

Converting Colors

CIELCh(26, 50.260, 359.071)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(26, 50.260, 359.071)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(26, 50.260, 359.372)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	7D0040
RGB	125, 0, 64
RGB Percent	49%, 0%, 25%
CMY	0.5093, 0.9991, 0.7486
CMYK	0.00, 1.00, 0.49, 0.51
HSL	329°, 100%, 25%
HSV	329°, 100%, 49%
XYZ	9.4082, 4.7465, 5.2870
YIQ	44.6710, 53.9560, 46.4040

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

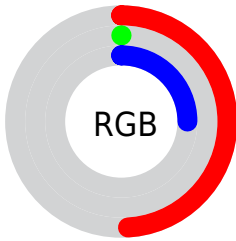
Format	Color
RYB	125, 0, 64
Decimal	8192064
CIELab	26.00, 50.26, -0.55
CIELCh	26, 50.260, 359.372
Yxy	4.7465, 0.4839, 0.2441
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4286382144 (0xFF7D0040)
YUV	44.6710, 9.5292, 70.4485
Hunter-Lab	21.7865, 38.9566, 0.8625

Details

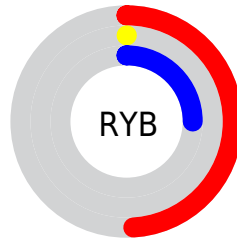
The CIELCh color **26, 50.260, 359.372** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **660033**. A complement of this color would be **46, 52.203, 149.445**, and the grayscale version is **18, 0.003, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **46, 50.147, 359.054**, and **12, 33.519, 13.025** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **26, 50.291, 359.433**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **27, 48.627, 356.213**.

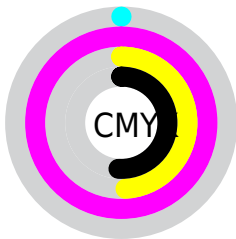
Distribution



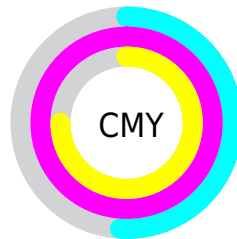
- Red (49%)
- Green (0%)
- Blue (25%)



- Red (49%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Blue (25%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (100%)
- Yellow (49%)
- Black (51%)





- Cyan (51%)
- Magenta (100%)
- Yellow (75%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 26, 50.260, 359.372 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 26, 50.260, 359.372 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 26, 50.260,
359.372


 26, 50.260,
359.372

 100, 50.260,
359.372


 16, 50.260,
359.372


 46, 50.260,
359.372


 6, 50.260, 359.372

 56, 50.260,
359.372

 0, 50.260, 359.372

 66, 50.260,
359.372

 76, 50.260,
359.372

 86, 50.260,
359.372

 96, 50.260,

359.372

■ 26, 50.260,
359.372

■ 26, 50.260,
359.372

■ 26, 50.291,
359.433

■ 27, 48.627,
356.213

■ 28, 46.161,
353.465

■ 30, 42.378,
351.266

■ 33, 37.494,
349.481

■ 35, 31.809,
348.000

■ 39, 25.622,
346.740

■ 42, 19.180,
345.643

■ 45, 12.668,
344.668

■ 49, 6.211, 343.775

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



26, 50.260, 359.372



46, 52.203, 149.445

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



26, 50.260, 359.372



26, 50.260, 49.372



26, 50.260, 179.372



26, 50.260, 229.372

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



26, 50.257, 359.373



54, 23.994, 345.738



18, 73.549, 311.901



26, 16.298, 346.103



84, 0.010, 296.813



35, 0.005, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



26, 50.257, 359.373



35, 60.867, 0.498



25, 59.586, 37.497



25, 3.621, 343.714



27, 50.963, 359.515



0, 0.000, 0.000

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



26, 50.257, 359.373



35, 60.867, 0.498



47, 29.921, 193.946



25, 3.621, 343.714



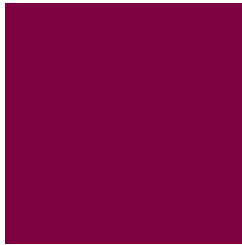
27, 50.963, 359.515



0, 0.000, 0.000

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 26, 50.260, 359.372 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 26, 50.260, 359.372 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

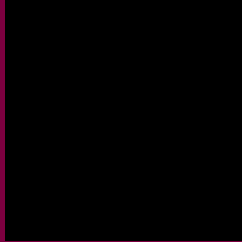
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 26, 50.260, 359.372

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 26, 50.260, 359.372.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 26, 50.260, 359.372.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

26, 50.260, 359.372

Protanopia

28, 18.936, 284.999

Deuteranopia

28, 5.787, 46.547



Tritanopia
27, 48.803, 31.991

Trichromacy



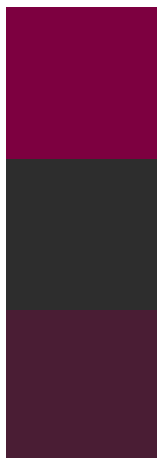
Original Color
26, 50.260, 359.372

Protanomaly
23, 30.857, 326.112

Deuteranomaly
24, 26.860, 356.332

Tritanomaly
26, 47.860, 19.697

Monochromacy



Original Color
26, 50.260, 359.372

Achromatopsia
18, 0.003, 296.813

Achromatomaly
18, 24.871, 349.032

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 26, 50.260, 359.372 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(125, 0, 64)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(125, 0, 64)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(125, 0, 64) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(125, 0, 64) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 26, 50.260, 359.372 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(125, 0, 64) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(125, 0, 64) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(125, 0, 64)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(125, 0, 64); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(125, 0, 64);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(125, 0, 64)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 26, 50.260, 359.372 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(125, 0, 64) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(125, 0,  
64) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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