

Converting Colors

CIELCh(27, 17.985, 264.178)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(27, 17.985, 264.178)
contains.

CIELCh(27, 18.010, 264.320)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	21
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	24
<i>CSS Examples</i>	27

Color

CIELCh(27, 18.010, 264.320)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	28425B
RGB	40, 66, 91
RGB Percent	16%, 26%, 36%
CMY	0.8434, 0.7414, 0.6434
CMYK	0.56, 0.27, 0.00, 0.64
HSL	209°, 39%, 26%
HSV	209°, 56%, 36%
XYZ	4.7030, 5.0937, 10.6188
YIQ	61.0760, -23.5210, 2.2630

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

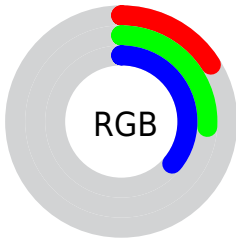
Format	Color
R_{YB}	40, 57, 91
Decimal	2638427
CIE _{Lab}	27.00, -1.78, -17.92
CIE _{LCh}	27, 18.010, 264.320
Yxy	5.0937, 0.2304, 0.2495
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4280828507 (0xFF28425B)
YUV	61.0760, 14.7525, -18.4837
Hunter-Lab	22.5692, -2.2996, -12.0976




Details

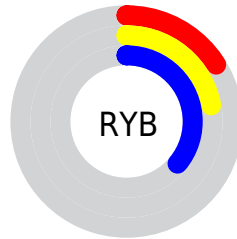
The CIELCh color **27, 18.010, 264.320** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **333333**. A complement of this color would be **30, 21.154, 67.943**, and the grayscale version is **26, 0.004, 296.813**.




A 20% lighter version of the original color is **47, 17.801, 263.444**, and **8, 16.905, 269.903** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **25, 21.019, 267.224**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **29, 14.936, 261.828**.

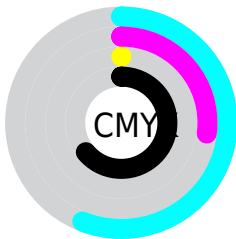
Distribution







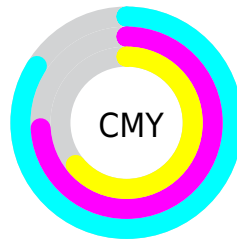
-  Red (16%)
-  Green (26%)
-  Blue (36%)






-  Red (16%)
-  Yellow (22%)
-  Blue (36%)



-  Cyan (56%)
-  Magenta (27%)
-  Yellow (0%)
-  Black (64%)



-  Cyan (84%)
-  Magenta (74%)
-  Yellow (64%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 27, 18.010, 264.320 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 27, 18.010, 264.320 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 27, 18.010,
264.320

■ 27, 18.010,
264.320

■ 100, 18.010,
264.320

■ 17, 18.010,
264.320

■ 47, 18.010,
264.320

■ 7, 18.010, 264.320

■ 57, 18.010,
264.320

■ 0, 18.010, 264.320

■ 67, 18.010,
264.320

■ 77, 18.010,
264.320

■ 87, 18.010,
264.320

■ 97, 18.010,

264.320

■ 27, 18.010,
264.320

■ 27, 18.010,
264.320

■ 25, 21.019,
267.224

■ 29, 14.936,
261.828

■ 23, 23.982,
270.561

■ 31, 11.794,
259.707

■ 21, 26.930,
274.313

■ 33, 8.588, 257.908

■ 20, 29.940,
278.156

■ 35, 5.329, 256.388

■ 37, 2.027, 255.145

■ 19, 31.165,
279.498

■ 39, 1.304, 73.757

■ 42, 4.654, 72.909

■ 44, 8.012, 72.092

■ 46, 11.369, 71.370

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



27, 18.010, 264.320



30, 21.154, 67.943

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



27, 18.010, 264.320



27, 18.010, 314.320



27, 18.010, 84.320



27, 18.010, 134.320

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



27, 18.009, 264.320



45, 6.942, 256.592



35, 26.130, 157.275



22, 4.593, 256.751



76, 0.009, 296.813



25, 0.004, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



27, 18.009, 264.320



32, 26.211, 268.177



19, 34.173, 297.267



18, 1.879, 255.453



23, 36.318, 280.692



52, 68.072, 283.861

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



24, 27.342, 348.687



29, 39.015, 350.745



37, 29.654, 104.523



17, 2.742, 343.742



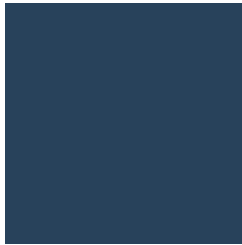
22, 45.822, 358.949



51, 80.246, 1.798

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 27, 18.010, 264.320 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 27, 18.010, 264.320 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

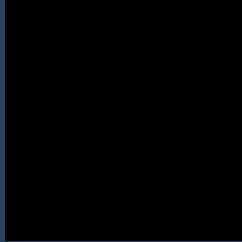
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

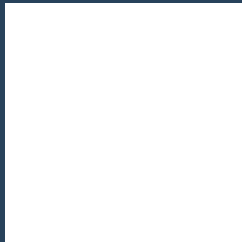
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 27, 18.010, 264.320

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 27, 18.010, 264.320.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 27, 18.010, 264.320.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

27, 18.010, 264.320

Protanopia

27, 16.398, 284.188

Deuteranopia

27, 19.074, 283.039



Tritanopia
27, 13.103, 215.084

Trichromacy



Original Color
27, 18.010, 264.320

Protanomaly
27, 16.823, 275.918

Deuteranomaly
27, 18.803, 276.464

Tritanomaly
27, 13.723, 236.472

Monochromacy



Original Color
27, 18.010, 264.320

Achromatopsia
26, 0.004, 296.813

Achromatomaly
26, 7.060, 255.937

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 27, 18.010, 264.320 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(40, 66, 91)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(40, 66, 91)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(40, 66, 91) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(40, 66, 91) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 27, 18.010, 264.320 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(40, 66, 91) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(40, 66, 91) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(40, 66, 91) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(40, 66, 91); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(40, 66, 91);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(40, 66, 91)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 27, 18.010, 264.320 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(40, 66, 91) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(40, 66,  
91) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)

**Follow me
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor