

Converting Colors

CIELCh(27, 26.073, 325.926)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(27, 26.073, 325.926)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(27, 25.833, 326.386)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	563456
RGB	86, 52, 86
RGB Percent	34%, 20%, 34%
CMY	0.6631, 0.7964, 0.6631
CMYK	0.00, 0.40, 0.00, 0.66
HSL	300°, 25%, 27%
HSV	300°, 40%, 34%
XYZ	6.7305, 5.0937, 9.4146
YIQ	66.0420, 9.3500, 17.7820

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

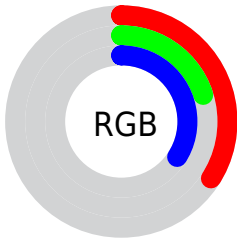
Format	Color
R_{YB}	86, 52, 86
Decimal	5649494
CIE Lab	27.00, 21.51, -14.30
CIE LCh	27, 25.833, 326.386
Yxy	5.0937, 0.3169, 0.2398
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4283839574 (0xFF563456)
YUV	66.0420, 9.8393, 17.5032
Hunter-Lab	22.5692, 13.7355, -8.9340

Details

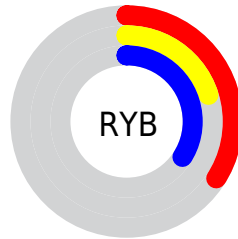
The CIELCh color $[27, 25.833, 326.386]$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex 663366 . A complement of this color would be $[33, 25.862, 141.770]$, and the grayscale version is $[28, 0.004, 296.813]$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $[47, 26.269, 326.625]$, and $[7, 26.274, 326.563]$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $[25, 31.958, 326.832]$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $[29, 19.409, 325.909]$.

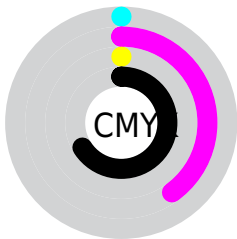
Distribution



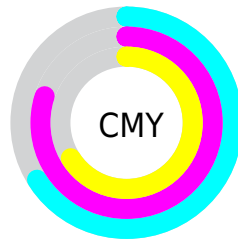
- Red (34%)
- Green (20%)
- Blue (34%)



- Red (34%)
- Yellow (20%)
- Blue (34%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (40%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (66%)




- Cyan (66%)
- Magenta (80%)
- Yellow (66%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 27, 25.833, 326.386 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 27, 25.833, 326.386 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 27, 25.833,
326.386

 27, 25.833,
326.386

 100, 25.833,
326.386

 17, 25.833,
326.386

 47, 25.833,
326.386


 7, 25.833, 326.386

 57, 25.833,
326.386

 0, 25.833, 326.386

 67, 25.833,
326.386

 77, 25.833,
326.386

 87, 25.833,
326.386

 97, 25.833,

326.386

■ 27, 25.833,
326.386

■ 27, 25.833,
326.386

■ 25, 31.958,
326.832

■ 29, 19.409,
325.909

■ 23, 37.600,
327.233

■ 32, 12.845,
325.411

■ 22, 42.544,
327.576

■ 34, 6.256, 324.898

■ 37, 0.277, 144.927

■ 20, 46.584,
327.850

■ 39, 6.696, 143.950

■ 19, 49.569,
328.049

■ 42, 12.968,
143.462

■ 19, 52.217,
328.223

■ 45, 19.073,
143.000

■ 19, 52.335,
328.231

■ 47, 25.001,
142.560

■ 50, 30.751,
142.144

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



27, 25.833, 326.386



33, 25.862, 141.770

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



27, 25.833, 326.386



27, 25.833, 16.386



27, 25.833, 146.386



27, 25.833, 196.386

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



27, 25.832, 326.386



44, 9.794, 325.046



23, 22.264, 294.275



21, 6.428, 325.078



75, 0.009, 296.813



24, 0.004, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



27, 25.832, 326.386



34, 37.828, 326.790



26, 18.749, 346.208



16, 3.685, 324.857



24, 61.036, 328.231



56, 108.502, 328.231

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



26, 16.623, 22.739



32, 25.298, 24.077



34, 18.015, 159.297



16, 2.127, 19.817



21, 52.681, 36.571



49, 98.180, 39.999

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 27, 25.833, 326.386 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 27, 25.833, 326.386 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

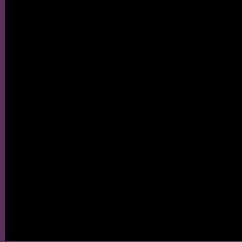
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 27, 25.833, 326.386

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 27, 25.833, 326.386.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 27, 25.833, 326.386.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

27, 25.833, 326.386

Protanopia

27, 20.923, 285.467

Deuteranopia

27, 13.691, 287.943



Tritanopia
27, 12.405, 9.893

Trichromacy



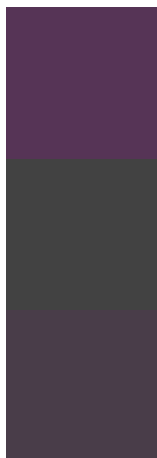
Original Color
27, 25.833, 326.386

Protanomaly
27, 21.758, 301.210

Deuteranomaly
27, 17.509, 306.549

Tritanomaly
27, 16.064, 345.637

Monochromacy



Original Color
27, 25.833, 326.386

Achromatopsia
28, 0.004, 296.813

Achromatomaly
27, 9.418, 325.233

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 27, 25.833, 326.386 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(86, 52, 86)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(86, 52, 86)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(86, 52, 86) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(86, 52, 86) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 27, 25.833, 326.386 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(86, 52, 86) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(86, 52, 86) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(86, 52, 86) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(86, 52, 86); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(86, 52, 86);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(86, 52, 86)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 27, 25.833, 326.386 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(86, 52, 86) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(86, 52,  
86) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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