

Converting Colors

CIELCh(27, 2.613, 44.193)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(27, 2.613, 44.193) contains.

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Color

CIELCh(27, 2.629, 49.166)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	443F3D
RGB	68, 63, 61
RGB Percent	27%, 25%, 24%
CMY	0.7340, 0.7536, 0.7615
CMYK	0.00, 0.07, 0.10, 0.73
HSL	17°, 5%, 25%
HSV	17°, 10%, 27%
XYZ	4.9773, 5.0937, 5.1116
YIQ	64.2670, 3.6220, 0.4380

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

Format	Color
RYB	68, 64, 61
Decimal	4472637
CIELab	27.00, 1.72, 1.99
CIELCh	27, 2.629, 49.166
Yxy	5.0937, 0.3278, 0.3355
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4282662717 (0xFF443F3D)
YUV	64.2670, -1.6106, 3.2738
Hunter-Lab	22.5692, -0.1301, 2.3701

Details

The CIELCh color $27, 2.629, 49.166$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex 333333 . A complement of this color would be $28, 2.500, 230.533$, and the grayscale version is $27, 0.004, 296.813$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $47, 2.711, 60.120$, and $7, 2.401, 52.449$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $25, 5.357, 48.761$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $29, 0.076, 46.667$.

Distribution



Red (27%)

Green (25%)

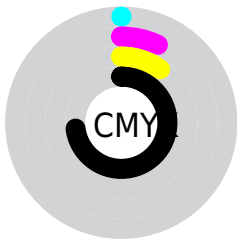
Blue (24%)



Red (27%)

Yellow (25%)

Blue (24%)



Cyan (0%)

Magenta (7%)

Yellow (10%)

Black (73%)



Cyan (73%)

Magenta (75%)

Yellow (76%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 27, 2.629, 49.166 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 27, 2.629, 49.166 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 27, 2.629, 49.166

■ 27, 2.629, 49.166

■ 100, 2.629, 49.166

■ 17, 2.629, 49.166

■ 47, 2.629, 49.166

■ 7, 2.629, 49.166

■ 57, 2.629, 49.166

■ 0, 2.629, 49.166

■ 67, 2.629, 49.166

■ 77, 2.629, 49.166

■ 87, 2.629, 49.166

■ 97, 2.629, 49.166

■ 27, 2.629, 49.166

■ 27, 2.629, 49.166

■ 25, 5.357, 48.761

■ 29, 0.076, 46.667

24, 8.277, 48.364	30, 2.318, 230.457
22, 11.400, 48.036	32, 4.569, 230.982
20, 14.735, 47.799	34, 6.693, 231.554
19, 18.276, 47.666	36, 8.703, 232.140
17, 22.001, 47.636	37, 10.612, 232.728
16, 25.411, 46.774	39, 12.431, 233.313
15, 28.159, 44.850	41, 14.171, 233.891
14, 30.692, 43.502	43, 15.840, 234.458

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



27, 2.629, 49.166



28, 2.500, 230.533

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



27, 2.629, 49.166



27, 2.629, 99.166



27, 2.629, 229.166



27, 2.629, 279.166

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



27, 2.629, 49.190



37, 0.937, 49.345



27, 4.545, 334.198



18, 0.718, 49.362



71, 0.009, 296.813



19, 0.004, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



27, 2.629, 49.190



35, 3.871, 49.097



28, 3.594, 98.319



12, 1.382, 49.262



21, 43.706, 46.424



51, 86.890, 46.366

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



28, 2.500, 230.533



36, 3.639, 230.671



26, 3.630, 280.504



12, 1.328, 230.431



27, 23.037, 250.061



62, 43.748, 254.136

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 27, 2.629, 49.166 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

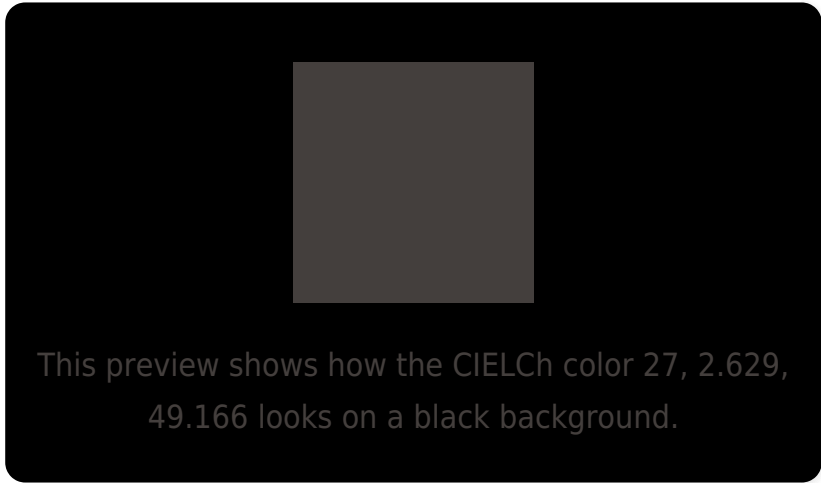
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

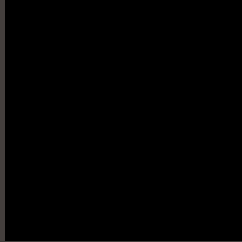
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

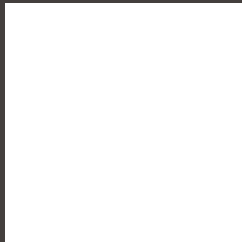
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 27, 2.629, 49.166

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 27, 2.629, 49.166.

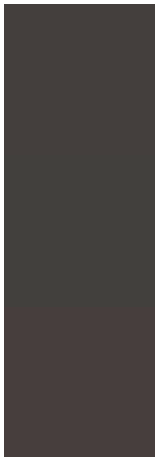


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 27, 2.629, 49.166.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

27, 2.629, 49.166

Protanopia

27, 2.140, 84.520

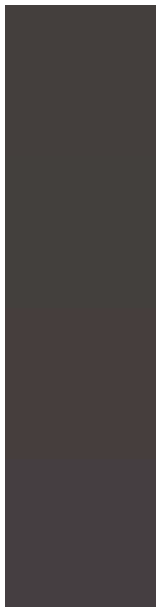
Deuteranopia

27, 4.206, 28.898



Tritanopia
27, 4.527, 334.285

Trichromacy



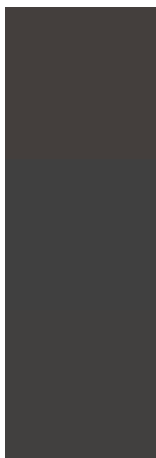
Original Color
27, 2.629, 49.166

Protanomaly
27, 2.371, 74.391

Deuteranomaly
27, 3.742, 29.926

Tritanomaly
27, 3.719, 348.432

Monochromacy



Original Color
27, 2.629, 49.166

Achromatopsia
27, 0.004, 296.813

Achromatomaly
27, 0.783, 74.883

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 27, 2.629, 49.166 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(68, 63, 61)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(68, 63, 61)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(68, 63, 61) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(68, 63, 61) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 27, 2.629, 49.166 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(68, 63, 61) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(68, 63, 61) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(68, 63, 61)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(68, 63, 61); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(68, 63, 61);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(68, 63, 61)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 27, 2.629, 49.166 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(68, 63, 61) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(68, 63,  
61) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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