

# Converting Colors

CIELCh(26, 56.031, 30.341)

Have a look what the booklet for  
CIELCh(26, 56.031, 30.341) contains.

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# Color

**CIELCh(26, 55.985, 30.124)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	810216
RGB	129, 2, 22
RGB Percent	51%, 1%, 9%
CMY	0.4949, 0.9933, 0.9142
CMYK	0.00, 0.99, 0.83, 0.49
HSL	350°, 97%, 26%
HSV	350°, 99%, 51%
XYZ	9.1863, 4.7465, 1.1846
YIQ	42.2530, 69.2720, 33.1440

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

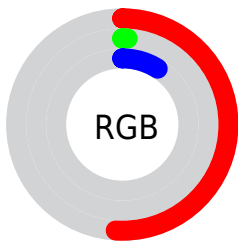
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>Y</sub>B</b>	129, 2, 22
Decimal	8454678
CIE Lab	26.00, 48.42, 28.10
CIE LCh	26, 55.985, 30.124
Yxy	4.7465, 0.6077, 0.3140
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4286644758 (0xFF810216)
YUV	42.2530, -9.9847, 76.0771
Hunter-Lab	21.7865, 37.1382, 12.0268

# Details

The CIELCh color **26, 55.985, 30.124** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **660000**. A complement of this color would be **48, 35.166, 175.969**, and the grayscale version is **17, 0.003, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **46, 56.002, 30.128**, and **12, 36.694, 29.688** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **26, 56.609, 30.657**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **27, 51.456, 25.599**.

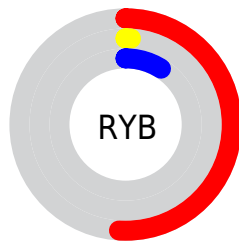
# Distribution



Red (51%)

Green (1%)

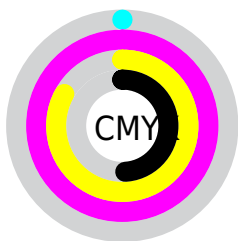
Blue (9%)



Red (51%)

Yellow (1%)

Blue (9%)

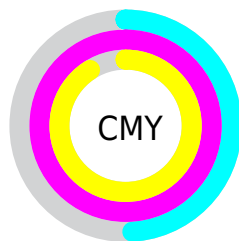


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (99%)

Yellow (83%)

Black (49%)



Cyan (49%)

Magenta (99%)

Yellow (91%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 26, 55.985, 30.124 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 26, 55.985, 30.124 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



 26, 55.985, 30.124

 26, 55.985, 30.124

 100, 55.985,  
30.124

 16, 55.985, 30.124

 46, 55.985, 30.124

 6, 55.985, 30.124

 56, 55.985, 30.124

 0, 55.985, 30.124

 66, 55.985, 30.124

 76, 55.985, 30.124

 86, 55.985, 30.124

 96, 55.985, 30.124

 26, 55.985, 30.124

 26, 55.985, 30.124

26, 56.609, 30.657

27, 51.456, 25.599

28, 46.517, 21.321

31, 40.977, 17.776

33, 34.980, 14.930

36, 28.734, 12.667

39, 22.446, 10.857

43, 16.276, 9.390

47, 10.331, 8.176

51, 4.667, 7.128

# Harmonies

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



26, 55.985, 30.124



48, 35.166, 175.969

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



26, 55.985, 30.124



26, 55.985, 80.124



26, 55.985, 210.124



26, 55.985, 260.124

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



26, 55.983, 30.126



55, 21.297, 9.666



26, 70.210, 322.099



26, 14.578, 10.167



85, 0.010, 296.813



36, 0.005, 296.813



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



26, 55.983, 30.126



35, 69.704, 32.000



31, 54.310, 50.025



25, 3.013, 7.170



26, 56.163, 30.598



0, 0.000, 0.000





# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



26, 55.983, 30.126



35, 69.704, 32.000



35, 30.397, 259.790



25, 3.013, 7.170



26, 56.163, 30.598

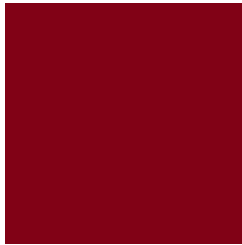


0, 0.000, 0.000



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 26, 55.985, 30.124 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

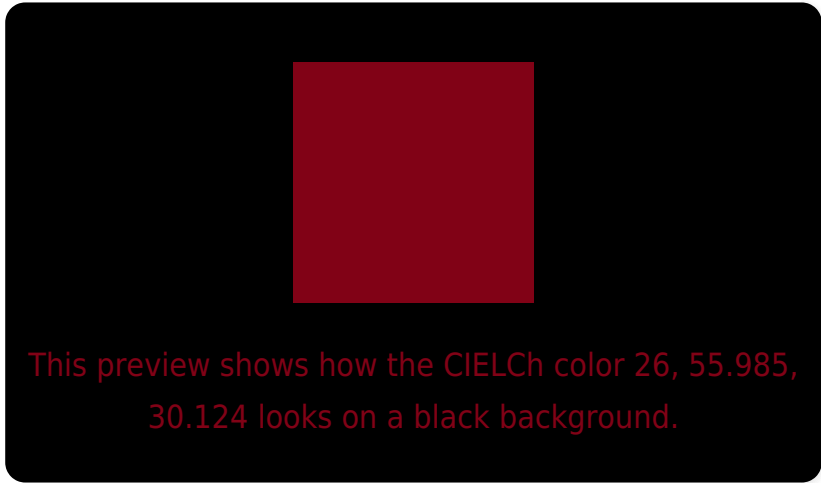
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

# Black Background



## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# CIELCh 26, 55.985, 30.124

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 26, 55.985, 30.124.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 26, 55.985, 30.124.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

26, 55.985, 30.124

### Protanopia

28, 19.418, 95.655

### Deuteranopia

27, 33.631, 84.759



**Tritanopia**  
26, 60.129, 40.078



# Trichromacy



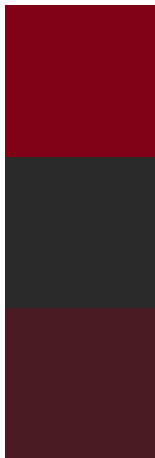
**Original Color**  
26, 55.985, 30.124

**Protanomaly**  
24, 28.989, 40.014

**Deuteranomaly**  
24, 38.616, 49.575

**Tritanomaly**  
26, 58.562, 37.100

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**  
26, 55.985, 30.124

**Achromatopsia**  
17, 0.003, 296.813

**Achromatomaly**  
17, 23.941, 14.179

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 26, 55.985, 30.124 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(129, 2, 22)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(129, 2, 22)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(129, 2, 22) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(129, 2, 22) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 26, 55.985, 30.124 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(129, 2, 22) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(129, 2, 22) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(129, 2, 22)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(129, 2, 22); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(129, 2, 22);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(129, 2, 22)  
}
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 26, 55.985, 30.124 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(129, 2, 22) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(129, 2,  
22) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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