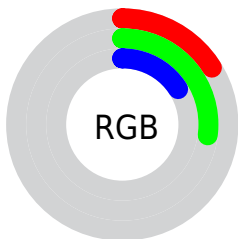
Format	Color
RYB	41, 68, 68
Decimal	2704425
CIELab	26.00, -16.83, 13.20
CIElCh	26, 21.388, 141.882
Yxy	4.7465, 0.3078, 0.4339
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4280894505 (0xFF294429)
YUV	56.8490, -7.8136, -13.8996
Hunter-Lab	21.7865, -10.5422, 7.5614

Details

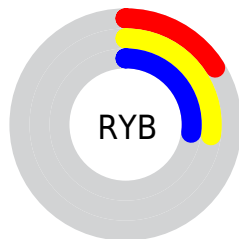
The CIELCh color **26, 21.388, 141.882** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **003300**. A complement of this color would be **21, 21.368, 326.337**, and the grayscale version is **24, 0.004, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **46, 21.285, 141.154**, and **7, 16.758, 144.443** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **25, 26.530, 141.004**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **27, 16.068, 142.667**.

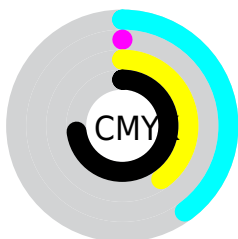
Distribution



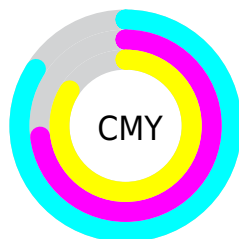
- Red (16%)
- Green (27%)
- Blue (16%)



- Red (16%)
- Yellow (27%)
- Blue (27%)



- Cyan (40%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (40%)
- Black (73%)





- Cyan (84%)
- Magenta (73%)
- Yellow (84%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 26, 21.388, 141.882 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 26, 21.388, 141.882 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 26, 21.388,
141.882


 26, 21.388,
141.882

 100, 21.388,
141.882


 16, 21.388,
141.882


 46, 21.388,
141.882


 6, 21.388, 141.882

 56, 21.388,
141.882

 0, 21.388, 141.882

 66, 21.388,
141.882

 76, 21.388,
141.882

 86, 21.388,
141.882

 96, 21.388,

141.882

■ 26, 21.388,
141.882

■ 26, 21.388,
141.882

■ 25, 26.530,
141.004

■ 27, 16.068,
142.667

■ 25, 31.377,
140.045

■ 27, 10.662,
143.357

■ 25, 35.788,
139.040

■ 28, 5.247, 143.965

■ 24, 39.603,
138.052

■ 29, 0.122, 323.480

■ 24, 42.757,
137.162

■ 31, 10.571,
325.273

■ 24, 45.863,
136.445

■ 32, 15.604,
325.606

■ 24, 45.933,
136.431

■ 33, 20.493,
325.892

■ 34, 25.233,
326.140

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



26, 21.388, 141.882



21, 21.368, 326.337

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



26, 21.388, 141.882



26, 21.388, 191.882



26, 21.388, 321.882



26, 21.388, 11.882

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



26, 21.389, 141.882



37, 8.097, 143.806



28, 17.115, 106.791



18, 5.418, 143.781



71, 0.009, 296.813



19, 0.004, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



26, 21.389, 141.882



34, 32.106, 140.978



26, 14.708, 160.282



12, 2.924, 144.040



35, 58.956, 136.020



78, 108.746, 136.017

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



21, 21.368, 326.337



26, 32.002, 326.783



20, 15.348, 347.034



12, 2.929, 324.831



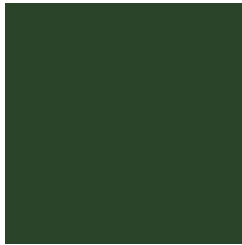
22, 56.879, 328.241



53, 104.907, 328.241

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 26, 21.388, 141.882 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

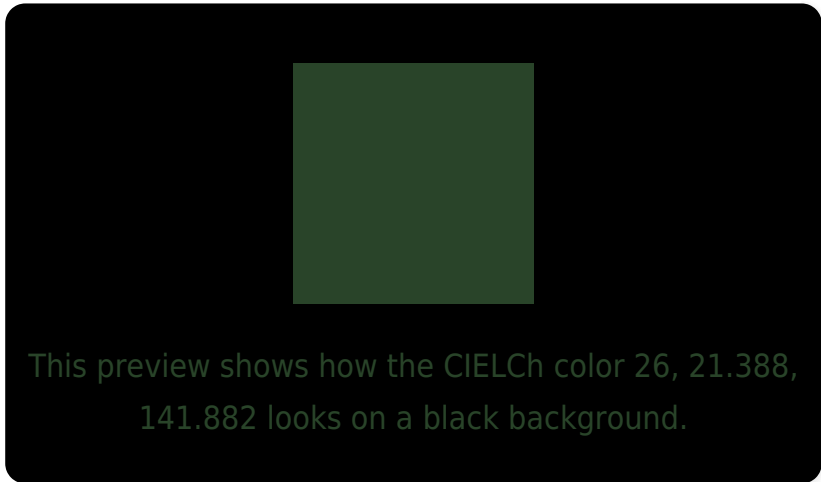
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

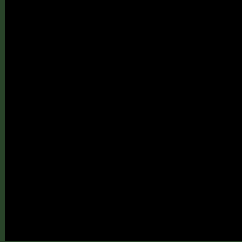
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 26, 21.388, 141.882

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 26, 21.388, 141.882.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 26, 21.388, 141.882.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

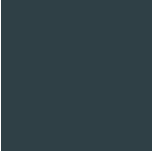
26, 21.388, 141.882

Protanopia

26, 15.198, 95.457

Deuteranopia

26, 12.710, 74.207



Tritanopia
26, 7.775, 229.031

Trichromacy



Original Color
26, 21.388, 141.882

Protanomaly
25, 15.739, 117.821

Deuteranomaly
26, 12.952, 109.653

Tritanomaly
26, 9.522, 173.337

Monochromacy



Original Color
26, 21.388, 141.882

Achromatopsia
24, 0.004, 296.813

Achromatomaly
25, 8.074, 143.585

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 26, 21.388, 141.882 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(41, 68, 41)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(41, 68, 41)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(41, 68, 41) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(41, 68, 41) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 26, 21.388, 141.882 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(41, 68, 41) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(41, 68, 41) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(41, 68, 41)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(41, 68, 41); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(41, 68, 41);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(41, 68, 41)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 26, 21.388, 141.882 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(41, 68, 41) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(41, 68,  
41) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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