

Converting Colors

CIELCh(27, 19.407, 8.314)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(27, 19.407, 8.314) contains.

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Color

CIELCh(27, 19.314, 8.248)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	5C343C
RGB	92, 52, 60
RGB Percent	36%, 20%, 24%
CMY	0.6382, 0.7952, 0.7638
CMYK	0.00, 0.43, 0.35, 0.64
HSL	348°, 28%, 28%
HSV	348°, 43%, 36%
XYZ	6.4990, 5.0937, 4.9473
YIQ	64.8720, 21.2720, 10.9680

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

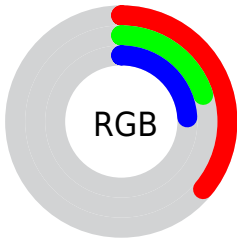
Format	Color
RYB	92, 52, 60
Decimal	6042684
CIELab	27.00, 19.11, 2.77
CIELCh	27, 19.314, 8.248
Yxy	5.0937, 0.3929, 0.3080
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4284232764 (0xFF5C343C)
YUV	64.8720, -2.4019, 23.7913
Hunter-Lab	22.5692, 11.9048, 2.8018

Details

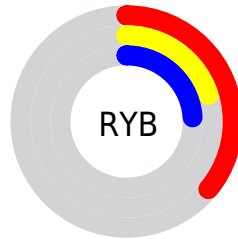
The CIELCh color **27, 19.314, 8.248** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **663333**. A complement of this color would be **36, 16.266, 179.410**, and the grayscale version is **28, 0.004, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **47, 19.627, 8.326**, and **7, 19.410, 7.077** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **25, 24.024, 10.094**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **30, 14.615, 6.741**.

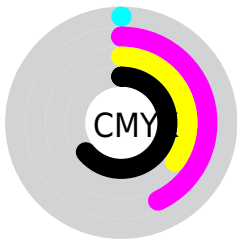
Distribution



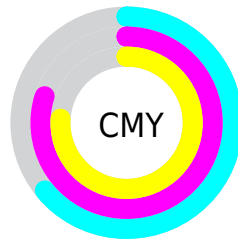
- Red (36%)
- Green (20%)
- Blue (24%)



- Red (36%)
- Yellow (20%)
- Blue (24%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (43%)
- Yellow (35%)
- Black (64%)



- Cyan (64%)
- Magenta (80%)
- Yellow (76%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 27, 19.314, 8.248 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 27, 19.314, 8.248 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 27, 19.314, 8.248 ■ 27, 19.314, 8.248

■ 100, 19.314, 8.248 ■ 17, 19.314, 8.248

■ 47, 19.314, 8.248 ■ 7, 19.314, 8.248

■ 57, 19.314, 8.248 ■ 0, 19.314, 8.248

■ 67, 19.314, 8.248

■ 77, 19.314, 8.248

■ 87, 19.314, 8.248

■ 97, 19.314, 8.248

■ 27, 19.314, 8.248 ■ 27, 19.314, 8.248

■ 25, 24.024, 10.094 ■ 30, 14.615, 6.741

■ 22, 28.617, 12.374

■ 32, 10.027, 5.482

■ 20, 32.933, 15.213

■ 35, 5.607, 4.403

■ 19, 36.826, 18.726

■ 38, 1.383, 3.338

■ 18, 40.309, 22.826

■ 41, 2.633, 182.871

■ 17, 42.718, 25.074

■ 44, 6.444, 182.112

■ 47, 10.061,
181.478

■ 50, 13.497,
180.916

■ 53, 16.769,
180.409

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



27, 19.314, 8.248



36, 16.266, 179.410

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



27, 19.314, 8.248



27, 19.314, 58.248



27, 19.314, 188.248



27, 19.314, 238.248

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



27, 19.313, 8.251



46, 6.757, 4.405



27, 28.674, 320.563



23, 4.784, 4.568



77, 0.009, 296.813



26, 0.004, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



27, 19.313, 8.251



33, 29.036, 10.144



30, 16.049, 49.354



17, 2.312, 3.946



21, 48.759, 26.575



50, 88.714, 30.404

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



27, 19.313, 8.251



33, 29.036, 10.144



32, 12.455, 236.112



17, 2.312, 3.946



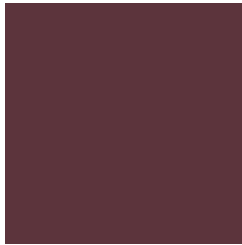
21, 48.759, 26.575



50, 88.714, 30.404

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 27, 19.314, 8.248 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 27, 19.314, 8.248 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

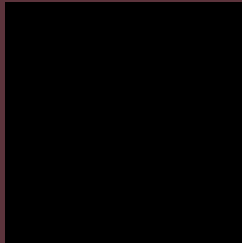
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 27, 19.314, 8.248

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 27, 19.314, 8.248.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 27, 19.314, 8.248.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

27, 19.314, 8.248

Protanopia

27, 2.009, 303.248

Deuteranopia

27, 5.516, 40.720



Tritanopia
27, 18.736, 15.480

Trichromacy



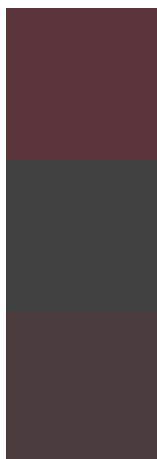
Original Color
27, 19.314, 8.248

Protanomaly
27, 7.552, 355.453

Deuteranomaly
27, 10.401, 17.809

Tritanomaly
27, 18.720, 13.525

Monochromacy



Original Color
27, 19.314, 8.248

Achromatopsia
28, 0.004, 296.813

Achromatomaly
27, 7.160, 5.019

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 27, 19.314, 8.248 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(92, 52, 60)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(92, 52, 60)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(92, 52, 60) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(92, 52, 60) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 27, 19.314, 8.248 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(92, 52, 60) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(92, 52, 60) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(92, 52, 60)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(92, 52, 60); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(92, 52, 60);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(92, 52, 60)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 27, 19.314, 8.248 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(92, 52, 60) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(92, 52,  
60) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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