

Converting Colors

CIELCh(26, 88.955, 309.363)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(26, 88.955, 309.363)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(26, 88.878, 309.364)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	4913AA
RGB	73, 19, 170
RGB Percent	29%, 7%, 67%
CMY	0.7151, 0.9270, 0.3345
CMYK	0.57, 0.89, 0.00, 0.33
HSL	261°, 80%, 37%
HSV	261°, 89%, 67%
XYZ	10.1741, 4.7465, 38.2571
YIQ	52.3600, -16.2870, 58.4090

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

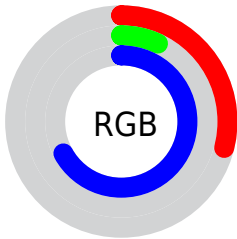
Format	Color
R_{YB}	73, 19, 170
Decimal	4789162
CIE _{Lab}	26.00, 56.37, -68.71
CIE _{LCh}	26, 88.878, 309.364
Yxy	4.7465, 0.1913, 0.0893
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4282979242 (0xFF4913AA)
YUV	52.3600, 57.9965, 18.1013
Hunter-Lab	21.7865, 45.2319, -88.8628

Details

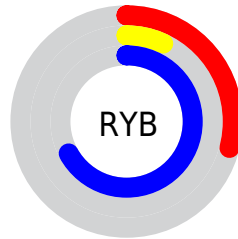
The CIELCh color **26, 88.878, 309.364** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **330099**. A complement of this color would be **64, 73.238, 121.472**, and the grayscale version is **21, 0.004, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **46, 88.918, 309.317**, and **11, 74.799, 306.287** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **23, 94.138, 309.222**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **29, 81.347, 309.157**.

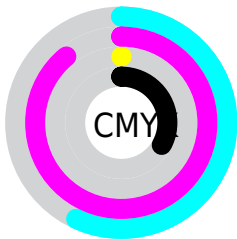
Distribution



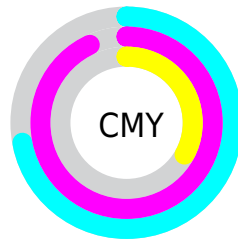
- Red (29%)
- Green (7%)
- Blue (67%)



- Red (29%)
- Yellow (7%)
- Blue (67%)



- Cyan (57%)
- Magenta (89%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (33%)



- Cyan (72%)
- Magenta (93%)
- Yellow (33%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 26, 88.878, 309.364 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 26, 88.878, 309.364 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 26, 88.878,
309.364

■ 26, 88.878,
309.364

■ 100, 88.878,
309.364

■ 16, 88.878,
309.364

■ 46, 88.878,
309.364

■ 6, 88.878, 309.364

■ 56, 88.878,
309.364

■ 0, 88.878, 309.364

■ 66, 88.878,
309.364

■ 76, 88.878,
309.364

■ 86, 88.878,
309.364

■ 96, 88.878,

309.364

■ 26, 88.878,
309.364

■ 26, 88.878,
309.364

■ 23, 94.138,
309.222

■ 29, 81.347,
309.157

■ 23, 94.640,
309.218

■ 34, 71.945,
308.629

■ 38, 61.534,
307.929

■ 43, 50.727,
307.163

■ 49, 39.896,
306.400

■ 54, 29.243,
305.679

■ 59, 18.865,
305.017

■ 65, 8.805, 304.420

■ 70, 0.925, 123.968

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



26, 88.878, 309.364



64, 73.238, 121.472

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



26, 88.878, 309.364



26, 88.878, 359.364



26, 88.878, 129.364



26, 88.878, 179.364

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



26, 88.879, 309.365



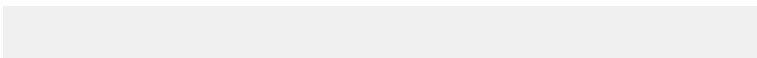
70, 33.748, 305.573



47, 36.192, 259.181



35, 23.040, 305.802



95, 0.011, 296.813



47, 0.006, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



26, 88.879, 309.365



32, 115.842, 309.035



37, 83.197, 322.847



33, 5.486, 304.435



20, 85.430, 309.333



1, 9.797, 302.093

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



38, 64.739, 346.679



49, 80.135, 349.700



61, 83.638, 135.079



33, 5.000, 337.337



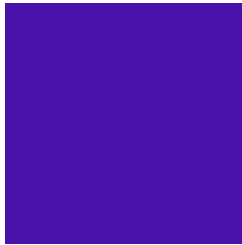
32, 59.645, 348.853



2, 8.560, 340.324

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 26, 88.878, 309.364 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

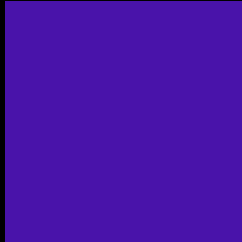
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 26, 88.878, 309.364 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

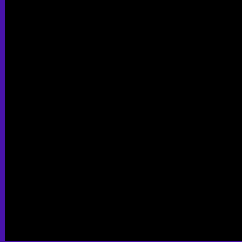
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 26, 88.878, 309.364

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 26, 88.878, 309.364.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 26, 88.878, 309.364.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

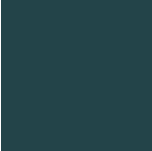
26, 88.878, 309.364

Protanopia

26, 43.384, 284.415

Deuteranopia

26, 30.563, 270.193



Tritanopia
27, 12.488, 212.888

Trichromacy



Original Color
26, 88.878, 309.364

Protanomaly
24, 63.007, 298.224

Deuteranomaly
24, 54.461, 295.824

Tritanomaly
24, 38.329, 297.204

Monochromacy



Original Color
26, 88.878, 309.364

Achromatopsia
22, 0.004, 296.813

Achromatomaly
21, 37.416, 307.767

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 26, 88.878, 309.364 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(73, 19, 170)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(73, 19, 170)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(73, 19, 170) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(73, 19, 170) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 26, 88.878, 309.364 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(73, 19, 170) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(73, 19, 170) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(73, 19, 170)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(73, 19, 170); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(73, 19, 170);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(73, 19,  
170) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 26, 88.878, 309.364 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(73, 19, 170) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(73, 19,  
170) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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