

Converting Colors

CIELCh(27, 10.285, 188.854)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(27, 10.285, 188.854)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(27, 9.929, 190.219)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	2C4442
RGB	44, 68, 66
RGB Percent	17%, 27%, 26%
CMY	0.8267, 0.7326, 0.7404
CMYK	0.35, 0.00, 0.03, 0.73
HSL	175°, 21%, 22%
HSV	175°, 35%, 27%
XYZ	4.1153, 5.0937, 5.9509
YIQ	60.5960, -13.6620, -5.7100

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

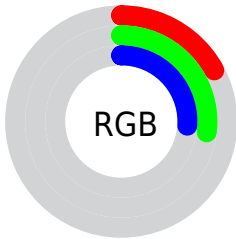
Format	Color
RYB	44, 57, 68
Decimal	2901058
CIELab	27.00, -9.77, -1.76
CIELCh	27, 9.929, 190.219
Yxy	5.0937, 0.2715, 0.3360
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4281091138 (0xFF2C4442)
YUV	60.5960, 2.6642, -14.5547
Hunter-Lab	22.5692, -6.9479, 0.1651

Details

The CIELCh color **27, 9.929, 190.219** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **003333**. A complement of this color would be **21, 11.877, 15.673**, and the grayscale version is **26, 0.004, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **47, 9.733, 191.315**, and **7, 9.031, 189.656** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **27, 12.338, 189.545**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **27, 7.305, 190.885**.

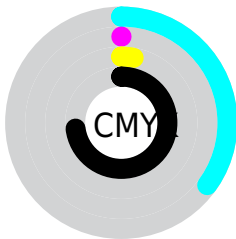
Distribution



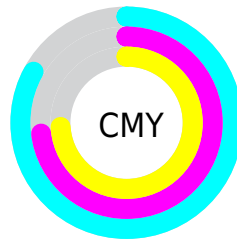
- Red (17%)
- Green (27%)
- Blue (26%)



- Red (17%)
- Yellow (22%)
- Blue (27%)



- Cyan (35%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (3%)
- Black (73%)



- Cyan (83%)
- Magenta (73%)
- Yellow (74%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 27, 9.929, 190.219 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 27, 9.929, 190.219 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 27, 9.929, 190.219

■ 27, 9.929, 190.219

■ 100, 9.929,
190.219

■ 17, 9.929, 190.219

■ 47, 9.929, 190.219

■ 7, 9.929, 190.219

■ 57, 9.929, 190.219

■ 0, 9.929, 190.219

■ 67, 9.929, 190.219

■ 77, 9.929, 190.219

■ 87, 9.929, 190.219

■ 97, 9.929, 190.219

■ 27, 9.929, 190.219

■ 27, 9.929, 190.219

■ 27, 12.338,
189.545

■ 27, 7.305, 190.885

■ 26, 14.492,
188.866

■ 28, 4.506, 191.562

■ 29, 1.568, 192.320

■ 26, 16.359,
188.171

■ 29, 1.471, 12.642

■ 26, 17.912,
187.452

■ 30, 4.582, 13.407

■ 31, 7.736, 14.075

■ 26, 19.138,
186.698

■ 32, 10.914, 14.724

■ 25, 20.213,
185.958

■ 32, 14.095, 15.363

■ 33, 17.268, 15.991

■ 25, 20.742,
185.629

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



27, 9.929, 190.219



21, 11.877, 15.673

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



27, 9.929, 190.219



27, 9.929, 240.219



27, 9.929, 10.219



27, 9.929, 60.219

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



27, 9.929, 190.216



37, 4.106, 191.824



27, 18.450, 139.822



18, 2.780, 191.786



71, 0.009, 296.813



19, 0.004, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



27, 9.929, 190.216



35, 14.408, 189.642



24, 8.424, 248.256



12, 1.630, 192.045



36, 26.466, 185.097



81, 49.131, 184.290

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



21, 11.877, 15.673



26, 18.105, 16.847



24, 9.705, 60.769



12, 1.697, 13.003



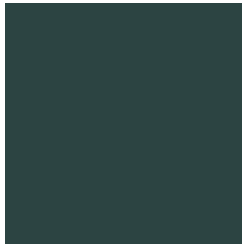
18, 46.704, 31.900



47, 91.480, 37.167

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 27, 9.929, 190.219 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

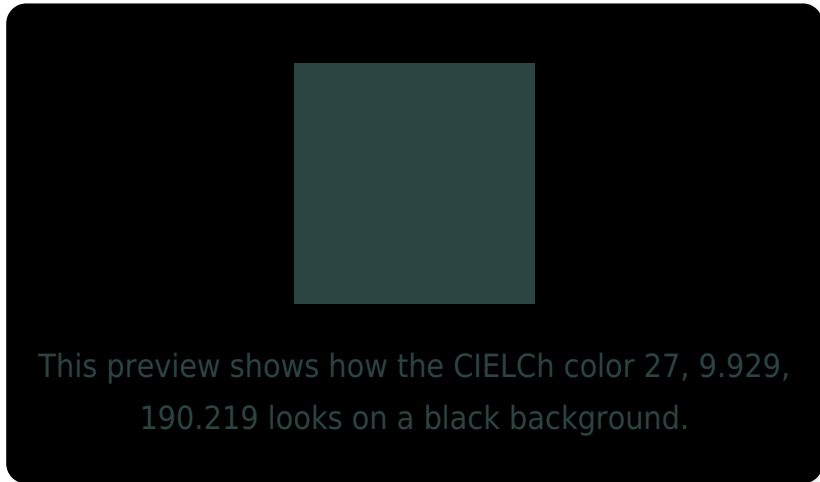
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

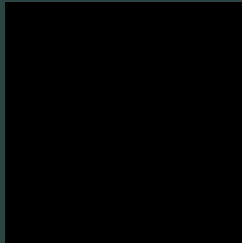
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 27, 9.929, 190.219

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 27, 9.929, 190.219.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 27, 9.929, 190.219.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

27, 9.929, 190.219

Protanopia

27, 0.901, 19.292

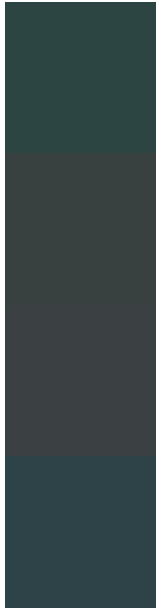
Deuteranopia

27, 4.748, 324.843



Tritanopia
27, 9.012, 224.128

Trichromacy



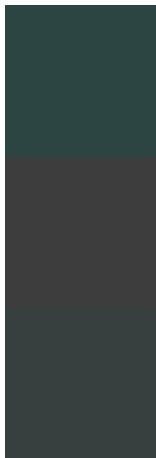
Original Color
27, 9.929, 190.219

Protanomaly
27, 3.569, 188.322

Deuteranomaly
27, 2.884, 242.025

Tritanomaly
27, 9.026, 215.023

Monochromacy



Original Color
27, 9.929, 190.219

Achromatopsia
26, 0.004, 296.813

Achromatomaly
26, 3.996, 189.337

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 27, 9.929, 190.219 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(44, 68, 66)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(44, 68, 66)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(44, 68, 66) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(44, 68, 66) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 27, 9.929, 190.219 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(44, 68, 66) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(44, 68, 66) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(44, 68, 66)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(44, 68, 66); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(44, 68, 66);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(44, 68, 66)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 27, 9.929, 190.219 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(44, 68, 66) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(44, 68,  
66) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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