

# Converting Colors

CIELCh(26, 45.571, 2.136)

Have a look what the booklet for  
CIELCh(26, 45.571, 2.136) contains.

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**Color**

**CIELCh(26, 45.821, 1.963)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	79103D
RGB	121, 16, 61
RGB Percent	47%, 6%, 24%
CMY	0.5263, 0.9384, 0.7615
CMYK	0.00, 0.87, 0.50, 0.53
HSL	334°, 77%, 27%
HSV	334°, 87%, 47%
XYZ	8.8740, 4.7465, 4.8393
YIQ	52.5250, 48.1350, 36.2550

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

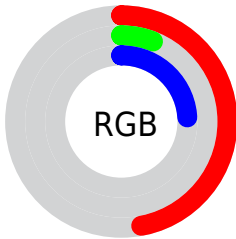
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	121, 16, 61
Decimal	7934013
CIE Lab	26.00, 45.79, 1.57
CIE LCh	26, 45.821, 1.963
Yxy	4.7465, 0.4807, 0.2571
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4286124093 (0xFF79103D)
YUV	52.5250, 4.1782, 60.0526
Hunter-Lab	21.7865, 34.5801, 2.0808

# Details

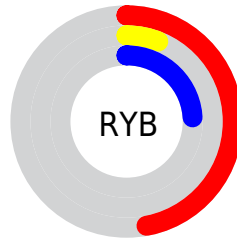
The CIELCh color **26, 45.821, 1.963** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **660033**. A complement of this color would be **45, 42.749, 156.493**, and the grayscale version is **22, 0.004, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **46, 46.126, 2.068**, and **11, 32.677, 14.726** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **25, 47.911, 5.708**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **28, 42.788, 358.845**.

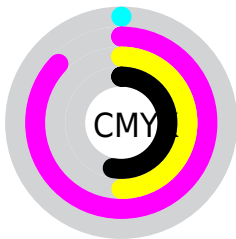
# Distribution



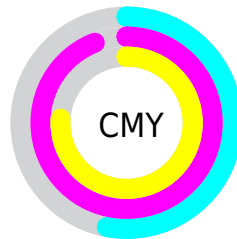
- Red (47%)
- Green (6%)
- Blue (24%)



- Red (47%)
- Yellow (6%)
- Blue (24%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (87%)
- Yellow (50%)
- Black (53%)



- Cyan (53%)
- Magenta (94%)
- Yellow (76%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 26, 45.821, 1.963 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 26, 45.821, 1.963 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



 26, 45.821, 1.963       26, 45.821, 1.963

 100, 45.821, 1.963       16, 45.821, 1.963

 46, 45.821, 1.963       6, 45.821, 1.963

 56, 45.821, 1.963       0, 45.821, 1.963

 66, 45.821, 1.963

 76, 45.821, 1.963

 86, 45.821, 1.963

 96, 45.821, 1.963

 26, 45.821, 1.963       26, 45.821, 1.963

 25, 47.911, 5.708       28, 42.788,

■ 25, 48.575, 6.815

358.845

■ 30, 38.661,  
356.360

■ 32, 33.658,  
354.360

■ 35, 28.057,  
352.717

■ 38, 22.120,  
351.338

■ 41, 16.053,  
350.153

■ 45, 10.002,  
349.110

■ 48, 4.061, 348.152

■ 52, 1.713, 167.578

# Harmonies

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



26, 45.821, 1.963



45, 42.749, 156.493

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



26, 45.821, 1.963



26, 45.821, 51.963



26, 45.821, 181.963



26, 45.821, 231.963

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



26, 45.819, 1.964



54, 19.268, 350.115



21, 65.084, 314.282



26, 13.017, 350.421



83, 0.010, 296.813



34, 0.005, 296.813



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



26, 45.819, 1.964



33, 59.086, 8.160



26, 51.432, 36.999



24, 3.316, 348.352



26, 49.772, 7.000



54, 83.942, 9.883





# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



26, 45.819, 1.964



33, 59.086, 8.160



43, 25.773, 206.211



24, 3.316, 348.352



26, 49.772, 7.000

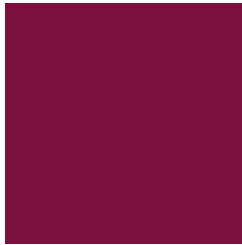


54, 83.942, 9.883



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 26, 45.821, 1.963 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

# Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 26, 45.821, 1.963 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

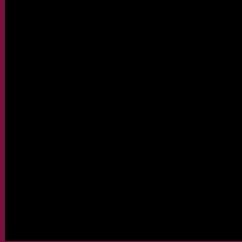
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**CIELCh 26, 45.821, 1.963**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 26, 45.821, 1.963.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 26, 45.821, 1.963.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

26, 45.821, 1.963

### Protanopia

27, 15.079, 284.413

### Deuteranopia

27, 6.590, 49.560



**Tritanopia**  
26, 45.789, 31.462



# Trichromacy



**Original Color**  
26, 45.821, 1.963

**Protanomaly**  
24, 24.593, 329.138

**Deuteranomaly**  
25, 22.280, 2.726

**Tritanomaly**  
26, 44.449, 20.997

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**  
26, 45.821, 1.963

**Achromatopsia**  
22, 0.004, 296.813

**Achromatomaly**  
21, 20.245, 353.204

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 26, 45.821, 1.963 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(121, 16, 61)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(121, 16, 61)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(121, 16, 61) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(121, 16, 61) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 26, 45.821, 1.963 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(121, 16, 61) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(121, 16, 61) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(121, 16, 61) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(121, 16, 61); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(121, 16, 61);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(121, 16,  
61) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 26, 45.821, 1.963 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(121, 16, 61) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(121, 16,  
61) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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