

Converting Colors

CIELCh(27, 3.208, 7.702)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(27, 3.208, 7.702) contains.

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Color

CIELCh(27, 3.254, 8.426)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	453E3F
RGB	69, 62, 63
RGB Percent	27%, 24%, 25%
CMY	0.7288, 0.7562, 0.7523
CMYK	0.00, 0.10, 0.09, 0.73
HSL	351°, 5%, 26%
HSV	351°, 10%, 27%
XYZ	5.0980, 5.0937, 5.4398
YIQ	64.2070, 3.8510, 1.7950

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

Format	Color
RYB	69, 62, 63
Decimal	4537919
CIELab	27.00, 3.22, 0.48
CIELCh	27, 3.254, 8.426
Yxy	5.0937, 0.3261, 0.3259
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4282727999 (0xFF453E3F)
YUV	64.2070, -0.5951, 4.2035
Hunter-Lab	22.5692, 0.8244, 1.5078

Details

The CIELCh color **27, 3.254, 8.426** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **333333**. A complement of this color would be **29, 3.121, 187.049**, and the grayscale version is **27, 0.004, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **47, 3.502, 0.031**, and **7, 3.128, 7.019** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **25, 6.638, 9.394**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **29, 0.041, 1.645**.

Distribution



Red (27%)

Green (24%)

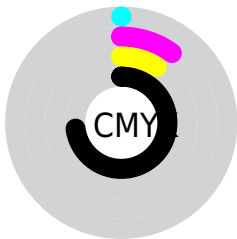
Blue (25%)



Red (27%)

Yellow (24%)

Blue (25%)



Cyan (0%)

Magenta (10%)

Yellow (9%)

Black (73%)



Cyan (73%)

Magenta (76%)

Yellow (75%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 27, 3.254, 8.426 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 27, 3.254, 8.426 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 27, 3.254, 8.426

■ 27, 3.254, 8.426

■ 100, 3.254, 8.426

■ 17, 3.254, 8.426

■ 47, 3.254, 8.426

■ 7, 3.254, 8.426

■ 57, 3.254, 8.426

■ 0, 3.254, 8.426

■ 67, 3.254, 8.426

■ 77, 3.254, 8.426

■ 87, 3.254, 8.426

■ 97, 3.254, 8.426

■ 27, 3.254, 8.426

■ 27, 3.254, 8.426

■ 25, 6.638, 9.394

■ 29, 0.041, 1.645

■ 22, 10.186, 10.493

■ 32, 3.001, 187.132

■ 20, 13.871, 11.805

■ 34, 5.878, 186.496

■ 18, 17.644, 13.397

■ 36, 8.602, 185.954

■ 16, 21.432, 15.353

■ 39, 11.185,
185.475

■ 15, 25.137, 17.770

■ 41, 13.641,
185.046

■ 13, 28.646, 20.719

■ 12, 31.673, 22.962

■ 44, 15.982,
184.658

■ 11, 34.543, 23.239

■ 46, 18.219,
184.303

■ 48, 20.363,
183.979

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



27, 3.254, 8.426



29, 3.121, 187.049

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



27, 3.254, 8.426



27, 3.254, 58.426



27, 3.254, 188.426



27, 3.254, 238.426

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



27, 3.253, 8.439



37, 1.170, 7.702



27, 5.284, 320.678



18, 0.896, 7.784



71, 0.009, 296.813



19, 0.004, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



27, 3.253, 8.439



34, 4.795, 8.656



28, 2.608, 56.917



13, 1.831, 8.301



19, 46.579, 29.512



48, 89.048, 34.108

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



27, 3.253, 8.439



34, 4.795, 8.656



28, 2.501, 238.702



13, 1.831, 8.301



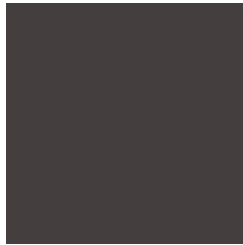
19, 46.579, 29.512



48, 89.048, 34.108

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 27, 3.254, 8.426 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

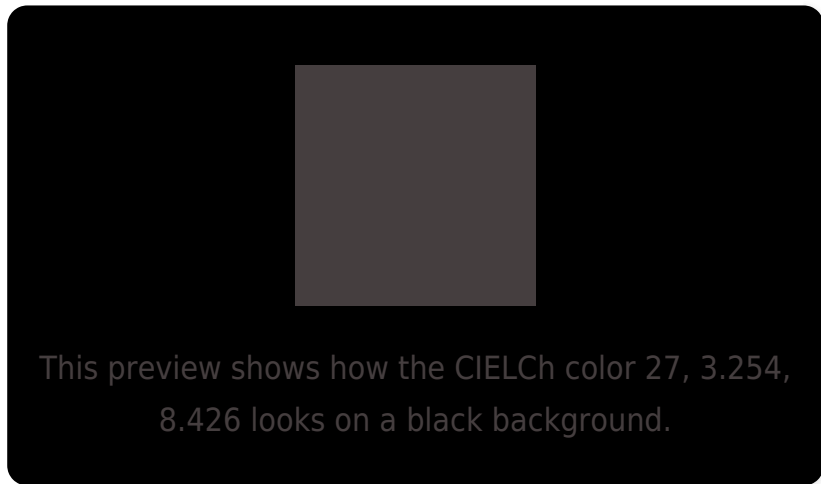
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

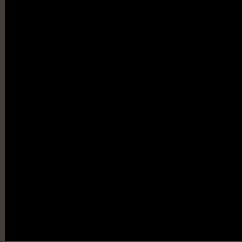
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 27, 3.254, 8.426

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 27, 3.254, 8.426.

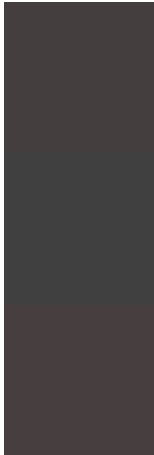


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 27, 3.254, 8.426.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color


27, 3.254, 8.426

Protanopia

27, 0.449, 18.934

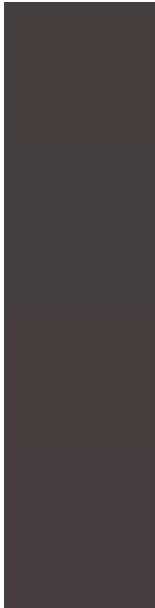
Deuteranopia

27, 3.707, 9.951



Tritanopia
27, 4.448, 344.459

Trichromacy



Original Color

27, 3.254, 8.426

Protanomaly

27, 1.922, 359.888

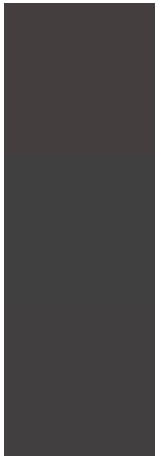
Deuteranomaly

27, 3.707, 9.951

Tritanomaly

27, 4.113, 351.867

Monochromacy



Original Color

27, 3.254, 8.426

Achromatopsia

27, 0.004, 296.813

Achromatomaly

27, 1.505, 353.916

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 27, 3.254, 8.426 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(69, 62, 63)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(69, 62, 63)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(69, 62, 63) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(69, 62, 63) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 27, 3.254, 8.426 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(69, 62, 63) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(69, 62, 63) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(69, 62, 63)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(69, 62, 63); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(69, 62, 63);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(69, 62, 63)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 27, 3.254, 8.426 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(69, 62, 63) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(69, 62,  
63) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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