

Converting Colors

CIELCh(27, 16.569, 249.580)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(27, 16.569, 249.580)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(27, 16.406, 247.632)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	214457
RGB	33, 68, 87
RGB Percent	13%, 27%, 34%
CMY	0.8720, 0.7346, 0.6602
CMYK	0.62, 0.22, 0.00, 0.66
HSL	201°, 45%, 23%
HSV	201°, 62%, 34%
XYZ	4.3684, 5.0937, 9.6953
YIQ	59.7010, -26.9590, -1.5110

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

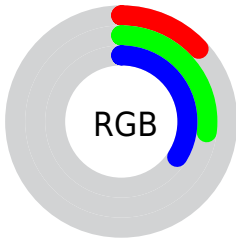
Format	Color
R_{YB}	33, 54, 87
Decimal	2180183
CIE _{Lab}	27.00, -6.24, -15.17
CIE _{LCh}	27, 16.406, 247.632
Yxy	5.0937, 0.2280, 0.2659
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4280370263 (0xFF214457)
YUV	59.7010, 13.4584, -23.4168
Hunter-Lab	22.5692, -4.9460, -9.6716

Details

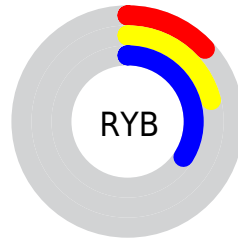
The CIELCh color **27, 16.406, 247.632** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **003333**. A complement of this color would be **25, 22.989, 53.726**, and the grayscale version is **25, 0.004, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **47, 16.415, 248.172**, and **8, 14.571, 261.242** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **26, 18.411, 250.555**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **28, 14.203, 245.198**.

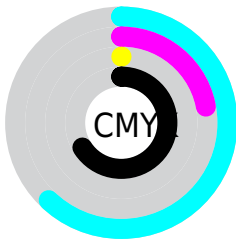
Distribution



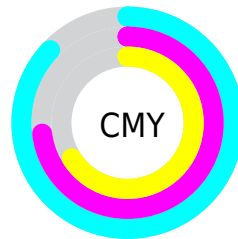
- Red (13%)
- Green (27%)
- Blue (34%)



- Red (13%)
- Yellow (21%)
- Blue (34%)



- Cyan (62%)
- Magenta (22%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (66%)



- Cyan (87%)
- Magenta (73%)
- Yellow (66%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 27, 16.406, 247.632 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 27, 16.406, 247.632 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 27, 16.406,
247.632

■ 27, 16.406,
247.632

■ 100, 16.406,
247.632

■ 17, 16.406,
247.632

■ 47, 16.406,
247.632

■ 7, 16.406, 247.632

■ 57, 16.406,
247.632

■ 0, 16.406, 247.632

■ 67, 16.406,
247.632

■ 77, 16.406,
247.632

■ 87, 16.406,
247.632

■ 97, 16.406,

247.632

■ 27, 16.406,
247.632

■ 27, 16.406,
247.632

■ 26, 18.411,
250.555

■ 28, 14.203,
245.198

■ 24, 20.232,
254.015

■ 30, 11.808,
243.190

■ 23, 21.924,
257.936

■ 32, 9.238, 241.543

■ 22, 23.273,
260.707

■ 33, 6.515, 240.199

■ 35, 3.663, 239.116

■ 36, 0.708, 238.496

■ 38, 2.329, 57.258

■ 40, 5.428, 56.694

■ 42, 8.574, 56.187

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



27, 16.406, 247.632



25, 22.989, 53.726

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



27, 16.406, 247.632



27, 16.406, 297.632



27, 16.406, 67.632



27, 16.406, 117.632

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



27, 16.405, 247.632



43, 6.891, 239.879



33, 30.900, 150.494



21, 4.676, 240.083



75, 0.009, 296.813



24, 0.004, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



27, 16.405, 247.632



33, 23.203, 252.255



18, 31.516, 293.057



17, 1.671, 238.797



28, 27.413, 262.238



60, 50.804, 265.930

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



22, 31.197, 341.500



26, 43.843, 343.333



33, 28.066, 96.774



16, 2.878, 336.975



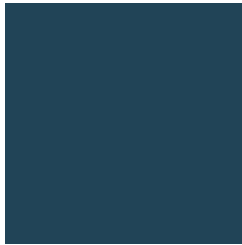
22, 47.744, 347.492



52, 83.812, 349.280

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 27, 16.406, 247.632 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 27, 16.406, 247.632 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

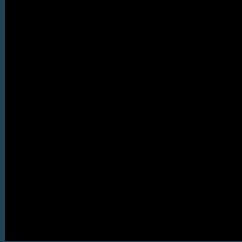
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 27, 16.406, 247.632

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 27, 16.406, 247.632.

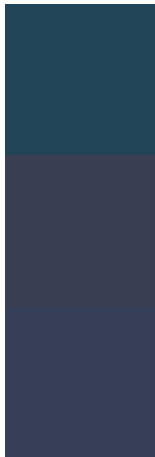


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 27, 16.406, 247.632.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

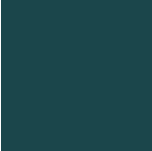
27, 16.406, 247.632

Protanopia

27, 13.119, 284.208

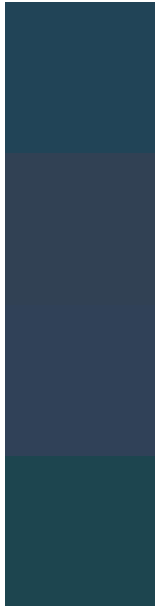
Deuteranopia

27, 16.398, 284.188



Tritanopia
27, 15.042, 209.862

Trichromacy



Original Color
27, 16.406, 247.632

Protanomaly
27, 13.480, 266.436

Deuteranomaly
27, 15.890, 270.477

Tritanomaly
27, 14.764, 224.006

Monochromacy



Original Color
27, 16.406, 247.632

Achromatopsia
25, 0.004, 296.813

Achromatomaly
25, 6.912, 240.734

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 27, 16.406, 247.632 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(33, 68, 87)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
  color:rgb(33, 68, 87)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(33, 68, 87) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(33, 68, 87) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 27, 16.406, 247.632 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(33, 68, 87) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(33, 68, 87) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(33, 68, 87)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(33, 68, 87); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(33, 68, 87);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(33, 68, 87)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 27, 16.406, 247.632 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(33, 68, 87) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(33, 68,  
87) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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