

Converting Colors

CIELCh(27, 20.714, 118.244)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(27, 20.714, 118.244)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(27, 20.601, 117.289)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	3B4323
RGB	59, 67, 35
RGB Percent	23%, 26%, 14%
CMY	0.7679, 0.7365, 0.8621
CMYK	0.12, 0.00, 0.48, 0.74
HSL	75°, 31%, 20%
HSV	75°, 48%, 26%
XYZ	4.1383, 5.0937, 2.3685
YIQ	60.9600, 5.5040, -11.6480

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

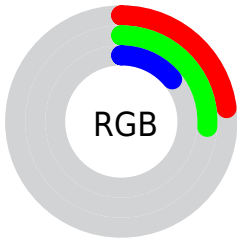
Format	Color
RYB	35, 67, 43
Decimal	3883811
CIELab	27.00, -9.45, 18.31
CIELCh	27, 20.601, 117.289
Yxy	5.0937, 0.3567, 0.4391
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4282073891 (0xFF3B4323)
YUV	60.9600, -12.7983, -1.7189
Hunter-Lab	22.5692, -6.7660, 9.5764

Details

The CIELCh color **27, 20.601, 117.289** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **333300**. A complement of this color would be **16, 22.659, 303.320**, and the grayscale version is **26, 0.004, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **47, 20.699, 117.205**, and **7, 13.862, 130.737** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **27, 24.619, 116.817**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **27, 16.413, 117.820**.

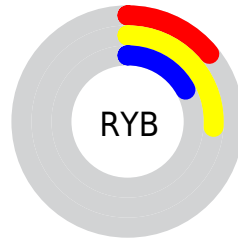
Distribution



Red (23%)

Green (26%)

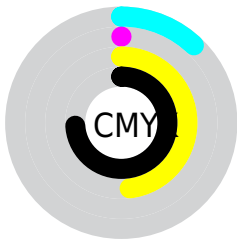
Blue (14%)



Red (14%)

Yellow (26%)

Blue (17%)

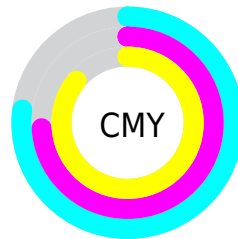


Cyan (12%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (48%)

Black (74%)



Cyan (77%)

Magenta (74%)

Yellow (86%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 27, 20.601, 117.289 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 27, 20.601, 117.289 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 27, 20.601,
117.289

 27, 20.601,
117.289

 100, 20.601,
117.289


 17, 20.601,
117.289


 47, 20.601,
117.289

 7, 20.601, 117.289

 57, 20.601,
117.289

 0, 20.601, 117.289

 67, 20.601,
117.289

 77, 20.601,
117.289

 87, 20.601,
117.289

 97, 20.601,

117.289

■ 27, 20.601,
117.289

■ 27, 20.601,
117.289

■ 27, 24.619,
116.817

■ 27, 16.413,
117.820

■ 27, 28.375,
116.436

■ 28, 12.117,
118.376

■ 26, 31.749,
116.201

■ 28, 7.757, 118.938

■ 26, 34.621,
116.164

■ 28, 3.364, 119.496

■ 26, 37.428,
116.127

■ 29, 1.040, 300.019

■ 26, 38.089,
116.121

■ 29, 9.820, 301.044

■ 30, 14.175,
301.512

■ 30, 18.497,
301.952

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



27, 20.601, 117.289



16, 22.659, 303.320

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



27, 20.601, 117.289



27, 20.601, 167.289



27, 20.601, 297.289



27, 20.601, 347.289

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



27, 20.602, 117.291



36, 7.609, 119.111



20, 14.034, 42.652



17, 5.170, 119.057



70, 0.009, 296.813



18, 0.003, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



27, 20.602, 117.291



35, 30.012, 116.746



26, 23.276, 134.600



13, 2.419, 119.449



38, 49.388, 116.585



83, 91.541, 117.534

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



16, 22.659, 303.320



19, 34.016, 304.405



18, 23.898, 318.565



11, 2.459, 300.384



9, 63.977, 308.262



30, 119.015, 307.636

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 27, 20.601, 117.289 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

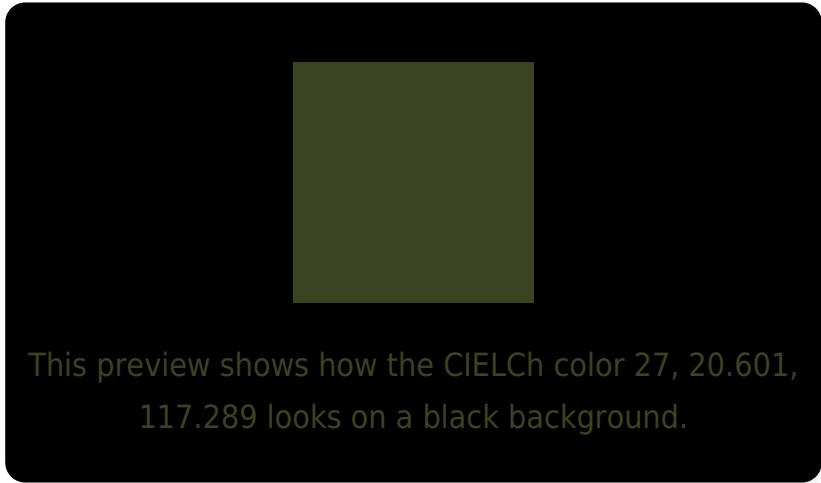
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

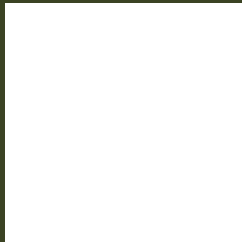
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 27, 20.601, 117.289

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 27, 20.601, 117.289.

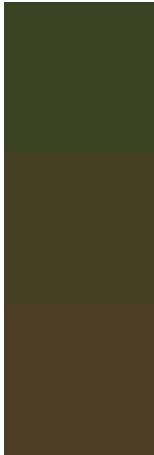


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 27, 20.601, 117.289.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

27, 20.601, 117.289

Protanopia

27, 19.360, 97.090

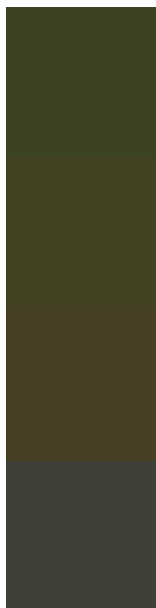
Deuteranopia

27, 17.982, 77.715



Tritanopia
27, 3.263, 290.839

Trichromacy



Original Color
27, 20.601, 117.289

Protanomaly
27, 19.660, 104.687

Deuteranomaly
27, 17.812, 93.284

Tritanomaly
27, 5.999, 122.395

Monochromacy



Original Color
27, 20.601, 117.289

Achromatopsia
26, 0.004, 296.813

Achromatomaly
26, 7.297, 119.861

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 27, 20.601, 117.289 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(59, 67, 35)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(59, 67, 35)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(59, 67, 35) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(59, 67, 35) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 27, 20.601, 117.289 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(59, 67, 35) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(59, 67, 35) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(59, 67, 35)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(59, 67, 35); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(59, 67, 35);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(59, 67, 35)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 27, 20.601, 117.289 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(59, 67, 35) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(59, 67,  
35) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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