

Converting Colors

CIELCh(26, 57.495, 335.062)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(26, 57.495, 335.062)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(26, 57.471, 335.168)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	750263
RGB	117, 2, 99
RGB Percent	46%, 1%, 39%
CMY	0.5405, 0.9910, 0.6112
CMYK	0.00, 0.98, 0.15, 0.54
HSL	309°, 96%, 23%
HSV	309°, 98%, 46%
XYZ	9.6420, 4.7465, 12.2495
YIQ	47.4430, 37.4030, 54.5470

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

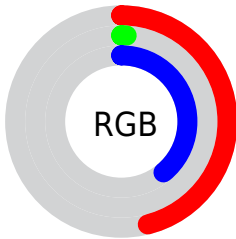
Format	Color
RYB	117, 2, 99
Decimal	7668323
CIELab	26.00, 52.16, -24.14
CIELCh	26, 57.471, 335.168
Yxy	4.7465, 0.3620, 0.1782
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4285858403 (0xFF750263)
YUV	47.4430, 25.4176, 61.0015
Hunter-Lab	21.7865, 40.8724, -18.0853

Details

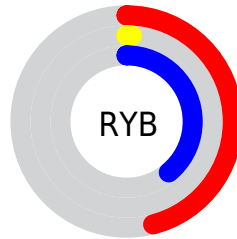
The CIELCh color **26, 57.471, 335.168** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **660066**. A complement of this color would be **43, 63.103, 138.544**, and the grayscale version is **20, 0.004, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **46, 57.140, 335.109**, and **12, 37.732, 336.127** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **26, 57.830, 335.302**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **27, 55.618, 334.472**.

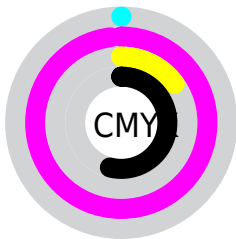
Distribution



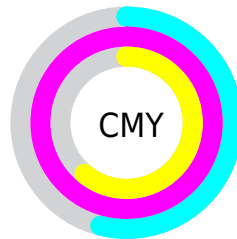
- Red (46%)
- Green (1%)
- Blue (39%)



- Red (46%)
- Yellow (1%)
- Blue (39%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (98%)
- Yellow (15%)
- Black (54%)





- Cyan (54%)
- Magenta (99%)
- Yellow (61%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 26, 57.471, 335.168 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 26, 57.471, 335.168 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 26, 57.471,
335.168


 26, 57.471,
335.168

 100, 57.471,
335.168


 16, 57.471,
335.168


 46, 57.471,
335.168


 6, 57.471, 335.168

 56, 57.471,
335.168

 0, 57.471, 335.168

 66, 57.471,
335.168

 76, 57.471,
335.168

 86, 57.471,
335.168

 96, 57.471,

335.168

■ 26, 57.471,
335.168

■ 26, 57.471,
335.168

■ 26, 57.830,
335.302

■ 27, 55.618,
334.472

■ 28, 52.605,
333.805

■ 30, 48.163,
333.166

■ 32, 42.525,
332.540

■ 34, 35.989,
331.920

■ 37, 28.852,
331.305

■ 40, 21.367,
330.695

■ 43, 13.731,
330.092

■ 47, 6.089, 329.491

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



26, 57.471, 335.168



43, 63.103, 138.544

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



26, 57.471, 335.168



26, 57.471, 25.168



26, 57.471, 155.168



26, 57.471, 205.168

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



26, 57.469, 335.168



52, 27.487, 330.798



12, 73.175, 306.885



25, 18.726, 331.004



82, 0.010, 296.813



33, 0.005, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



26, 57.469, 335.168



35, 69.947, 335.515



24, 47.443, 13.257



23, 4.269, 329.552



27, 59.637, 335.340



57, 100.461, 335.805

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



26, 57.469, 335.168



35, 69.947, 335.515



43, 41.120, 159.447



23, 4.269, 329.552



27, 59.637, 335.340



57, 100.461, 335.805

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 26, 57.471, 335.168 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

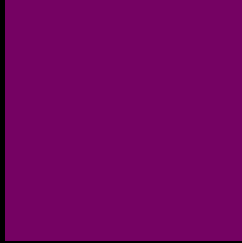
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 26, 57.471, 335.168 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 26, 57.471, 335.168

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 26, 57.471, 335.168.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 26, 57.471, 335.168.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color
26, 57.471, 335.168

Protanopia
27, 45.641, 285.251

Deuteranopia
27, 19.029, 282.961



Tritanopia
27, 36.155, 26.099

Trichromacy



Original Color
26, 57.471, 335.168

Protanomaly
22, 52.894, 300.773

Deuteranomaly
24, 36.762, 316.644

Tritanomaly
26, 40.760, 0.344

Monochromacy



Original Color
26, 57.471, 335.168

Achromatopsia
20, 0.004, 296.813

Achromatomaly
19, 29.076, 331.773

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 26, 57.471, 335.168 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(117, 2, 99)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(117, 2, 99)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(117, 2, 99) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(117, 2, 99) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 26, 57.471, 335.168 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(117, 2, 99) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(117, 2, 99) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(117, 2, 99)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(117, 2, 99); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(117, 2, 99);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(117, 2, 99)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 26, 57.471, 335.168 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(117, 2, 99) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(117, 2,  
99) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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