

Converting Colors

CIELCh(27, 4.435, 9.465)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(27, 4.435, 9.465) contains.

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Color

CIELCh(27, 4.165, 11.166)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	473E3F
RGB	71, 62, 63
RGB Percent	28%, 24%, 25%
CMY	0.7228, 0.7581, 0.7542
CMYK	0.00, 0.13, 0.11, 0.72
HSL	353°, 7%, 26%
HSV	353°, 13%, 28%
XYZ	5.1687, 5.0937, 5.3671
YIQ	64.8050, 5.0430, 2.2190

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

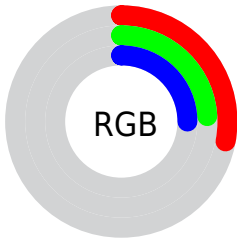
Format	Color
RYB	71, 62, 63
Decimal	4668991
CIELab	27.00, 4.09, 0.81
CIELCh	27, 4.165, 11.166
Yxy	5.0937, 0.3307, 0.3259
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4282859071 (0xFF473E3F)
YUV	64.8050, -0.8899, 5.4330
Hunter-Lab	22.5692, 1.3833, 1.6989

Details

The CIELCh color **27, 4.165, 11.166** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **333333**. A complement of this color would be **29, 3.934, 189.428**, and the grayscale version is **27, 0.004, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **47, 4.293, 3.912**, and **7, 4.272, 10.404** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **25, 7.649, 12.135**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **29, 0.866, 10.159**.

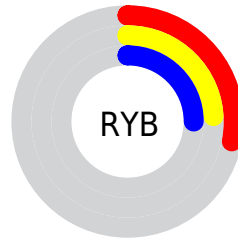
Distribution



 Red (28%)

 Green (24%)

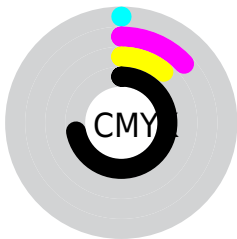
 Blue (25%)



 Red (28%)

 Yellow (24%)

 Blue (25%)

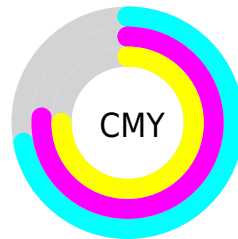


 Cyan (0%)

 Magenta (13%)

 Yellow (11%)

 Black (72%)



 Cyan (72%)

 Magenta (76%)

 Yellow (75%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 27, 4.165, 11.166 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 27, 4.165, 11.166 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 27, 4.165, 11.166 ■ 27, 4.165, 11.166

