

Converting Colors

CIELCh(26, 36.431, 335.703)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(26, 36.431, 335.703)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(26, 36.586, 335.765)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	632755
RGB	99, 39, 85
RGB Percent	39%, 15%, 33%
CMY	0.6121, 0.8474, 0.6670
CMYK	0.00, 0.61, 0.14, 0.61
HSL	314°, 44%, 27%
HSV	314°, 61%, 39%
XYZ	7.4934, 4.7465, 9.0965
YIQ	62.1840, 20.9940, 27.0260

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

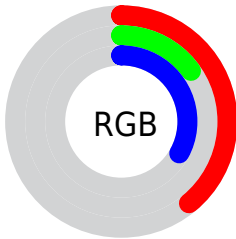
Format	Color
R _Y B	99, 39, 85
Decimal	6498133
CIE Lab	26.00, 33.36, -15.02
CIE LCh	26, 36.586, 335.765
Yxy	4.7465, 0.3512, 0.2225
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4284688213 (0xFF632755)
YUV	62.1840, 11.2483, 32.2876
Hunter-Lab	21.7865, 23.2683, -9.5049

Details

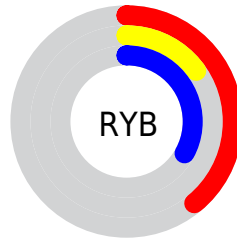
The CIELCh color $[26, 36.586, 335.765]$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex 663366 . A complement of this color would be $[37, 36.796, 146.272]$, and the grayscale version is $[26, 0.004, 296.813]$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $[46, 36.525, 335.880]$, and $[8, 32.100, 336.270]$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $[24, 41.130, 336.571]$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $[28, 31.264, 335.013]$.

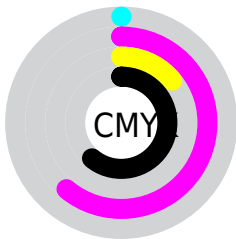
Distribution



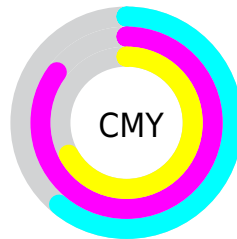
- Red (39%)
- Green (15%)
- Blue (33%)



- Red (39%)
- Yellow (15%)
- Blue (33%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (61%)
- Yellow (14%)
- Black (61%)





- Cyan (61%)
- Magenta (85%)
- Yellow (67%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 26, 36.586, 335.765 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 26, 36.586, 335.765 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 26, 36.586,
335.765


 26, 36.586,
335.765

 100, 36.586,
335.765


 16, 36.586,
335.765


 46, 36.586,
335.765


 6, 36.586, 335.765

 56, 36.586,
335.765

 0, 36.586, 335.765

 66, 36.586,
335.765

 76, 36.586,
335.765

 86, 36.586,
335.765

 96, 36.586,

335.765

■ 26, 36.586,
335.765

■ 26, 36.586,
335.765

■ 24, 41.130,
336.571

■ 28, 31.264,
335.013

■ 23, 44.650,
337.452

■ 31, 25.420,
334.301

■ 22, 46.958,
338.442

■ 33, 19.267,
333.619

■ 21, 48.703,
339.386

■ 36, 12.972,
332.964

■ 39, 6.660, 332.327

■ 42, 0.412, 331.295

■ 45, 5.719, 151.222

■ 48, 11.701,
150.661

■ 51, 17.520,
150.139

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



26, 36.586, 335.765



37, 36.796, 146.272

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



26, 36.586, 335.765



26, 36.586, 25.765



26, 36.586, 155.765



26, 36.586, 205.765

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



26, 36.584, 335.765



47, 13.918, 332.827



20, 40.567, 304.007



23, 9.594, 332.960



77, 0.009, 296.813



27, 0.004, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



26, 36.584, 335.765



31, 51.308, 336.950



25, 29.113, 5.433



18, 3.442, 332.211



24, 53.113, 339.595



54, 91.918, 340.501

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



26, 36.584, 335.765



31, 51.308, 336.950



38, 24.323, 170.837



18, 3.442, 332.211



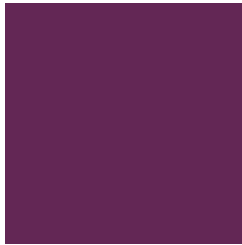
24, 53.113, 339.595



54, 91.918, 340.501

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 26, 36.586, 335.765 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 26, 36.586, 335.765 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

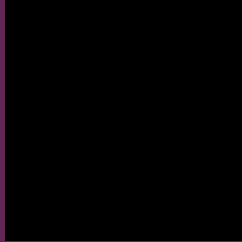
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 26, 36.586, 335.765

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 26, 36.586, 335.765.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 26, 36.586, 335.765.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

26, 36.586, 335.765

Protanopia

26, 27.571, 285.584

Deuteranopia

26, 13.113, 287.630



Tritanopia
26, 22.942, 19.657

Trichromacy



Original Color
26, 36.586, 335.765

Protanomaly
25, 28.672, 304.186

Deuteranomaly
25, 20.747, 316.784

Tritanomaly
26, 25.406, 358.729

Monochromacy



Original Color
26, 36.586, 335.765

Achromatopsia
26, 0.004, 296.813

Achromatomaly
25, 13.951, 333.560

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 26, 36.586, 335.765 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(99, 39, 85)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(99, 39, 85)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(99, 39, 85) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(99, 39, 85) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 26, 36.586, 335.765 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(99, 39, 85) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(99, 39, 85) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(99, 39, 85)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(99, 39, 85); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(99, 39, 85);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(99, 39, 85)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 26, 36.586, 335.765 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(99, 39, 85) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(99, 39,  
85) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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