

Converting Colors

CIELCh(26, 6.625, 217.126)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(26, 6.625, 217.126) contains.

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Color

CIELCh(26, 6.471, 216.248)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	314043
RGB	49, 64, 67
RGB Percent	19%, 25%, 26%
CMY	0.8073, 0.7484, 0.7367
CMYK	0.27, 0.04, 0.00, 0.74
HSL	190°, 15%, 23%
HSV	190°, 27%, 26%
XYZ	4.1324, 4.7465, 6.0314
YIQ	59.8570, -9.9030, -2.2470

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

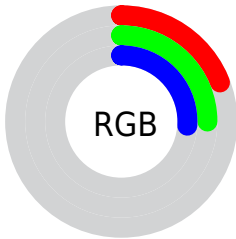
Format	Color
R_{YB}	49, 57, 67
Decimal	3227715
CIE Lab	26.00, -5.22, -3.83
CIE LCh	26, 6.471, 216.248
Yxy	4.7465, 0.2772, 0.3183
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4281417795 (0xFF314043)
YUV	59.8570, 3.5215, -9.5216
Hunter-Lab	21.7865, -4.2689, -1.1634

Details

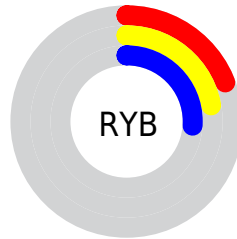
The CIELCh color **26, 6.471, 216.248** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **333333**. A complement of this color would be **23, 7.608, 35.767**, and the grayscale version is **25, 0.004, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **46, 6.419, 214.963**, and **6, 6.374, 212.814** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **25, 8.598, 216.657**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **27, 4.172, 215.978**.

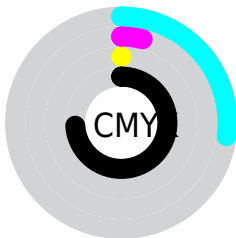
Distribution



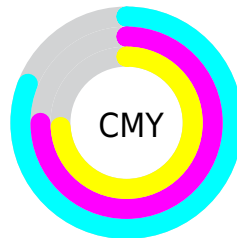
- Red (19%)
- Green (25%)
- Blue (26%)



- Red (19%)
- Yellow (22%)
- Blue (26%)



- Cyan (27%)
- Magenta (4%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (74%)



- Cyan (81%)
- Magenta (75%)
- Yellow (74%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 26, 6.471, 216.248 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 26, 6.471, 216.248 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 26, 6.471, 216.248

■ 26, 6.471, 216.248

■ 100, 6.471,
216.248

■ 16, 6.471, 216.248

■ 46, 6.471, 216.248

■ 6, 6.471, 216.248

■ 56, 6.471, 216.248

■ 0, 6.471, 216.248

■ 66, 6.471, 216.248

■ 76, 6.471, 216.248

■ 86, 6.471, 216.248

■ 96, 6.471, 216.248

■ 26, 6.471, 216.248

■ 26, 6.471, 216.248

■ 25, 8.598, 216.657

■ 27, 4.172, 215.978

■ 24, 10.522,
217.246

■ 28, 1.731, 215.890

■ 24, 12.211,
218.046

■ 29, 0.824, 35.353

■ 30, 3.469, 35.575

■ 23, 13.639,
219.097

■ 31, 6.181, 35.652

■ 22, 14.786,
220.447

■ 32, 8.944, 35.752

■ 33, 11.743, 35.881

■ 22, 15.649,
222.138

■ 34, 14.564, 36.032

■ 21, 16.451,
223.808

■ 35, 17.399, 36.201

■ 21, 16.718,
224.295

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



26, 6.471, 216.248



23, 7.608, 35.767

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



26, 6.471, 216.248



26, 6.471, 266.248



26, 6.471, 36.248



26, 6.471, 86.248

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



26, 6.471, 216.242



36, 2.505, 215.884



27, 12.919, 147.186



17, 1.749, 215.885



70, 0.009, 296.813



18, 0.003, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



26, 6.471, 216.242



33, 9.355, 216.492



23, 8.147, 273.271



12, 1.393, 215.884



31, 21.438, 226.092



70, 39.538, 228.730

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



23, 12.804, 330.838



29, 18.883, 331.207



26, 8.230, 86.731



12, 2.611, 329.807



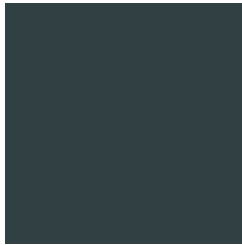
21, 50.337, 335.629



51, 91.987, 336.312

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 26, 6.471, 216.248 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

