

Converting Colors

CIELCh(26, 6.284, 216.934)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(26, 6.284, 216.934) contains.

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Color

CIELCh(26, 6.103, 217.411)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	324043
RGB	50, 64, 67
RGB Percent	20%, 25%, 26%
CMY	0.8040, 0.7491, 0.7373
CMYK	0.25, 0.04, 0.00, 0.74
HSL	191°, 15%, 23%
HSV	191°, 25%, 26%
XYZ	4.1586, 4.7465, 6.0033
YIQ	60.1560, -9.3070, -2.0350

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

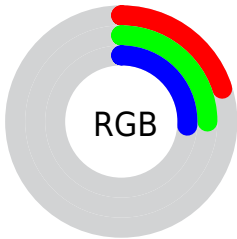
Format	Color
R_{YB}	50, 58, 67
Decimal	3293251
CIE Lab	26.00, -4.85, -3.71
CIE LCh	26, 6.103, 217.411
Yxy	4.7465, 0.2789, 0.3184
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4281483331 (0xFF324043)
YUV	60.1560, 3.3741, -8.9068
Hunter-Lab	21.7865, -4.0541, -1.0870

Details

The CIELCh color **26, 6.103, 217.411** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **333333**. A complement of this color would be **24, 7.101, 36.729**, and the grayscale version is **25, 0.004, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **46, 6.062, 215.983**, and **6, 6.104, 213.417** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **25, 8.242, 217.851**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **27, 3.799, 217.113**.

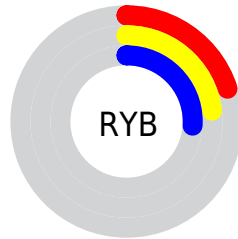
Distribution



Red (20%)

Green (25%)

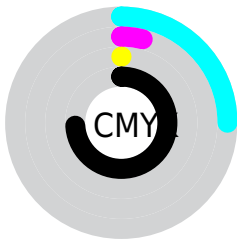
Blue (26%)



Red (20%)

Yellow (23%)

Blue (26%)

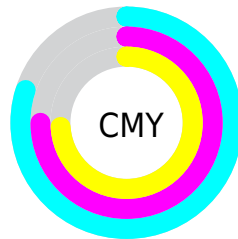


Cyan (25%)

Magenta (4%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (74%)



Cyan (80%)

Magenta (75%)

Yellow (74%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 26, 6.103, 217.411 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 26, 6.103, 217.411 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 26, 6.103, 217.411

