

Converting Colors

CIELCh(27, 16.171, 163.620)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(27, 16.171, 163.620)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(27, 16.360, 163.017)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	264638
RGB	38, 70, 56
RGB Percent	15%, 27%, 22%
CMY	0.8506, 0.7251, 0.7800
CMYK	0.46, 0.00, 0.20, 0.73
HSL	154°, 30%, 21%
HSV	154°, 46%, 27%
XYZ	3.7159, 5.0937, 4.5414
YIQ	58.8360, -14.5780, -11.1380

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

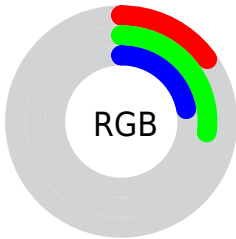
Format	Color
R_{YB}	38, 58, 70
Decimal	2508344
CIE _{Lab}	27.00, -15.65, 4.78
CIE _{LCh}	27, 16.360, 163.017
Yxy	5.0937, 0.2783, 0.3815
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4280698424 (0xFF264638)
YUV	58.8360, -1.3981, -18.2732
Hunter-Lab	22.5692, -10.1072, 3.8681

Details

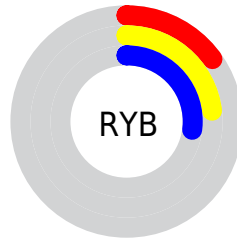
The CIELCh color **27, 16.360, 163.017** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **003333**. A complement of this color would be **20, 17.483, 351.537**, and the grayscale version is **25, 0.004, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **47, 16.546, 162.735**, and **7, 13.696, 157.142** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **27, 19.609, 161.833**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **27, 12.936, 164.084**.

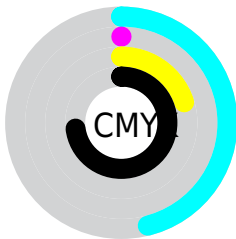
Distribution



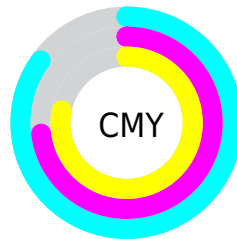
- Red (15%)
- Green (27%)
- Blue (22%)



- Red (15%)
- Yellow (23%)
- Blue (27%)



- Cyan (46%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (20%)
- Black (73%)





- Cyan (85%)
- Magenta (73%)
- Yellow (78%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 27, 16.360, 163.017 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 27, 16.360, 163.017 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 27, 16.360,
163.017


 27, 16.360,
163.017

 100, 16.360,
163.017


 17, 16.360,
163.017


 47, 16.360,
163.017


 7, 16.360, 163.017

 57, 16.360,
163.017

 0, 16.360, 163.017

 67, 16.360,
163.017

 77, 16.360,
163.017

 87, 16.360,
163.017

 97, 16.360,

163.017

■ 27, 16.360,
163.017

■ 27, 16.360,
163.017

■ 27, 19.609,
161.833

■ 27, 12.936,
164.084

■ 26, 22.632,
160.516

■ 28, 9.384, 165.056

■ 26, 25.389,
159.050

■ 29, 5.751, 165.951

■ 29, 2.077, 166.822

■ 26, 27.847,
157.419

■ 30, 1.602, 347.345

■ 25, 30.172,
155.855

■ 31, 5.259, 348.129

■ 32, 8.872, 348.796

■ 25, 31.196,
155.261

■ 33, 12.424,

349.415

■ 34, 15.904,
349.997

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



27, 16.360, 163.017



20, 17.483, 351.537

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



27, 16.360, 163.017



27, 16.360, 213.017



27, 16.360, 343.017



27, 16.360, 33.017

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



27, 16.360, 163.016



38, 6.436, 166.043



28, 21.919, 128.916



18, 4.377, 165.953



71, 0.009, 296.813



19, 0.004, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



27, 16.360, 163.016



35, 24.162, 161.631



27, 11.704, 202.756



14, 2.081, 166.555



37, 40.579, 153.991



80, 76.747, 152.173

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



20, 17.483, 351.537



24, 26.143, 353.160



20, 15.750, 26.901



13, 2.110, 347.762



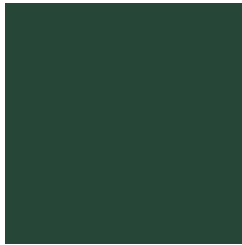
19, 42.342, 4.901



49, 77.366, 8.739

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 27, 16.360, 163.017 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

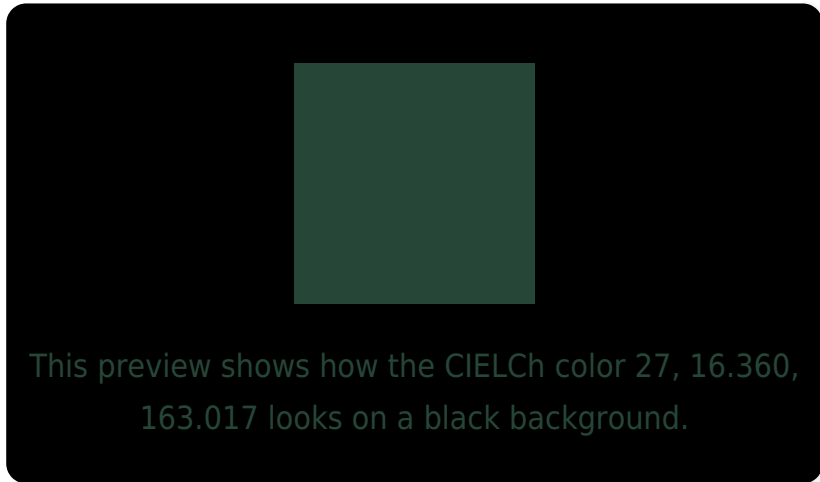
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

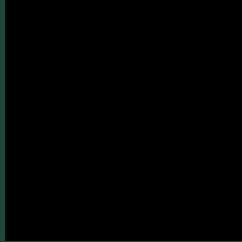
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 27, 16.360, 163.017

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 27, 16.360, 163.017.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 27, 16.360, 163.017.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color
27, 16.360, 163.017

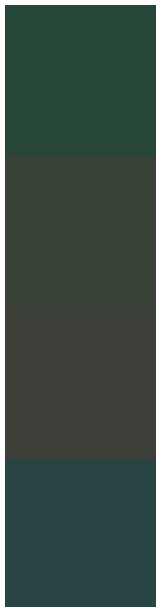
Protanopia
27, 6.761, 92.475

Deuteranopia
27, 5.533, 40.718



Tritanopia
27, 10.108, 216.924

Trichromacy



Original Color
27, 16.360, 163.017

Protanomaly
27, 9.071, 139.008

Deuteranomaly
27, 4.922, 131.131

Tritanomaly
27, 11.304, 190.946

Monochromacy



Original Color
27, 16.360, 163.017

Achromatopsia
25, 0.004, 296.813

Achromatomaly
25, 6.300, 166.913

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 27, 16.360, 163.017 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(38, 70, 56)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(38, 70, 56)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(38, 70, 56) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(38, 70, 56) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 27, 16.360, 163.017 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(38, 70, 56) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(38, 70, 56) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(38, 70, 56)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(38, 70, 56); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(38, 70, 56);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(38, 70, 56)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 27, 16.360, 163.017 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(38, 70, 56) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(38, 70,  
56) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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