

Converting Colors

CIELCh(26, 23.644, 125.876)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(26, 23.644, 125.876)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(26, 24.164, 125.864)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	32431F
RGB	50, 67, 31
RGB Percent	20%, 26%, 12%
CMY	0.8051, 0.7384, 0.8795
CMYK	0.25, 0.00, 0.54, 0.74
HSL	88°, 37%, 19%
HSV	88°, 54%, 26%
XYZ	3.5336, 4.7465, 2.0070
YIQ	57.8130, 1.4240, -14.8000

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

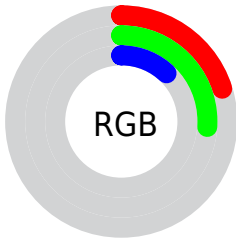
Format	Color
R_{YB}	31, 67, 48
Decimal	3293983
CIE Lab	26.00, -14.16, 19.58
CIE LCh	26, 24.164, 125.864
Yxy	4.7465, 0.3435, 0.4614
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4281484063 (0xFF32431F)
YUV	57.8130, -13.2188, -6.8520
Hunter-Lab	21.7865, -9.1746, 9.7888

Details

The CIELCh color $[26, 24.164, 125.864]$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex $\#333300$. A complement of this color would be $[15, 26.045, 310.622]$, and the grayscale version is $[24, 0.004, 296.813]$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $[46, 24.088, 126.173]$, and $[6, 15.770, 144.443]$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $[26, 28.263, 125.544]$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $[26, 19.856, 126.258]$.

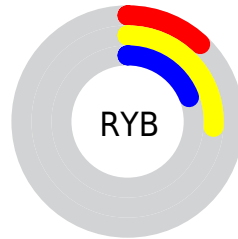
Distribution



Red (20%)

Green (26%)

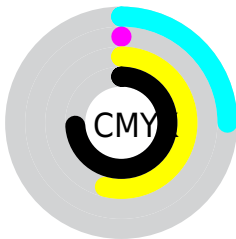
Blue (12%)



Red (12%)

Yellow (26%)

Blue (19%)

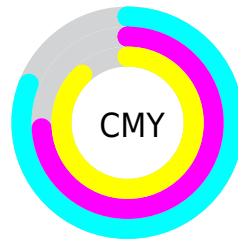


Cyan (25%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (54%)

Black (74%)



Cyan (81%)


Magenta (74%)


Yellow (88%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 26, 24.164, 125.864 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 26, 24.164, 125.864 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 26, 24.164,
125.864

 26, 24.164,
125.864

 100, 24.164,
125.864

 16, 24.164,
125.864


 46, 24.164,
125.864

 6, 24.164, 125.864

 56, 24.164,
125.864

 0, 24.164, 125.864

 66, 24.164,
125.864

 76, 24.164,
125.864

 86, 24.164,
125.864

 96, 24.164,

125.864

■ 26, 24.164,
125.864

■ 26, 24.164,
125.864

■ 26, 28.263,
125.544

■ 26, 19.856,
126.258

■ 25, 32.042,
125.351

■ 27, 15.414,
126.685

■ 25, 35.365,
125.360

■ 27, 10.898,
127.119

■ 25, 38.383,
125.463

■ 28, 6.346, 127.547

■ 25, 40.215,
125.495

■ 28, 1.789, 127.973

■ 29, 2.752, 308.309

■ 29, 7.261, 308.675

■ 30, 11.726,
309.005

■ 30, 16.138,
309.306

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



26, 24.164, 125.864



15, 26.045, 310.622

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



26, 24.164, 125.864



26, 24.164, 175.864



26, 24.164, 305.864



26, 24.164, 355.864

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



26, 24.165, 125.865



36, 9.058, 127.432



21, 15.489, 66.107



17, 6.019, 127.402



70, 0.009, 296.813



18, 0.003, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



26, 24.165, 125.865



34, 35.493, 125.453



25, 27.924, 139.944



13, 2.516, 127.776



36, 52.723, 126.070



80, 98.351, 127.310

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



15, 26.045, 310.622



18, 39.108, 311.270



18, 27.886, 325.931



11, 2.547, 308.428



12, 61.371, 311.992



35, 114.129, 311.147

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 26, 24.164, 125.864 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 26, 24.164, 125.864 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

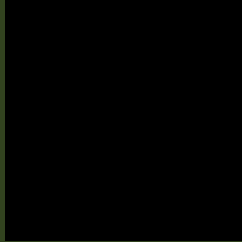
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 26, 24.164, 125.864

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 26, 24.164, 125.864.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 26, 24.164, 125.864.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

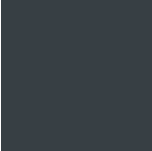
26, 24.164, 125.864

Protanopia

26, 21.219, 97.287

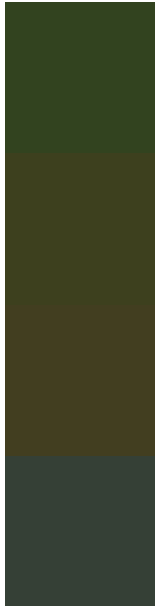
Deuteranopia

26, 18.958, 80.364



Tritanopia
26, 4.643, 244.018

Trichromacy



Original Color
26, 24.164, 125.864

Protanomaly
26, 21.529, 109.842

Deuteranomaly
26, 19.284, 100.005

Tritanomaly
26, 8.280, 146.055

Monochromacy



Original Color
26, 24.164, 125.864

Achromatopsia
24, 0.004, 296.813

Achromatomaly
25, 8.982, 126.854

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 26, 24.164, 125.864 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(50, 67, 31)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(50, 67, 31)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(50, 67, 31) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(50, 67, 31) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 26, 24.164, 125.864 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(50, 67, 31) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(50, 67, 31) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(50, 67, 31)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(50, 67, 31); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(50, 67, 31);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(50, 67, 31)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 26, 24.164, 125.864 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(50, 67, 31) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(50, 67,  
31) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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