

Converting Colors

CIELCh(26, 27.029, 100.146)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(26, 27.029, 100.146)
contains.

CIELCh(26, 27.137, 100.073)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	21
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	24
<i>CSS Examples</i>	27

Color

CIELCh(26, 27.137, 100.073)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	433F13
RGB	67, 63, 19
RGB Percent	26%, 25%, 7%
CMY	0.7386, 0.7542, 0.9267
CMYK	0.00, 0.06, 0.72, 0.74
HSL	55°, 56%, 17%
HSV	55°, 72%, 26%
XYZ	4.1658, 4.7465, 1.2986
YIQ	59.1800, 16.5080, -12.8360

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

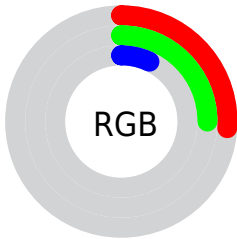
Format	Color
R_{YB}	23, 67, 19
Decimal	4407059
CIE Lab	26.00, -4.75, 26.72
CIE LCh	26, 27.137, 100.073
Yxy	4.7465, 0.4080, 0.4648
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4282597139 (0xFF433F13)
YUV	59.1800, -19.8087, 6.8581
Hunter-Lab	21.7865, -3.9953, 11.7165

Details

The CIELCh color **26, 27.137, 100.073** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **333300**. A complement of this color would be **10, 32.110, 297.462**, and the grayscale version is **25, 0.004, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **46, 26.937, 99.432**, and **6, 10.014, 115.341** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **26, 30.049, 99.274**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **26, 23.814, 100.932**.

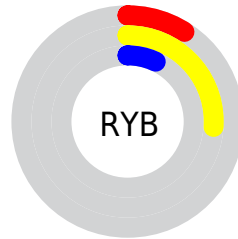
Distribution



 Red (26%)

 Green (25%)

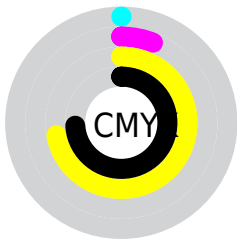
 Blue (7%)



 Red (9%)

 Yellow (26%)

 Blue (7%)

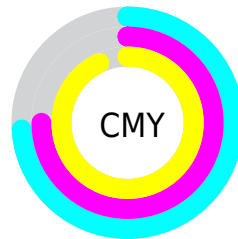


 Cyan (0%)

 Magenta (6%)

 Yellow (72%)

 Black (74%)



 Cyan (74%)


 Magenta (75%)


 Yellow (93%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 26, 27.137, 100.073 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 26, 27.137, 100.073 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 26, 27.137,
100.073


 26, 27.137,
100.073

 100, 27.137,
100.073


 16, 27.137,
100.073


 46, 27.137,
100.073


 6, 27.137, 100.073

 56, 27.137,
100.073

 0, 27.137, 100.073

 66, 27.137,
100.073

 76, 27.137,
100.073

 86, 27.137,
100.073

 96, 27.137,

100.073

■ 26, 27.137,
100.073

■ 26, 27.137,
100.073

■ 26, 30.049, 99.274

■ 26, 23.814,
100.932

■ 26, 32.549, 98.551

■ 27, 20.219,
101.828

■ 25, 34.540, 98.048

■ 27, 16.456,
102.748

■ 27, 12.591,
103.679

■ 27, 8.672, 104.609

■ 28, 4.726, 105.527

■ 28, 0.773, 106.385

■ 29, 3.174, 287.341

■ 29, 7.108, 288.190

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



26, 27.137, 100.073



10, 32.110, 297.462

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



26, 27.137, 100.073



26, 27.137, 150.073



26, 27.137, 280.073



26, 27.137, 330.073

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



26, 27.137, 100.076



36, 10.804, 104.521



14, 25.467, 22.585



17, 7.144, 104.441



70, 0.009, 296.813



18, 0.003, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



26, 27.137, 100.076



34, 38.080, 98.709



26, 30.844, 123.285



13, 2.185, 105.839



37, 45.114, 97.621



82, 82.873, 97.183

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



10, 32.110, 297.462



11, 48.601, 301.346



11, 34.750, 309.897



11, 2.219, 287.436



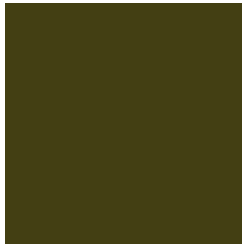
9, 61.152, 304.200



29, 117.720, 305.415

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 26, 27.137, 100.073 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

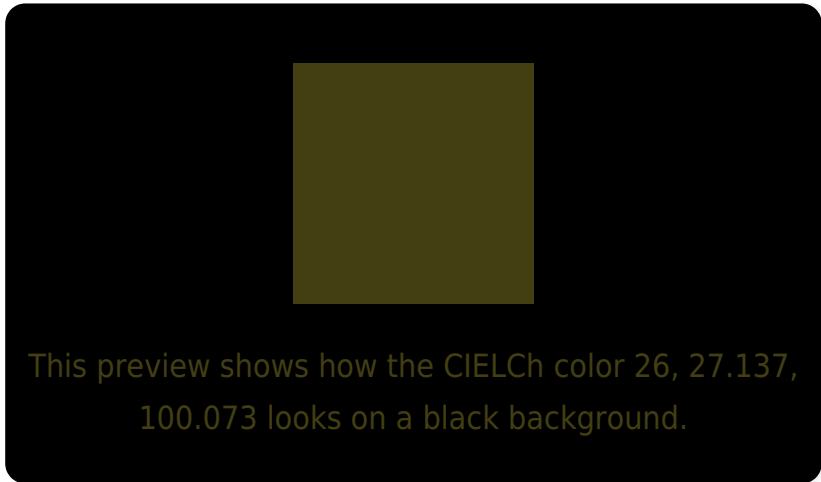
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

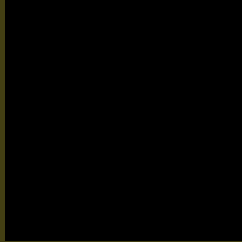
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

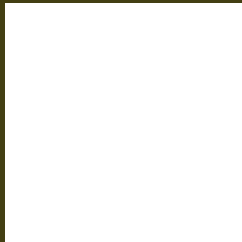
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 26, 27.137, 100.073

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 26, 27.137, 100.073.

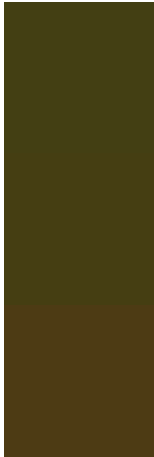


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 26, 27.137, 100.073.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

26, 27.137, 100.073

Protanopia

26, 27.351, 96.641

Deuteranopia

26, 26.581, 83.468



Tritanopia
26, 5.654, 353.000

Trichromacy



Original Color
26, 27.137, 100.073

Protanomaly
26, 27.271, 97.756

Deuteranomaly
26, 26.087, 89.297

Tritanomaly
26, 9.605, 80.891

Monochromacy



Original Color
26, 27.137, 100.073

Achromatopsia
25, 0.004, 296.813

Achromatomaly
25, 10.481, 102.558

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 26, 27.137, 100.073 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(67, 63, 19)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(67, 63, 19)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(67, 63, 19) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(67, 63, 19) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 26, 27.137, 100.073 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(67, 63, 19) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(67, 63, 19) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(67, 63, 19)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(67, 63, 19); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(67, 63, 19);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(67, 63, 19)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 26, 27.137, 100.073 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(67, 63, 19) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(67, 63,  
19) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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