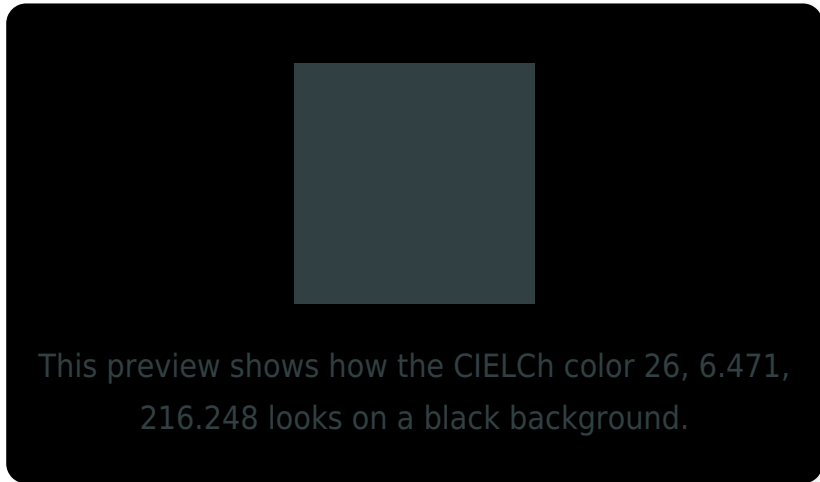
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

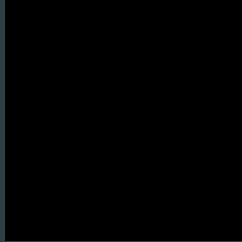
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

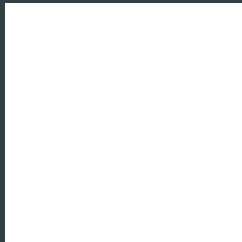
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 26, 6.471, 216.248

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 26, 6.471, 216.248.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 26, 6.471, 216.248.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

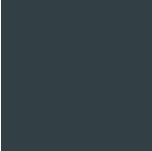
26, 6.471, 216.248

Protanopia

26, 2.625, 290.725

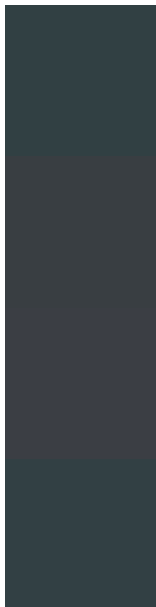
Deuteranopia

26, 5.556, 309.526



Tritanopia
26, 6.533, 228.841

Trichromacy



Original Color

26, 6.471, 216.248

Protanomaly

26, 3.357, 250.721

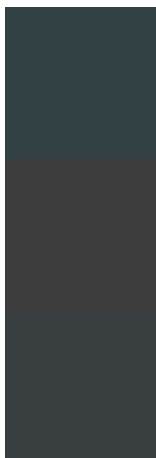
Deuteranomaly

26, 4.107, 272.706

Tritanomaly

26, 6.288, 223.316

Monochromacy



Original Color

26, 6.471, 216.248

Achromatopsia

25, 0.004, 296.813

Achromatomaly

26, 2.695, 213.181

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 26, 6.471, 216.248 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(49, 64, 67)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(49, 64, 67)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(49, 64, 67) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(49, 64, 67) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 26, 6.471, 216.248 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(49, 64, 67) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(49, 64, 67) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(49, 64, 67) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(49, 64, 67); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(49, 64, 67);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(49, 64, 67)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 26, 6.471, 216.248 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(49, 64, 67) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(49, 64,  
67) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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