

Converting Colors

CIELCh(26, 7.022, 234.975)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(26, 7.022, 234.975) contains.

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Color

CIELCh(26, 7.144, 232.143)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	314046
RGB	49, 64, 70
RGB Percent	19%, 25%, 27%
CMY	0.8082, 0.7494, 0.7259
CMYK	0.30, 0.09, 0.00, 0.73
HSL	197°, 18%, 23%
HSV	197°, 30%, 27%
XYZ	4.1915, 4.7465, 6.4723
YIQ	60.1990, -10.8660, -1.3140

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

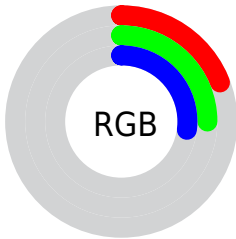
Format	Color
R_YB	49, 58, 70
Decimal	3227718
CIE Lab	26.00, -4.38, -5.64
CIE LCh	26, 7.144, 232.143
Yxy	4.7465, 0.2720, 0.3080
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4281417798 (0xFF314046)
YUV	60.1990, 4.8319, -9.8215
Hunter-Lab	21.7865, -3.7846, -2.3634

Details

The CIELCh color **26, 7.144, 232.143** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **333333**. A complement of this color would be **24, 8.408, 48.339**, and the grayscale version is **25, 0.004, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **46, 7.013, 229.499**, and **6, 7.191, 231.057** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **25, 9.258, 233.316**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **27, 4.882, 231.201**.

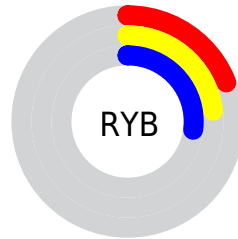
Distribution



Red (19%)

Green (25%)

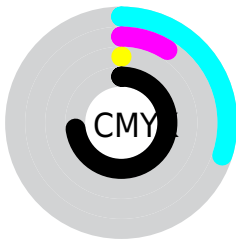
Blue (27%)



Red (19%)

Yellow (23%)

Blue (27%)

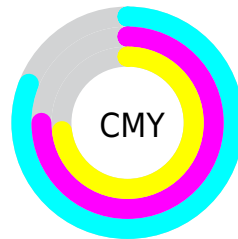


Cyan (30%)

Magenta (9%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (73%)



Cyan (81%)

Magenta (75%)

Yellow (73%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 26, 7.144, 232.143 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 26, 7.144, 232.143 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 26, 7.144, 232.143

■ 26, 7.144, 232.143

■ 100, 7.144,
232.143

■ 16, 7.144, 232.143

■ 46, 7.144, 232.143

■ 6, 7.144, 232.143

■ 56, 7.144, 232.143

■ 0, 7.144, 232.143

■ 66, 7.144, 232.143

■ 76, 7.144, 232.143

■ 86, 7.144, 232.143

■ 96, 7.144, 232.143

■ 26, 7.144, 232.143

■ 26, 7.144, 232.143

■ 25, 9.258, 233.316

■ 27, 4.882, 231.201

■ 24, 11.200,
234.783

■ 28, 2.497, 230.487

■ 23, 12.947,
236.598

■ 30, 0.013, 249.451

■ 31, 2.553, 49.201

■ 22, 14.484,
238.824

■ 32, 5.179, 48.863

■ 21, 15.807,
241.526

■ 34, 7.852, 48.574

■ 35, 10.558, 48.341

■ 20, 16.954,
244.658

■ 36, 13.286, 48.156

■ 19, 18.139,
247.476

■ 38, 16.029, 48.012

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



26, 7.144, 232.143



24, 8.408, 48.339

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



26, 7.144, 232.143



26, 7.144, 282.143



26, 7.144, 52.143



26, 7.144, 102.143

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



26, 7.144, 232.138



38, 2.810, 230.448



28, 13.559, 151.541



18, 1.922, 230.491



71, 0.009, 296.813



19, 0.004, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



26, 7.144, 232.138



34, 10.516, 232.991



23, 11.105, 283.100



13, 1.414, 230.407



28, 23.479, 250.185



63, 44.117, 254.121

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



23, 13.657, 335.585



29, 20.491, 336.104



28, 10.814, 96.234



13, 2.556, 334.185



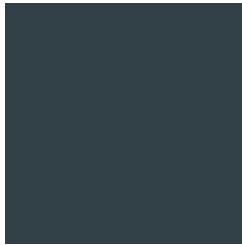
21, 47.216, 342.685



51, 85.102, 344.113

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 26, 7.144, 232.143 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 26, 7.144, 232.143 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

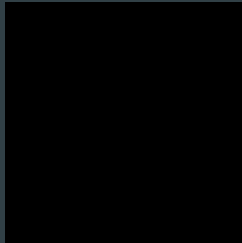
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

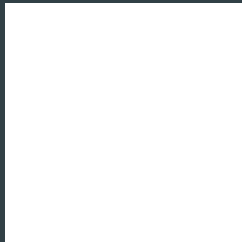
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 26, 7.144, 232.143

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 26, 7.144, 232.143.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 26, 7.144, 232.143.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

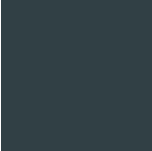
26, 7.144, 232.143

Protanopia

26, 4.590, 291.118

Deuteranopia

26, 7.354, 301.657



Tritanopia
26, 6.865, 227.194

Trichromacy



Original Color
26, 7.144, 232.143

Protanomaly
26, 5.002, 266.062

Deuteranomaly
26, 6.650, 280.608

Tritanomaly
26, 6.865, 227.194

Monochromacy



Original Color
26, 7.144, 232.143

Achromatopsia
25, 0.004, 296.813

Achromatomaly
25, 2.904, 242.069

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 26, 7.144, 232.143 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(49, 64, 70)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(49, 64, 70)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(49, 64, 70) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(49, 64, 70) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 26, 7.144, 232.143 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(49, 64, 70) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(49, 64, 70) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(49, 64, 70)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(49, 64, 70); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(49, 64, 70);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(49, 64, 70)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 26, 7.144, 232.143 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(49, 64, 70) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(49, 64,  
70) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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