■ 26, 6.103, 217.411

■ 100, 6.103,
217.411

■ 16, 6.103, 217.411

■ 46, 6.103, 217.411

■ 6, 6.103, 217.411

■ 56, 6.103, 217.411

■ 0, 6.103, 217.411

■ 66, 6.103, 217.411

■ 76, 6.103, 217.411

■ 86, 6.103, 217.411

■ 96, 6.103, 217.411

■ 26, 6.103, 217.411

■ 26, 6.103, 217.411

■ 25, 8.242, 217.851

■ 27, 3.799, 217.113

■ 24, 10.186,
218.476

■ 28, 1.360, 217.030

■ 29, 1.188, 36.522

■ 24, 11.904,
219.317

■ 30, 3.821, 36.630

■ 23, 13.368,
220.415

■ 31, 6.518, 36.676

■ 22, 14.560,
221.820

■ 32, 9.263, 36.751

■ 33, 12.041, 36.855

■ 22, 15.469,
223.585

■ 34, 14.841, 36.983

■ 21, 16.278,
225.403

■ 35, 17.654, 37.129

■ 21, 16.670,
226.163

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



26, 6.103, 217.411



24, 7.101, 36.729

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



26, 6.103, 217.411



26, 6.103, 267.411



26, 6.103, 37.411



26, 6.103, 87.411

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



26, 6.103, 217.404



36, 2.489, 217.015



27, 12.056, 147.827



17, 1.738, 217.019



70, 0.009, 296.813



18, 0.003, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



26, 6.103, 217.404



33, 8.781, 217.646



23, 7.840, 274.377



12, 1.384, 217.015



31, 21.433, 228.092



69, 39.593, 230.896

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



23, 12.012, 331.097



29, 17.592, 331.433



26, 7.879, 88.275



12, 2.593, 330.138



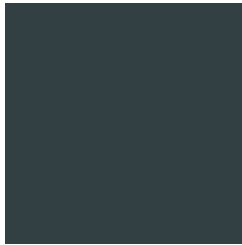
20, 49.985, 336.146



51, 91.299, 336.884

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 26, 6.103, 217.411 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

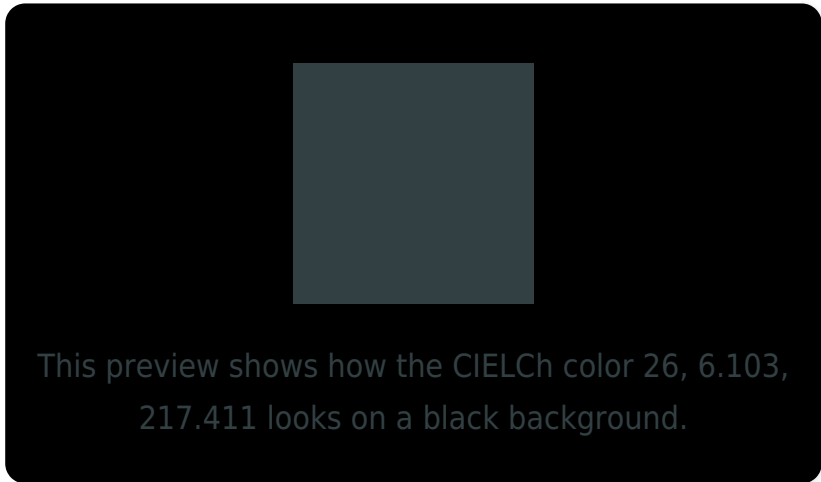
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

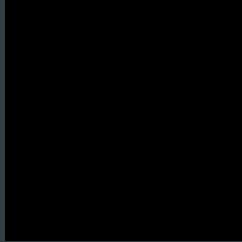
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

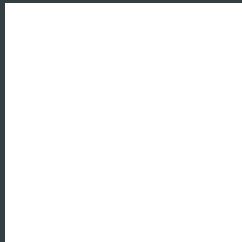
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 26, 6.103, 217.411

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 26, 6.103, 217.411.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 26, 6.103, 217.411.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

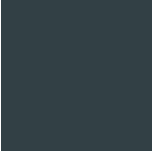
26, 6.103, 217.411

Protanopia

26, 2.625, 290.725

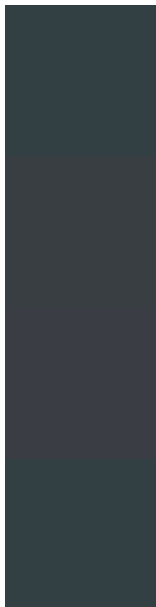
Deuteranopia

26, 5.556, 309.526



Tritanopia
26, 6.533, 228.841

Trichromacy



Original Color
26, 6.103, 217.411

Protanomaly
26, 3.357, 250.721

Deuteranomaly
26, 4.654, 280.499

Tritanomaly
26, 6.288, 223.316

Monochromacy



Original Color
26, 6.103, 217.411

Achromatopsia
25, 0.004, 296.813

Achromatomaly
25, 2.530, 230.547

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 26, 6.103, 217.411 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(50, 64, 67)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(50, 64, 67)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(50, 64, 67) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(50, 64, 67) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 26, 6.103, 217.411 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(50, 64, 67) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(50, 64, 67) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(50, 64, 67)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(50, 64, 67); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(50, 64, 67);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(50, 64, 67)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 26, 6.103, 217.411 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(50, 64, 67) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(50, 64,  
67) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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