

Converting Colors

CIELCh(27, 3.355, 170.538)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(27, 3.355, 170.538) contains.

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Color

CIELCh(27, 2.976, 173.023)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	3B413F
RGB	59, 65, 63
RGB Percent	23%, 25%, 25%
CMY	0.7680, 0.7445, 0.7523
CMYK	0.09, 0.00, 0.03, 0.74
HSL	160°, 5%, 24%
HSV	160°, 9%, 26%
XYZ	4.6136, 5.0937, 5.4654
YIQ	62.9780, -2.9340, -1.8940

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

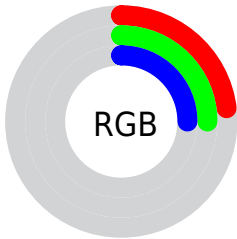
Format	Color
R_{YB}	59, 63, 65
Decimal	3883327
CIE Lab	27.00, -2.95, 0.36
CIE LCh	27, 2.976, 173.023
Yxy	5.0937, 0.3041, 0.3357
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4282073407 (0xFF3B413F)
YUV	62.9780, 0.0108, -3.4887
Hunter-Lab	22.5692, -3.0072, 1.4406

Details

The CIELCh color **27, 2.976, 173.023** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **333333**. A complement of this color would be **26, 3.040, 354.368**, and the grayscale version is **27, 0.004, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **47, 3.074, 176.525**, and **7, 3.072, 171.916** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **26, 6.171, 172.127**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **28, 0.257, 352.924**.

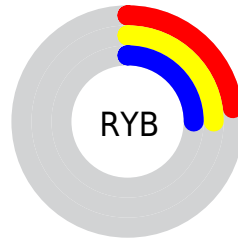
Distribution



Red (23%)

Green (25%)

Blue (25%)



Red (23%)

Yellow (25%)

Blue (25%)

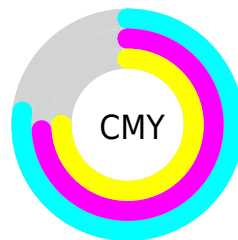


Cyan (9%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (3%)

Black (74%)



Cyan (77%)

Magenta (74%)

Yellow (75%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 27, 2.976, 173.023 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 27, 2.976, 173.023 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 27, 2.976, 173.023

■ 27, 2.976, 173.023

■ 100, 2.976,
173.023

■ 17, 2.976, 173.023

■ 47, 2.976, 173.023

■ 7, 2.976, 173.023

■ 57, 2.976, 173.023

■ 0, 2.976, 173.023

■ 67, 2.976, 173.023

■ 77, 2.976, 173.023

■ 87, 2.976, 173.023

■ 97, 2.976, 173.023

■ 27, 2.976, 173.023

■ 27, 2.976, 173.023

■ 26, 6.171, 172.127

■ 28, 0.257, 352.924

■ 26, 9.292, 171.203

■ 28, 3.503, 354.432

■ 25, 12.301,
170.210

■ 29, 6.737, 355.174

■ 25, 15.156,
169.131

■ 30, 9.941, 355.862

■ 25, 17.817,
167.951

■ 31, 13.101,
356.515

■ 24, 20.244,
166.651

■ 32, 16.209,
357.138

■ 24, 22.406,
165.216

■ 33, 19.256,
357.736

■ 24, 24.320,
163.675

■ 34, 22.240,
358.311

■ 24, 26.241,
162.331

■ 35, 25.157,
358.864

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



27, 2.976, 173.023



26, 3.040, 354.368

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



27, 2.976, 173.023



27, 2.976, 223.023



27, 2.976, 353.023



27, 2.976, 43.023

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



27, 2.977, 173.014



36, 1.200, 173.643



27, 4.294, 133.809



18, 0.918, 173.569



70, 0.009, 296.813



18, 0.003, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



27, 2.977, 173.014



35, 4.392, 172.815



27, 2.296, 213.990



12, 1.823, 173.075



36, 35.363, 160.805



79, 67.216, 158.991

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



26, 3.040, 354.368



33, 4.507, 354.577



26, 2.417, 33.777



12, 1.860, 354.304



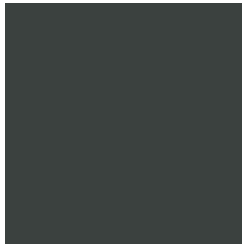
19, 41.990, 14.225



48, 78.729, 18.814

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 27, 2.976, 173.023 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 27, 2.976, 173.023 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

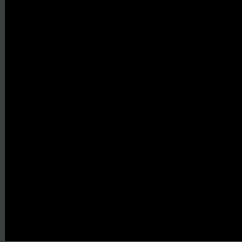
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

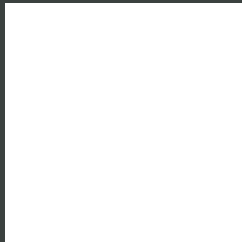
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 27, 2.976, 173.023

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 27, 2.976, 173.023.

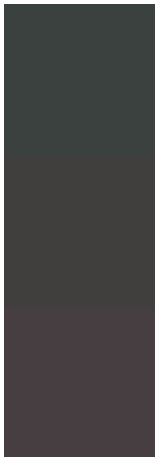


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 27, 2.976, 173.023.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

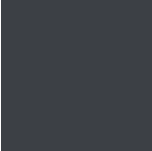
27, 2.976, 173.023

Protanopia

27, 1.108, 55.180

Deuteranopia

27, 3.860, 0.430



Tritanopia
27, 3.648, 262.796

Trichromacy



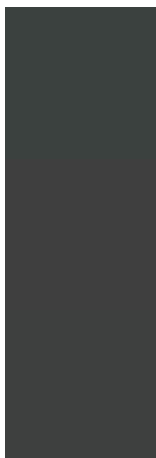
Original Color
27, 2.976, 173.023

Protanomaly
27, 1.377, 128.989

Deuteranomaly
27, 1.505, 353.916

Tritanomaly
27, 2.588, 248.474

Monochromacy



Original Color
27, 2.976, 173.023

Achromatopsia
27, 0.004, 296.813

Achromatomaly
27, 1.110, 163.592

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 27, 2.976, 173.023 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(59, 65, 63)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(59, 65, 63)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(59, 65, 63) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(59, 65, 63) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 27, 2.976, 173.023 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(59, 65, 63) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(59, 65, 63) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(59, 65, 63)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(59, 65, 63); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(59, 65, 63);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(59, 65, 63)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 27, 2.976, 173.023 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(59, 65, 63) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(59, 65,  
63) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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