■ 100, 4.165, 11.166 ■ 17, 4.165, 11.166

■ 47, 4.165, 11.166 ■ 7, 4.165, 11.166

■ 57, 4.165, 11.166 ■ 0, 4.165, 11.166

■ 67, 4.165, 11.166

■ 77, 4.165, 11.166

■ 87, 4.165, 11.166

■ 97, 4.165, 11.166

■ 27, 4.165, 11.166 ■ 27, 4.165, 11.166

■ 25, 7.649, 12.135 ■ 29, 0.866, 10.159

■ 22, 11.311, 13.263

■ 32, 2.245, 189.894

■ 20, 15.121, 14.628

■ 34, 5.180, 189.249

■ 18, 19.027, 16.304

■ 37, 7.949, 188.723

■ 16, 22.951, 18.378

■ 39, 10.567,
188.266

■ 15, 26.792, 20.948

■ 41, 13.048,
187.860

■ 13, 30.356, 23.732

■ 12, 33.335, 25.187

■ 44, 15.406,
187.497

■ 12, 35.439, 25.060

■ 46, 17.654,
187.169

■ 49, 19.803,
186.871

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



27, 4.165, 11.166



29, 3.934, 189.428

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



27, 4.165, 11.166



27, 4.165, 61.166



27, 4.165, 191.166



27, 4.165, 241.166

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



27, 4.164, 11.177



38, 1.588, 10.366



27, 6.839, 321.766



18, 1.113, 10.417



71, 0.009, 296.813



19, 0.004, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



27, 4.164, 11.177



35, 6.150, 11.439



28, 3.378, 60.716



13, 1.818, 10.808



19, 47.226, 31.089



47, 90.849, 35.885

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



27, 4.164, 11.177



35, 6.150, 11.439



28, 3.218, 243.162



13, 1.818, 10.808



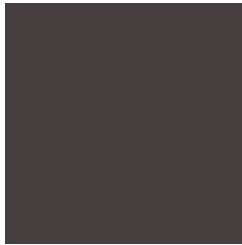
19, 47.226, 31.089



47, 90.849, 35.885

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 27, 4.165, 11.166 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

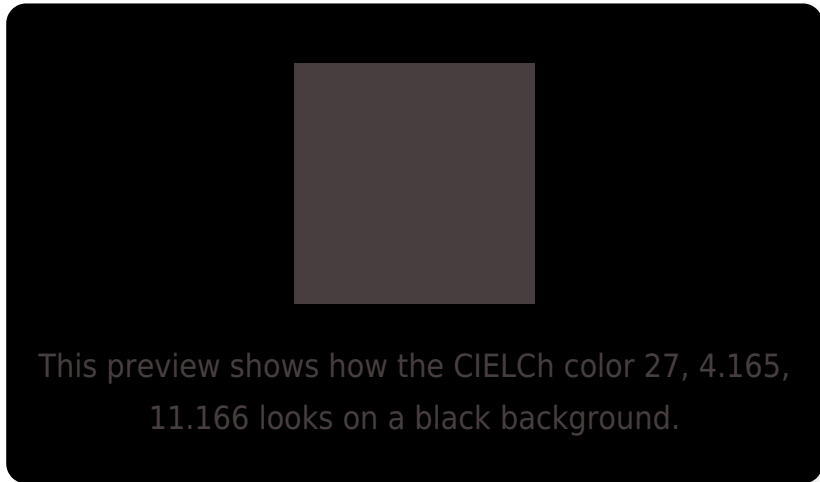
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

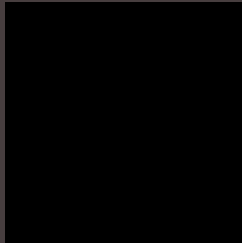
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 27, 4.165, 11.166

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 27, 4.165, 11.166.

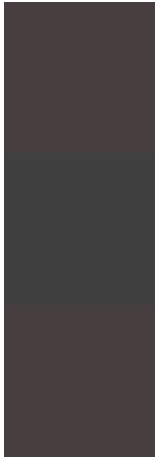


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 27, 4.165, 11.166.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

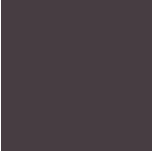
27, 4.165, 11.166

Protanopia

27, 0.449, 18.934

Deuteranopia

27, 3.707, 9.951



Tritanopia
27, 5.562, 344.680

Trichromacy



Original Color

27, 4.165, 11.166

Protanomaly

27, 1.922, 359.888

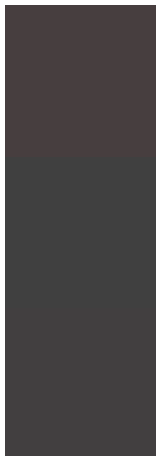
Deuteranomaly

27, 3.707, 9.951

Tritanomaly

27, 5.224, 350.534

Monochromacy



Original Color

27, 4.165, 11.166

Achromatopsia

27, 0.004, 296.813

Achromatomaly

27, 1.505, 353.916

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 27, 4.165, 11.166 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(71, 62, 63)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(71, 62, 63)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(71, 62, 63) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(71, 62, 63) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 27, 4.165, 11.166 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(71, 62, 63) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(71, 62, 63) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(71, 62, 63)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(71, 62, 63); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(71, 62, 63);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(71, 62, 63)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 27, 4.165, 11.166 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(71, 62, 63) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(71, 62,  
63) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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