

Converting Colors

CIELCh(27, 19.886, 333.583)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(27, 19.886, 333.583)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(27, 20.035, 332.634)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	54364E
RGB	84, 54, 78
RGB Percent	33%, 21%, 31%
CMY	0.6700, 0.7877, 0.6936
CMYK	0.00, 0.36, 0.07, 0.67
HSL	312°, 22%, 27%
HSV	312°, 36%, 33%
XYZ	6.3738, 5.0937, 7.8804
YIQ	65.7060, 10.1760, 13.8240

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

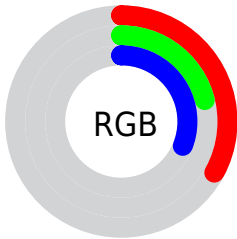
Format	Color
RYB	84, 54, 78
Decimal	5518926
CIELab	27.00, 17.79, -9.21
CIELCh	27, 20.035, 332.634
Yxy	5.0937, 0.3294, 0.2633
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4283709006 (0xFF54364E)
YUV	65.7060, 6.0609, 16.0438
Hunter-Lab	22.5692, 10.9146, -4.9036




Details

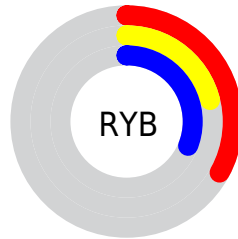
The CIELCh color $[27, 20.035, 332.634]$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex $\#663366$. A complement of this color would be $[33, 19.951, 148.001]$, and the grayscale version is $[28, 0.004, 296.813]$.




A 20% lighter version of the original color is $[47, 20.163, 332.478]$, and $[7, 20.191, 332.143]$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $[25, 25.440, 333.272]$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $[29, 14.444, 332.014]$.

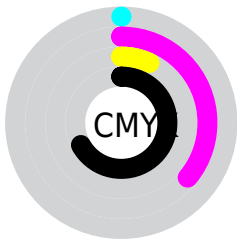
Distribution







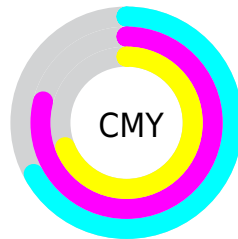
-  Red (33%)
-  Green (21%)
-  Blue (31%)






-  Red (33%)
-  Yellow (21%)
-  Blue (31%)



-  Cyan (0%)
-  Magenta (36%)
-  Yellow (7%)
-  Black (67%)




-  Cyan (67%)
-  Magenta (79%)
-  Yellow (69%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 27, 20.035, 332.634 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 27, 20.035, 332.634 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 27, 20.035,
332.634

 27, 20.035,
332.634

 100, 20.035,
332.634


 17, 20.035,
332.634

 47, 20.035,
332.634


 7, 20.035, 332.634

 57, 20.035,
332.634

 0, 20.035, 332.634

 67, 20.035,
332.634

 77, 20.035,
332.634

 87, 20.035,
332.634

 97, 20.035,

332.634

■ 27, 20.035,
332.634

■ 27, 20.035,
332.634

■ 25, 25.440,
333.272

■ 29, 14.444,
332.014

■ 23, 30.501,
333.929

■ 32, 8.791, 331.409

■ 21, 35.023,
334.611

■ 34, 3.160, 330.798

■ 37, 2.390, 150.364

■ 20, 38.792,
335.327

■ 40, 7.824, 149.783

■ 18, 41.609,
336.097

■ 42, 13.122,
149.265

■ 17, 43.723,
336.898

■ 45, 18.275,
148.775

■ 17, 44.691,
337.228

■ 48, 23.281,
148.312

■ 50, 28.142,
147.873

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



27, 20.035, 332.634



33, 19.951, 148.001

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



27, 20.035, 332.634



27, 20.035, 22.634



27, 20.035, 152.634



27, 20.035, 202.634

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



27, 20.034, 332.634



43, 7.664, 331.152



25, 20.054, 300.751



21, 5.193, 331.197



75, 0.009, 296.813



24, 0.004, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



27, 20.034, 332.634



33, 29.850, 333.195



26, 14.924, 359.648



15, 3.046, 330.989



22, 51.776, 337.542



53, 91.944, 338.340

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



27, 20.034, 332.634



33, 29.850, 333.195



33, 13.546, 172.710



15, 3.046, 330.989



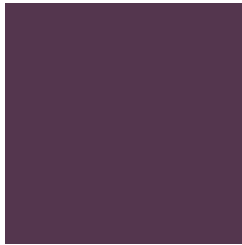
22, 51.776, 337.542



53, 91.944, 338.340

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 27, 20.035, 332.634 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 27, 20.035, 332.634 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

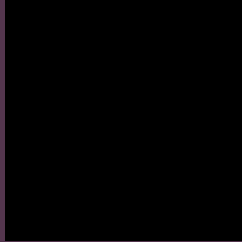
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 27, 20.035, 332.634

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 27, 20.035, 332.634.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 27, 20.035, 332.634.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color


27, 20.035, 332.634

Protanopia

27, 14.398, 285.314

Deuteranopia

27, 9.137, 294.561



Tritanopia
27, 12.029, 6.273

Trichromacy



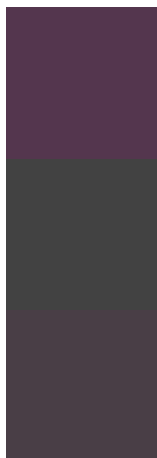
Original Color
27, 20.035, 332.634

Protanomaly
27, 15.415, 305.112

Deuteranomaly
27, 12.071, 314.875

Tritanomaly
27, 14.357, 349.687

Monochromacy



Original Color
27, 20.035, 332.634

Achromatopsia
28, 0.004, 296.813

Achromatomaly
28, 7.136, 334.088

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 27, 20.035, 332.634 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(84, 54, 78)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(84, 54, 78)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(84, 54, 78) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(84, 54, 78) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 27, 20.035, 332.634 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(84, 54, 78) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(84, 54, 78) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(84, 54, 78)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(84, 54, 78); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(84, 54, 78);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(84, 54, 78)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 27, 20.035, 332.634 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(84, 54, 78) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(84, 54,  
78) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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